AL-BAHER

CONNECT

Second Term

الصف السادس الابتدائي



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Theme 3: I discover myself

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Reading and Writing Skills

Reading Skills

مهازات القراءة

How to deal with the "Reading Comprehension"

رُكِيفُ لِتَتَعَامِلَ مِعَ سِؤَالِ قَطَعَةَ القَهِمِ

قطعة الفهم هي عبارة عن فقرة يقوم الطالب بقراءتها ثم يجيب عن بعض الأسئلة:

ثلاثة أسئلة اختيار من متعدد تقيس مدى فهم الطالب لمهارات القراءة التالية:

(تحديد الفكرة العامة في النص - تحديد معاني كلمات أو عبارات في النص - توضيح الفهم لتفاصيل معينة في النص) ويأتى السؤال بإحدى هذه الصيغ:

- تحديد الفكرة العامة للنص

- This text is	about "	it _		
Or: The (mai	in idea / general ide	ea) of the text is about	H	1
Or: The text	talks about "	**************************************		
		نص	ي كلمات أو عبارات في ال	تحديد معاز
- The underli	ined word "	" has the same mea	aning as "	ti
Or: The unde	erlined word "	" is the opposite o	f the word "	
Or: The unde	erlined word "	" refers to "	11	
Or: The unde	erlined word "	" means "	H	
		نص	م لتفاصيل معينة في ال	وضيح الفه
	لالب لمهارات القراءة التالية:	مة استفهام تقيس مدي فهم الم	من الأسئلة التي تبدأ بكا	- سؤالان
			ؤال بإحدى هذه الصيغ	وبأتي السر
		ص:	ننتاجات منطقية من الن	- تقديم اسا
- Infer	استئتج	- Mention	اذكر	
		ة في النص:	تفاصيل والأفكار الداعم	- تلخيص ال
- Summarize	the main idea of th	e text		

Writing Skills

مهارات الكتابة

1 How to write a paragraph:

<u>يِفِ تَكتبِ فَقَرَةَ إِنْشَائِيةَ</u>

قرك مسافة في بداية السطر الأول تقريبًا ١ سم.

ابدأ كل جملة بحرف Capital.

عضع (-) في نهاية كل جملة.

🎍 تبع كل علامات الترفيم.

و الما الفعل عند الفعل ونوع بدايات الجمل.

🧾 نستخدم الزمن المناسب للموضوع.

أستخدم جمل بسيطة.

حسن خطك واترك مسافة بين كل كلمة وأخرى.

1 How to write an email:

<u> كِيفُ تَكتبِ رِسالة بِرِيد إلكتروني</u>

From	:	نوان البريد الإلكتروني للمرسل
To		نوان البريد الإلكتروني للمرسل إليه
Subject	:	يضوع الرسالة
	/ Hello اسم العرسل إليه , you? I'm happy to write th	الله افتتاحية ais email to you.
	اله	موضوع الرس
	ack soon and tell me your	
 Best wind Yours, 	snes.	ملة ختامية



How to write a blog:

رقيف تكنب مدونة:

- 1 اكتب تاريخ اليوم عند بداية كتابة المدونة.
- قم بكتابة عنوان مناسب لموضوع المدونة.
 - ي صف الأماكن والأحداث التي مرت عليك .
 - 4 صف ما شعرت به خلال اليوم.
- ١/ Me) اكتب بعض الضمائر الشخصية مثل (١/ Me).
 - استخدم بعض الصور لتوضيح الفكرة.
-] اكتب رأيك في الموضوع الذي تتحدث عنه باستخدام (In my opinion) / (I think that).

O How to write a diary entry:	<u>زقس (تکنی مفکرة در پومیات:</u>
1) Write the date.	كتب التاريخ.
2) Start with "Dear Diary".	ايداً بـ (Dear Diary).
3) Write about how you felt.	اكتب كيف كان شعورك
4) Use informal language.	استخدام لغة غير رسمية،
5) Use personal pronouns as "I-me"	استخدام ضمائر شخصية مثل (n - me).

(5) How to write a text message:

6) Describe the (places - events).

ريع تكني رسالة نعية:

صف (الأماكن والأحداث).

and a second sec	
Drear	عزدي
I want to	
وضوع الرسالة	
What do you think?	ماذا تعتقد؟
I hope you like my ideas!	أتمنى أن تعجبك أفكاري!
(Your name)	(اسمك)
data was 4 and at the 10 ft of this year that	enecoma core

Punctuation Marks

علامات الترفيم



وضع في بداية الجملة / أيام الأسبوع / الشهور / اللغات / الحنسيات / أسعاء الله عام 17 المال الله عام 17 المال ا

- Ali is from Egypt.
- Today is Saturday.
- I visited the Egyptian Museum in April.
- I am Egyptian and I speak Arabic.



وضع في نهاية الجملة.

- She goes to the club every day.
- I don't like fish.



وضع في نهاية السؤال.

Where are you born?

O Do you like English?





ينوضع في نهاية العبارات أو الجمل التي تعبر عن الترحيب أو التعجب .

"Hi!

-Wow!





I'm a student.

اتوضع قبل (٥) الملكية.

ثوضع في الاختصارات.

Comma



1 like reading, swimming, and tennis.

Yes, of course.

I like reading, but I don't like art.

Can I have some milk, please?

توضع عند كتابة قائمة بالأشياء أو العبارات.

توضع بعد (Yes / No) .

توضع قبل (but).

توضع قبل (please) إذا جاءت في نهاية الجملة.

6) Reading and Writing Skills

0000000 Unit In this unit, the students will . listen and read about artifacts in the Museum of Ancient History listen, read, research, and write about important ancient artifacts. listen to a presentation about Ancient Egyptian metals. use the past simple. do a quiz about Ancient Egyptian artifacts. read about animals in Ancient Egypt. use prepositions of place. say words with the sound ler/. write a fact file about a metal or material in Ancient Egypt. research and write display boards for artifacts from Ancient Egypt.

Lesson (1) A VISIT TO THE MUSEUM

استمع وقل.



مواد خام







glass زجاج



clay صلصال / فخار



gold ڏھپ

Key vocabulary

artifacts preserve durable قطع أثرية (مصنوعات يدوية)

fascinating يحفظ

مذهل / خلاب

Extra vocabulary

Ancient Egyptians museum

guide parents climate valuable

today reason

hard

avisit المصريون القدماء

materials متحف papyrus برشد/مرشد

pot الوالدان.

dry مناخ

cold دوقيمة / قيمَ

students اليوم wet سبب

weather صلب

عمات أساسية

كلمات إضافية

زبارة مواد خام

ورق البردي

جاف

بارد طلاب

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفغال

Regular verbs أفعال منتظمة

LE SIN	Present	Past	P.P
use	يستخدم	used	used
last	يدوم / يستمر	lasted	lasted
cover	يغطى	covered	covered
enjoy	يسلمتع	enjoyed	enjoyed
damage	يطر/يتلف	damaged	damaged

أفعال غير منتظمة irregular verbs

Past	P.P
knew بيني built بيني learnt / learned يتعلم rnade يجدد found	known built learnt / learned made found
	يعرف knew يبني built learnt / learned سعنع made

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جر هامة

and the second s		the same of the sa	
welcome to	مرحبا بكم في	made of	مصنوع من (مادة لا تتغير)
excited to	متحمس ل	made from	مصنوع من (مادة تتغير)
damaged by	تَضَرُّر ب	a lot of	الكثير من
close to	قريب من	first of all	اولًا
cover in	یفطی ب	last forever	يدوم للآبد
happy about	سعيد بشأن	an interesting question	سؤال مثير للاهتمام
work at		Tutankhamun's tomb	مقبرة توت عنخ آمون
good for	جيد لـ / مفيد لـ	in good conditions	في ظروف جيدة
The Museum of Anci	ent History		منحف التاريخ القديم
Egyptian Eagle Prim	ary School	البة	مدرسة النسر المصري الابند

Study the following











The picture is made of papyrus.

The pots are made of glass.

The statue is made of gold.

The temple is made of granite.

The jar is made of clay.

الصورة مصنوعة من ورق البردي.

الأواني مصنوعة من الزجاج.

التمثال مصنوع من الذهب.

المعبد مصنوع من الجرانيت.

البرطمان مصنوع من الفخار.

Proon I wow bid

An artifact is an object that was made by humans in the past. The Khufu solar ship is an artifact from Ancient Egypt. It is the world's oldest intact ship.

القطعة الأثرية هي شيء صنعه البشر في الماضي. مركب الشمس الخاص بالملك خوقو هو قطعة أثرية من مصر القديمة. إنها أقدم سفينة سليمة في العالم.



Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

Mr Tarek: Good morning and welcome to the Museum of Ancient

History. My name is Mr Tarek and I am your guide today.

إح الخير ومرحبًا بكم في متحف التاريخ القديم. اسمي السيد طارق وأنا مرشدكم اليوم.

Tamer : Good morning, Mr Tarek. I'm Tamer and this is my sister

Tamara. We're students at Egyptian Eagle Primary School,

and these are our parents.

ياح الخير استاذ طارق. أنا تامر وهذه أختى تمارا. نحن طلاب في مدرسة النسر المصري الابتدائية، وهذان هما والديئا.

Tamara : We're excited to learn more about Ancient Egyptian artifacts

من متحمسون لمعرفة المزيد عن القطع الأثرية المصرية القديمة.

الله Tarek : Great! What would you like to know? عليم ا ماذا تريد ن أن تعرف؟

Tamara : Well, first of all, why do we have so many artifacts?

سقاء أولاً وقبل كل شيء، لماذا لدينا الكثير من القطع الأثرية؟

Mr Tarek: That's an interesting question. One reason is the climate We have a hot, dry climate here in Egypt, so artifacts aren't damaged by cold and wet weather. This helps to preserve them. The Ancient Egyptians also knew that certain materials could last a long time. That's why they built the Pyramids with granite, a very hard and durable stone.

هذا سؤال مثير للاهتمام. أحد الأسباب هو المناخ. لدينا مناخ حار وجاف هنا في مصر، لذلك لا تنضرر القطع الأثرية بسبب الطقس البارد والرطب. وهذا يساعد على الحفاظ عليها. عرف المصربون القدماء أيضًا أن بعض المواد الخام

بعكن أن تدوم لفترة طويلة. ولهذا السبب بنوا الأهرامات بالجرائيت، وهو حجر شديد الصلابة والمتانة.

Tamer : That's fascinating! What other materials did they use?

هذا رائع؛ ما هي المواد الخام الأخرى التي استخدموها؟

Mr Tarek : They used a lot of **glass**, which lasts forever. They also used clay, which is found close to the River Nile, to make pots.

لقد استخدموا الكثير من الزجاج الذي يدوم إلى الأبد. كما استخدموا الطين الموجود بالقرب من نهر النيل لصنع الأواني.

Tamer : I also heard they used a lot of gold in Tutankhamun's tomb.

وسمعت أيضًا أنهم استخدموا الكثير من الذهب في مقبرة نوت عنخ آمون.

Mr Tarek : Yes, the Ancient Egyptians liked to use gold because it is valuable, but it is also very durable. When they covered

artifacts in gold, they kept them in good condition.

نعم، كان المصربون القدماء يحبون استخدام الذهب لأنه ذو قيمة، ولكنه أيضًا متين للغاية. وعندما غطوا القطع الأثرية بالذهب، أحتفظها بها في حالة جيدة.

Tamer : I'm happy about that! It's exciting to enjoy the things they made.

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Activities

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

1		listen and circ	et	he correct an	SW	er from a, b, c	, 01	rd.
1	We	have a hot, .				clim	ate	here in Egypt.
		wet						
	Arti	facts aren't				by cold	an	d wet weather.
		kept						
		rtain materials o						
		cast						
		Pyramids wer						
		granite					d)	glass
2		Choose the cor	rec	t answer fro	m a	,b,c.ord.		
	Ar	cient Egyptians	bu	ilt the Pyrami	ds 1	with		
	a)	paper	b)	clay	c)	bronze	d)	granite
Ļ	Ar	icient Egyptians	us	ed gold for		**********	,,,,,,,,	
		artifacts						
3.		old is valuable a						
	a)	cheap	b)	durable	c)			
4.	Α	hot and dry clim	ate	helps to		* 1 44 - 4 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		artifacts.
		preserve						
5.		ne Ancient Egyp					_	
	_	papyrus		clay				gold
3		Read and comp	let	e the text wit	ht	he words in th	e bo	X.
,		-2-				iable - artifact		
	-	The Ancient Egy					1	forever They
۹İS		sed, 1)sed, 1)						
		They also liked t						
S	also	very durable. V	Vhe	n they covere	d 3)	i	n gold, they
		them in				,		
1.1.4		The board of the second						



Read the text and answer the questions.

Egyptian artifacts are objects created by the ancient Egyptians. The made many fascinating artifacts that lasted thousands of years. These artifacts include pottery, jewelry, tombs and temples. Artifacts are very important for the information they provide about the history of Egypt, Williams have a hot, dry climate here in Egypt, so artifacts aren't damaged. This help to preserve them The Ancient Egyptians built the Pyramids with granite They used glass, which lasts forever. They used clay to make pots, too.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1			
1.	The Ancient Egyptians made many		artifact
	a) fascinated b) fascinate c) fascinating	d)	fascinates
2	Artifacts are important for the		they provide
	a) temples b) information c) climate	_	pots
3	The underlined word "and ent" means very		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	a) old b) modern c) new	d)	long

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What's the main idea of the text?
- 5 What materials did the Ancient Egyptians use for artifacts?
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
- 1. to learn are We excited about Ancient Egypt .
- 2. climate The Egyptian good is preserving for artifacts .
- 3. you like What would know to -?
- 6 Punctuate the following.

- gold is valuable and durable



Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

A visit to the museum

Guiding elements:

- Where is the museum?
- What artifacts did you see?
- How did you feel?

esson (2)

THEY LOVED ANIMALS

Key vocabulary

كلمات أساسية



baboon قرد البابون



monkey



rat



crocodile





hippo قرس التهر



falcon صتر



ibis طائر أبو منجل



snake

Extra vocabulary

irdsپ	طيوز	flo
pets	حيوانات أليفة	bre
າດpular	شعبي / محبوب	kne
"avorite	فقضل	se
stone	حجر	pa
person	شاص	obj
ازد	اليت	tur

flour
bread
knowledge
seeds
particularly
object
turtle

		لبات إصافية
دفيق	cloth	فمنش
خبز	afterlife	الحية الزاحاة
معافة	dangerous	حصب
يقور	almost	تقرية
وستكرحاص	common	<u> </u>
شى	alone	No seedy
Bank	reason	حبب

Definitions

seeds from plants used to make flour and bread --to cover in oils and cloth to preserve for a very long time Des. using your knowledge to make good decisions حکیه an object made of stone or another material to look like a person or animal تمثال loved something very much أحب بشدة اعشق

تعربقات

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

أندن متقنة Regular verbs

	Present	Past	P.P
clean	**	cleaned ینقف	cleaned
produce		produced ينتج	produced
include		included يتضبن	included
represent		represented	represented
believe		believed يؤنن / يعتقد	believed

أنعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

	Present	-	Past	P.P	
grow		grew يزع/ينه		grown	
go		went ينفي		gone	
fall	in the second	fell يقع / يسة		fallen	
teach		taught يُعَلَمُ		taught	
become		becamı يصبح	9	become	
hurt		hurt يؤدّى/يوَ		hurt	
		_			

ببیرات وحروف جر هامه | Important expressions and prepositions

fallover	بقع على / يسقط على	as well	وأبطا
cover in	يغطى ب	as well as	بالإضافة إلى
look after	پشہد	everyday life	الحياة اليومية
free of pests	خالي من الحشرات أو الهوام	a very long time	افترة طويلة جذا
look like	يشبه	make decisions	ويتخذ قرارات
keep it safe	يبقيه آمثا	a boat ride	.رحلة بالقارب
keep birds	يزبي طيوز	grow up	بكيو
the whole time	طوال الوقب	go hiking	بتنزه سيزاعلى الأقدام
had a picnic	قام بنزهه	inbed	لي القراش

U)

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What was the Ancient Egyptians' favorite animal?

ما هو الحبوان المقصل لذي المصربين القدماء؟

The Ancient Egyptians loved animals and kept many as pets. They particularly adored cats, and there was a cat in almost every house. The Ancient Egyptians pelieved that cats looked after them and kept them safe. They were also good pets because they cleaned themselves and kept the houses free of pests like rats and snakes. This was particularly important for farmers, who produced a lot of grain. The rats didn't eat the grain because the cats ate the rats!

أحب المصربون القدماء الحيوانات وقاموا بتربية الكثير منها كحيوانات أليفة. كانوا يعشقون بشكل خاص القطط ، وكان هناك قطة في كل منزل تقريبًا. اعتقد المصربون القدماء أن القطط تعتني بهم وتبقيهم آمنين. لقد كانت أيضًا حيوانات أليفة جيدة لأنهم قاموا بسطيف أنفسهم وجملوا المنازل خالية من الآفات والهوم مثل الفنران والثعابين. كان هذا مهمًا بشكل خاص للمزارعين ، الذين كانوا ينتجون الكثير من الحيوب، ثم تأكل الفنران الحيوب لأن القطط أكلت الفنران!

What other animals did the Ancient Egyptians keep?

ما هي الحيوانات الأخرى التي قام بتربيتها المصربون القدماء؟

As well as cats, many people kept monkeys and baboons. Some people even kept crocodiles, hippos, and lions, which were dangerous and difficult to look after. They weren't popular pets!

بالإصافة إلى القطط، ربّى الكثير من الباس القرود والبابون. حتى أن بعض الناس قاموا بتربية التماسيح وأفراس النهر والأسود ، والتي كاثت خطيرة وبصعب الاعتناء بها. فلم تكن حيوانات أليفة محبوبة!

Did the Ancient Egyptians keep birds as pets as well?

هل قام المصربون القدماء بتربية الطيور كحيوانات أليفة أيضًا؟

Yes, they did. The Ancient Egyptians loved birds too, especially falcons and the ibis, which represented wisdom. There are thousands of mummified ibises in Saqqara alone. All these pets weren't only important for the Ancient Egyptians' everyday life—they were also important in the afterlife. It is therefore common to find mummified pets and statues of an imals in the tombs.

نعم. أحب المصريون القدماء الطيور أيضًا ، وخاصة الصقور و طائر أبو منجل، واللين كانوا يرمزون إلى الحكمة. هناك الآلاف من طيور أبو منجل المحنطة في سقارة وحدها. كل هذه الحيوانات الأليفة لم تكن مهمة فقط للحياة اليومية للمصريين القدماء - بل كانت مهمة أيضًا في الحياة الآخرة. لذلك من الشائع العثور على حيوانات أليفة محنطة وثماثيل للحيوانات في المقادر.

What animals are popular pets in Egypt today?

ما هي الحيوانات الأليفة المشهورة في مصر اليوم؟

Today, cats are still popular pets in Egypt. Other animals that people keep today include turtles, fish, and birds, which are of course much smaller and easier to look after than baboons and crocodiles.

اليوم، لا تزال القطط حيوانات أليفة شائعة في مصر. تشمل الحيوانات الأخرى التي يربيها الناس اليوم السلاحف والأسماك والطيور، والتي هي بالطبع أصغر بكثير واسهل في الاعتناء بها من قرود البابون والتماسيح.



The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضى لبسيط

التكوين Form

The second form of the verb.

_{يري}ف الثاني للفعل.

الاستخدام Usage

- We use The Past Simple Tense to express finished action with in the past. يتخدم زمن الماضي البسيط للتعيير عن أحداث انتهت في الماضي.

📵 Regular verbs أفيال منتظمة

🗗 - 🗗 الفعل المنتظم. (d, ed, ied) إلى الفعل المنتظم.

visit ___ visited

need -- needed

الناكان الفعل ينتهي بـ (e) يُضاف (d) فقط.

love -- loved

like ___ liked

إِذَا كَانِ الفَعِلِ يَنْتَهِي بِ (y) ويسبقه حرف ساكن تُحذف (y) ثم نضيف (ied).

tried trv

study --- studied

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ (y) ويسبقه حرف متحرك يتم إضافة (ed) للمعل

play -- played

stay --- stayed

﴾ إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن مسبوق بحرف متحرك وحد نُضاعف الحرف الأخبر.

drop - dropped

stop -- stopped

أفعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

-- became become

keep --- kept

Keywords الكلمات الدالة

yesterday

.... | last (year/.....)

ألمام /) الماضي

ago

in the past

e.

e.

e

Once

in 2015 فات مرة

أعلم (۲۰۱۵) أي تاريخ ماضي

e.g. I visited my grandmother yesterday.

Ali played with his cousin last Saturday.

النق Negative

(مصدر الفعل) + didn't + inf. (مصدر الفعل)

e.g. Rats didn't eat the grain.

- I didn't grow up in Cairo.

Lesson (2) estion السؤال s / No) question: السؤال بـ "هل"؛ ? (مصدر الفعل) + inf. (الفاعل) ? Did the Ancient Egyptians only keep cats as pets? - Yes, they did. - No, they didn't. n-question: السهال د "كلمة أستفهام": Q.W + did + subject (الفاعل) + inf. (مصدر الفعل) ? What did they feed their cats? Where did he grow up? Verb to be in the past, النكوين Form was + (انسم مفرد / 1t / He / She / it) + was I was at school yesterday. .g. (They / You / We / اسم جمع) + were They were at school yesterday. ر النفي Negative ياقى الجملة + (wasn't / weren't) + ياقى الجملة I wasn't a student at the local school. They weren't popular pets. Question السوال Yes / No) question: ' السؤال بـ "هل": (Was / Were) + subject + باقى الجملة ? e.g. Were there a lot of mummies? - Yes, there were. No, there weren't. Wh-question: السؤال بـ "كلمة استفهام": (? ياتي الجيلة + Subject + subject ?

e.g. Which was their favorite animal?

ماعد طفيك أن يتعرف على "verb to be" في الماشي.



						74
Choose the co	rec	t answer fro	em a	a, b, c, or d.		
Did you			14+10-+1		a nice we	eke 7 -
l		to Al-	Azh	ar Park with	my family last	2 -
a) go	b)	went	c)	goes	d) will go	
We went on a bo	at ri	de. It		4+M 4+1 010 0 14++++++		g ₁ 3
a) is	b)	were	c)	was	d) are	
There			,	**** **	popula	1 A-
a) hasn't	b)	don't	c)	weren't	d) wasn't	
Rats didn't	. ,,	*****************************) -) bab - p ba (- e aa a	the	gri 2
						int
a) are	b)	was	c)	were	d) have	
						pe 2-
a) Do	b)	Does	c)	Did	d) Doing	
What did they			144-11	*** ***********************************	their	3.
a) feed	b)	feeds	c)	fed	d) feeding	
THE Ancient Egyp	lidii	•		1 44 14190 4 2411 1	their	P 4_
a) love	b)	loves	C)	loved	d) loving	
						¹⁰ 5.
Read and write	the	correct forn	10f	the word(s) i	between brack	6.
The crocodiles qu	ickly	/ (be	com	ing) dangero	us pets in the	
						de
Yesterday, I fell ov	er a	nd		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(hurts) my	9.
						at
What	, 141,	(be) the	Anci	ient Egyptian	s' favorite anin	ne
			_			Heip
	a) have I. a) go We went on a book a) is There	a) have b) I. a) go b) We went on a boat ri a) is b) There a) hasn't b) Rats didn't a) eat b) Which a) are b) What did they a) feed b) The Ancient Egyptian a) love b) The Ancient Egyptian a) teach b) Read and write the The crocodiles quickly The ibis I. Last week, I. My trip Yesterday, I fell over a What did the Ancient E	Did you a) have b) has l. to Al- a) go b) went We went on a boat ride. It a) is b) were There a) hasn't b) don't Rats didn't a) eat b) eats Which a) are b) was the Ancier a) Do b) Does What did they a) feed b) feeds The Ancient Egyptians a) love b) loves The Ancient Egyptians a) teach b) teaches Read and write the correct form The crocodiles quickly (berthe ibis (red) (grown) up it Last week, I My trip Yesterday, I fell over and What did the Ancient Egyptians (Do) the Ancient Egyptians	Did you a) have b) has c) Lot Al-Azh a) go b) went c) We went on a boat ride. It a) is b) were c) There a) hasn't b) don't c) Rats didn't a) eat b) eats c) Which a) are b) was c) the Ancient Eg a) Do b) Does c) What did they a) feed b) feeds c) The Ancient Egyptians a) love b) loves c) The Ancient Egyptians a) teach b) teaches c) Read and write the correct form of The crocodiles quickly (become The ibis (representation of the correct of the correct form of the correct of the corre	a) have b) has c) having I to Al-Azhar Park with a) go b) went c) goes We went on a boat ride. It a) is b) were c) was There a) hasn't b) don't c) weren't Rats didn't a) eat b) eats c) ate Which the Ancient Egyptians only a) Do b) Does c) Did What did they a) feed b) feeds c) fed The Ancient Egyptians a) love b) loves c) loved The Ancient Egyptians their monk a) teach b) teaches c) teaching Read and write the correct form of the word(s) if The crocodiles quickly (becoming) dangero The ibis (represent) wisdor (Does) you go I (grown) up in Alexandria but Last week, I (fall) ove My trip (becoming) their monk What did the Ancient Egyptians (bel My trip (bo) Yesterday, I fell over and What did the Ancient Egyptians (bel (Do) the Ancient Egyptians k What (be) the Ancient Egyptians	Did you

Activities

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

Too	lay,	,.			are still pop	ular	pets in Egypt.
a)	cats	b)	camels	c)	dogs	d)	horses
Oth	er animals that	ped	ople keep tod	ay i	include, turtles	j	and birds.
a)	crocodiles	b)	fish	c)	monkeys	d)	cows
	tles and birds a						
a)	bigger	b)	tailer	C)	smaller	d)	shorter
a) 1	hate	h)	dislike	راء	have	d)	
						uj	adore
	Choose the cor	leci	answer mor	II d	, D, C, Of G.		
	d the Ancient Eq						
a)	dig	b)	keep	c)	take	d)	stay
	nat animals are						
	popular						
	ats and snakes						
	sports						
į i	" mea	เทร	seeds from p	ant	ts used to mak	e flo	our and bread.
a)	Wisdom	b)	Statue	c)	Grain	d)	Pet
11	4444 0 - 4 0 4 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			n	is to love som	ethi	ng very much.
a)	Mummify	b)	Fall	c)	Keep	d)	Adore
Ш.	" me	an	s using your k	kno	wledge to mak	e g	ood decisions.
	Wisdom	_					
	" is to co						
a)	Fall	b)	Mummify	c)	Produce	d)	Keep
Th	is	*****			h(***********************	is r	made of stone.
a)	statue	b)	grain	c)	wisdom	d)	glass
Th	e Ancient Egypti	ans	cats, and ti	her	e was a cat in a	lmo	st every house.
a)	killed	b)	adored	c)	hated	d)	represented
	rmers produce						P
a)	green	b)	grown' and	c)	grain	d)	pets

(3)

Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

(hippos - statues - mummified - falcons - wisdom

mibbos -	statues - munn	nineu - Iaicons .	- WISOC	/III <i>)</i>	
The Ancient and the ibis, which 3)ibises for the Ancient Egy afterlife. It is therefor of animals in the top	represented 2) in Saqqara alor ptians' everyday re common to fi	ne. All these pets / life – they were	ere are weren't also in	thousand only impo mportant in	ds c ortar o the
4 Read the ter	ktandanswer	the questions.			
The Ancient E particularly adored Ancient Egyptians because the cats at As well as cats, may even kept crocodiles to look after. They were also good houses free of pest for farmers, who probecause the cats at As well as cats, may even kept crocodiles to look after. They were also good after the cats at a second less to look after.	cats, and there pelieved that cats of pets because is like rats and so oduced a lot of the rats! ny people kept rats, hippos, and lice.	s looked after then they cleaned the snakes. This was grain. The rats di monkeys and bab ons, which were d	ost even and komselve: particul dn't ea	ry house. ept them s s and kept arly import t the grain some peop	The afe. the tant
A) Choose the cor	ect answer from	ma, b, c or d.			
1. The Ancient Egy					
a) bats2. The cats kept th		c) cats			
	b) sports	c) pests	d)	grain	
a) donkeys	b) parrots	c) hens	d)	lions	
B) Answer the follo	wing questions				
4. Why didn't the rate	eat grain?			1>**) 1 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
5. What did the Ancie	ent Egyptians be	lieve about cats?	*********	441444	

_	— Lesson (2) ———————————————————————————————————				
5	Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.				
1.	Al-Azhar - went - ! - to - Park - with - family - my				
2.	didn't - My - up - sister - grow - Cairo - in				
3.	bed - stayed - 1 - in - whole - the - day				
	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.				
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	(Do) the Ancient Egyptians keep cats as pets? Where did they				
 	- did you grow up in Cairo				
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:					
	Your favorite animal Guiding elements: - What's it? - Why do you keep it? - What do you do with it?				
	/hat's it? - Why do you keep it? - What do you do with it?				

Lesson (3) METAL IN ANCIENT EGYP

الله الساسية Key vocabulary					أيات أ	
trade	تحارة / يتاجر	stone	حجر	weap	on :	بلاح
metal	معدن	economy	اقتصاد			
Extra	vocabul	ary			إضافية	تارز
country	دولة / بلد	system	نظام	jewel	مرات y	بجوا
rocks	صخور	chin	ڈان	goods	s a	وبضائ
melt	يذوب	whiteboar	سبورة بيضاء d	beard		لحية
tool	أداة /عدة يدوية	clock	ساعة حائط	head		ً وآس
silver	فضة	art	عمل فتي	rare		أنادر
Defin	itions				مات	تبرية
economy	the syster	n of how a c	country's money a	nd goo	ds are produced	
	and used				اد	إقتص
metal	something	g, like gold (or iron, that is hard	and st	rong o	Jan
trade	buying an	d selling thi	ngs between cour	ntries	ā	تجار
weapon	an object used for fighting or hunting an mals				سلار	
	Co	njugation	of verbs	يِف الأَفْعازُ	ر تصر	
Regular ve	منتظمة erbs	أفعال				1
	Present		Past	2 11	P.P.	
form			formed		formed	
hunt		يعبطاد	hunted		hunted ,	
Irregular v	ىنتظمة erbs/	أفعال غير ا		-		
name of the latest and the latest an	Present		Past		P.P	
sell		22	sold		sold	1.
buy		ايشترى	bought	i	oought	:
fight		يقاتل/يتشاجر	fought	ļt.	ought	
نعبيرات وحروف جرهامة Important expressions and prepositions						
trade with		بتاجرمع	Tutankhamun's N	/lask	ناع توت عنخ آمون	j {
form it into		يشكلها زلى	with blue lines		ات خطوط زرقاه	3

Listen and read!

استمع واقرأ.

The Ancient Egyptians traded with other countries, and metal was one thing they traded. They first found metal in rocks. Metal was harder than rocks, and they could melt and form it into different shapes. They used metal to make tools and weapons, so that they could hunt on the land, and grow food. Gold was a popular metal for making jewelry and art to sell. Silver was also used, but was rarer. Trade with other countries helped the Ancient Egyptian economy to improve.

كان المصريون القدماء يتاجرون مع الدول الأخرى، وكان المعدن أحد الأشياء التي يتاجرون بها، لقد وجدوا أولاً المعدن في الصخور. كان المعدن أصلب من الصخور، وكان بامكانهم صهره وتشكيله إلى أشكال مختلفة. استخدموا المعدن لصنع الأدوات والأسلحة، حتى يتمكنوا من الصيد على الأراضي وزراعة الغذاء. كان الذهب معدنًا شائعًا لصنع المجوهرات والأعمال الفنية لبيعها، كما تم استخدام الفضة أيضًا، ولكنها كانت نادرة. ساعدت التجارة مع الدول الأخرى الاقتصاد المصري القديم على التحسن.

Read and match.

- a. the system of how a country's money and goods 1. trade are produced and used.
- metal b. something, like gold or iron, that is hard and strong.
- buying and selling things between countries. weapon
- d. an object used for fighting or hunting animals. 4. economy

Listen and read:

One of the most beautiful artifacts from Ancient Egypt is Tutankhamun's mask, which was found in his tomb. The mask is gold, with blue lines between gold lines. Under his chin is a thin beard. There is also a snake on the top of his head.



استمع واقرأ.



إن من أحمل القطع الأثرية من مصر القديمة هو قناع توت عنخ آمون الذي عُثر عليه في مقبرته. القناع ذهبي، وبه وجود خطوط زرقاء بين الخطوط الذهبية. وتحت ذقته لحية رقيقة. يوجد أيضًا لعبان في أعلى رأسه،

Prepositions of place

حروف الحر الحاصة بالمكان

* We use prepositions of place to say where things are:

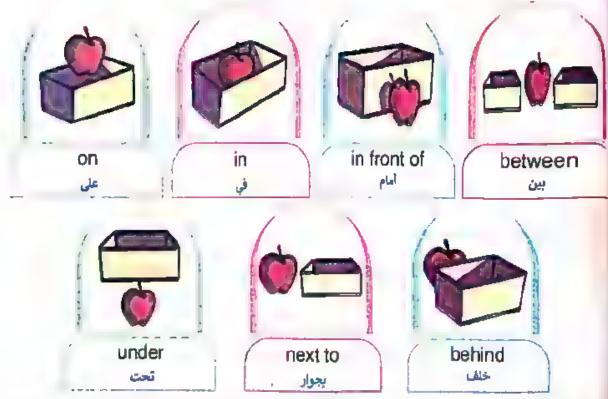
يخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالمكان لنخبر عن مكان الأشياء:

e.g. The Ancient Egyptians first found metal in the rocks.

They could hunt and grow things on the land.

Here are some common prepositions of place:

يك بعض حروف جر المكان الشائعة:



To ask about places:

للسؤال عن الأماكن:

اين (اين)

e.g. Where is the cat?
- It's on the box.

11



e.g. Where is the cat?
- It's in front of the box.



e.g. Where is the cat?



- It's between the boxes.



1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

1. The Ancient Egyptians first found metal			the rocks.				
	a) behind	b)	in front of	c)	in	d)	at
2.	The apple is		**** ** * * *** ***				- to the box.
	a) front	b)	next	c)	behind	d)	on
3.	The cat is						of the chair.
	a) behind	b)	on	c)	in front	d)	next
4.	He has a thin bea	ard -				. ,	his chin.
	a) between	b)	front	c)	under	d)	next to
5 .	There is a snake				the top of	Tutankl	hamun's head.
	a) in	b)	on	c)	to	d)	behind
6.	I can see an app	le	appe bea se bbat b batt			the tabl	e and the box.
	a) in	b)	in front	c)	next	d)	between
7.	There is a boy				···· the do	or, so I	can't see him.
1	a) next to	b)	behind	c)	in front o	f d)	in
	Read and writ	e th	e correct for	n of	the word(s) betw	een brackets.
1.	I like walking			. ,.,,,,,		(or) the fresh air.
2.	There is an apple	····			,	(fro	ont) to the box.
3.	I can see a book			44414	(next to) the	ne table	and the desk.
4.	The apple is		*** *** ****** ***** ***		1 11 244 5	(behi	nd) of the box.
5.	There's a cap				(iı	n) the to	op of his head.
6.	Ali is sitting next				1+ +		(of) his friend.
7.	There is a pen		** 1 - 231 213 - 1517 - 5		** * * *	(fro	ont) the books.
8.	My brother alway	/s pi	uts his shoes			.,,	(in) the chairs.

trip over لمسة ذهبية

الم بقدمه على بدوس على

tears

hug ا

Extra vocabulary

يات إضافية

king

human

castle إنسان

للعة

unkind

rich قاس

SICK غنى

مريض

goat

rose garden عنزة

precious حنيقة زهور

تصريف الأفعال

ثمين

Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs أفعال منتظمة

	Present	Past	P.P
toucn	يلمس	touched	touched
celebrate	يحتعل	celebrated	celebrated
save	ينقذ	saved	saved
change	يغير	changed	changed

أفعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

:	Present		Past	P.P	
feel		felt يشعر		felt	
leave		left يقادر		left	
lose		lost يفقد		lost	
give		gaveايىطى		given	
take		took باخد		taken	

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرت وحروف جرهامة

/			
get a reward	يحصل على مكافأة	change back into	يغير إلى ماكان عليه
turn to/into	يتحول إلى	ask for a special meal	يطلب وجبة مميرة
care about	يعتني پ	strange-looking goat	عنزة غريبة الشكل
come true	يتحقق	It looked very sick	بلت مريضة جدًا

Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

KING MIDAS AND THE GOLDEN TOUCH

🛣 الملك منداس واللمسة الذهبية

:Many years ago, there lived a king called King Midas. He loved three things more than anything else: his daughter, Marigold, his rose garden, and gold. His favorite thing was to spend time in his garden with Marigold. But he also liked to look at all the gold in his castle.



منذ عدة سموات ، عاش هناك منك يسمى المنك ميداس. لقد أحب ثلاثة أشياء أكثر من أي شيء أخر: ابنته ، ماري جولد ، وحديقة الزهور، والذهب، وكان الشيء المُفضل لذبه هو قضاء بعض الوقت في حديقته مع ماري جولد. لكنه أحب أيضًا أن ينظر إلى كل الذهب في قلعته.

One night, he was walking in his garden when he tripped over something on the ground. It was a strange-looking goat. It looked very sick. King Midas, was a kind man, so he took the goat into his castle. There, he gave it food and a warm bed. In the morning, the goat felt much better.

في إحدى الليالي ، كان يمشي في حديقته عندما داس على شيء ما على الأرض. كانت عنزة غويية المظهر. بدت مريضة جذ.. كان الملك ميداس رجالاً لطبقًا ، لذا أخذ العنزه في قلعته. هناك ، أعطاها الطعام وسرير دافي. في الصباح ، شعرت العنزة بتحسن كبير.

I would like to thank you, King Midas," said the goat. "What would you like more than anything else in the world?"

King Midas thought for a minute, then said, "I would like everything I touch to turn into gold."

"OK," said the goat, and made the king's wish come true.

قالت العنزة: "أود أن أشكرك أيها الملك ميداس". "ما الذي تُحبه أكثر من أي شيء آخر في العالم؟" فكر الملك ميئاس لمدة دقيقة ، ثم قال: "أود أن يتحول كل شيء ألمسه إلى اللهب". قالت العنزة "حسنا"، وحققت أمنية الملك.

King Midas was very excited. After the goat left, he walked around the castle. When he touched a chair, it turned to gold. When he touched his bed, it turned to gold, too. To celebrate, he asked for a special meal. But when he touched the food, he couldn't eat it because it turned to gold. Then, he went outsing into the garden to find Marigold. When he hugged her, she also turned gold!

وليك ميداس متحمشا جدًا. بعد معادرة العنزة ، تجول حول القلعة وعندما لمس كرسيَّا، تحول إلى ذهب، وعندما لمس سريره، ول إلى ذهب ، أيضا، ولكي يحتفل بذلك، طلب وجبة خاصة، ولكن عندما ثمس الطعام، لم يستطع نباوله لأنّه تحول إلى ذهب. ثم بي للخارج إلى الحديقة ليجد ابنته مارى جولد وعندما عائقها ، تحولت أيضا إلى ذهب!

King Midas started crying. "Please come back, goat!" he said. "I can't los Marigold."

His **tears** fell on his precious roses and they turned to gold. But he didn't car about roses or gold any more – he just wanted to save his daughter.

, فعلك ميداس في البكام وقال للمنزة "من فضلك عودي". "أنا لا أستطيع أن أفقد مارى جويد " سقطت دموعه على أزهاره الثمينة يولت إلى ذهب، لكنه لم يعد يهتم بالورود أو اللهب - لقد أراد فقط إنقاذ ابنته.

The goat heard King Midas and returned to change everything back to ho it was before.

"Thank you so much!" said King Midas. "I will never think gold is so importar again!"

عمت العنزة الملك ميداس وعادت لنفيير كل شيء إلى ما كان عليه من قبل. قال الملك ميداس "شكراً جريلاً:" . "نن أعتقد أبدًا أن خب مهم جفًا مرة أخرى!"

1 Read again and answerT (True) or F (False).

- King Midas only loved gold.
- 2. King Midas helped the goat.
- 3. King Midas was sad when everything changed to gold.
- 4. The goat didn't change Marigold back into a human.
- 2 Read again and choose the moral (المغزى a,b orc.
- a. It's good to have a lot of gold and be rich.
- b. You will always get a reward if you are unkind.
- c. Your family is more important than money and material things.



bear ئى



rare نادر











RONUNCIATION







tear يمزق



pear كمثرى



share يشارك



hair



pair of زوج من



هواء



there هناك

Study the sound /er/

That gemstone is very rare-it's not easy to find.

هذا الحجر الكريم تادر جدًا ۽ ليس من السهل العثور عليه.

This pear looks delicious.

هذه الكمثري تبدو للبلاة.

There's a pair of brown shoes.

هناك زوج من الأحلية البلية.

I like walking in the fresh air.

أحب التمشية في الهواء النقي.

Don't pull that. You'll tear it!

لاتسحب ذلك. سوف تمزقها

What do you want to wear today?

ماذا تريدين أن ترتدي اليوم؟

			•	
(1	Listen and cir	cle the correct a	nswer from a, b,	c, ord.
1.	One of the most be	eautiful artifacts fro	om Ancient Egypt is	Tutankhamun's
	a) mask	b) head	c) beard	d) snake
2.	Tutankhamun's n	nask was found i	n his	
	a) pyramid	b) tomb	c) house	d) home
3.	The mask is	, , ,	, , he is he has produce , ee-	
	a) glass	b) bronze	c) gold	d) silver
4.	There's also a	/ 4////	on	the top of his he
	a) hippo	b) ibis	c) falcon	d) snake
(2	Choose the co	orrect answer fr	om a, b, c, or d.	
1.		king in hs garden	when heov	er something on
	ground. a) tripped	b) trapped	c) hugged	d) tore
2.	When the king			
	a) hated	b) stayed	c) produced	d) hugged
3.	King M das start	ed crying and his	s fell on	his precious ros
	a) eyes	b) legs	c) tears	d) pears
4.	The Ancient Egy	ptians		vith other countr
	a) used	b) formed	c) felt	d) traded
5.	The Ancient Egy			
	a) weapons	b) plants	c) flowers	d) papyrus
6.	Trade with other		•	
			c) rocks	
7.	Ш			

c) Metal

a) Stone

b) Wood

d) Paper

<i>(</i> 2)
N3/

Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

	castle - gold - rose - daughter - son
	Many years ago, there lived a king called King Midas. He loved three things more than anything else: his 1), Marigold, his 2)
e.	Read the text and answer the questions.
	The Ancient Egyptians traded with other countries, and metal was one thing they traded. They first found metal in rocks. Metal was harder than rocks, and they could melt and form it into different shapes. They used metal to make tools and weapons, so that they could hunt on the land, and grow food. Gold was a popular metal for making jewelry and art to sell. Silver was also used, but was rarer. Trade with other countries helped the Ancient Egyptian economy to improve.
e	A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. The general idea of the text is about
e	a) metal b) paper c) glass d) rock 2. Metal was
!	a) softer b) harder c) smaller d) bigger 3. Silver was also used, but was a) harder b) nicer c) rarer d) lighter
ŧ	B) Answer the following questions. 4. Why did the Ancient Egyptians use metal? 5. What was gold used for?

(5	Put the words in	the correct order to make sentences.
1.	Egyptians - with - T	he Ancient - traded - countries - other
2.	under - The whiteh	oard - the - is - clock
3.	next - is - to - the -	The library - room - computer
(5	Read and write t	the correct form of the word(s) between brack
1.	The eraser is	(behind) to the bo
2.	The cat is in front	(on) the d
3.	There's a boy	(in front of) the door. I can't see h
4.	The ball is	(on) the desk and the clim
5.	There is a sofa	(in front) to the winc.
6.	The curtains are	(in) the v _n
7.	The boy is standing	
(1	Punctuate the f	ollowing.
	they found metal	in the rocks
(8	Write a text of I	FIFTY (50) words about:
-		Tutankhamun's mask
Gu	iding elements:	
		acts - found - tomb - made of - snake)
	*** 1 *** 1 * 11 *	
		777 1 40 0 00 00007 11 7110 14

essons

WRITING: A FACT FILE **PROJECT**

Key vocabulary

كمان أساسية

iron	حديد	dagger	خنجر	mine	متجم
meteorite	حجز نيزكي	precious	ثمين	Scarab Amulet	تميية الخيفياء (الجعران)

Extra vocabulary

كلمات إضافية

لح / صفيحة

copper	rarer نحاس	salts اکثر ندرة	أملاح
bronze	gallery برونز	items معرض فنون	الشياء

mirror حرفبين sheet مراة Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأقعال

Regular verbs فعال منتظمة

craftsmen

Dt.

19

0

/a

OC.

	Present	Past	P.P
mine		mined يستخرج معادر	mined
appear		appeared بظهر	appeared
decorate		್ಲಚ decorated	decorated
destroy		destroyed يدمر	destroyed
melt		melted بنصهر	melted

أتعال غير منتظمة أrregular verbs

	Present	Past	P.P	
begin		اس began	begun	
wear		wore ٍٰ يرتدى	worn	
bring	4	brought ً بحضر / بجام	brought	

important expressions and prepositions معبيرات وحروف جر هامة

ساعد طفلك أن يتمرف على هذه الكتبات.

the result of	بتيحة الـ	difficult to use	من الصعب استخدامه
but later on	لكن فيما بعد	the metal of heaven	معلن السماء (الجنة)
with the image of	على شكل	agricultural tools	أدوات زراعية
a very hot fire	بار حامية جذا	bring good fortune	يجلب الحط السعيد

Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

Iron in Ancient Egypt

الحديد في مصر القديمة

When did the Ancient Egyptians start using iron?

The Ancient Egyptians started using iron more than 5,000 years ago. Before iron, they worked with copper and bronze.



meteontes

يداً المصريون لقدماء في استخدام الجديد منذ أكثر من ١٠٠ هـ عام، فين الحديد، كانوا يعمدون بالمحاس والساب

Where did they find iron?

Amazingly some of their early from was from meteorites. Ancient Egyptian craftsmen made a famous dagger for Tutankhamun's tomb from a meteorite. They also mined from the ground. But they found it quite difficult to use because it needs a very not fire to melt, which often wasn't possible.

ومن المثير للدهشة أن بعض العليد الذي استحدموه في أول الامراكان من السيرك صبع العرفيون المصريون القدماء العنجر الشهير المقدرة توت عنخ آمون من الحجر البيزكي، كما قاموا دستجراح الحسد من الارض، بكنهم وجدوا أنه من الصفت حدا استخدامه لأنه يحتاج إلى تار حامية حدًا حتى يصهر، وهو ما لم بكن ممكنا في كشر من الأحداد،



dagger



mine

Why did they think iron was special?

They thought from was special because they believed it came from the sky (because of the meteorites). They called it "the metal of heaven". For them, from was more precious than gold because it was rarer.

أقف اعتقدوا أن الحديد معير لأتهم عتقدو أنه يأتي من السعاء (نسبب سيرات) أطبقو عليه سم "معدن السمة" بالنسمة لهم،
 كان الحديد أغلى من للهب لأنه كان أكثر قدرة.

What did they use iron for?

Early on, the Aricient Egyptians used from for small items, like jewelry. Copper and bronze were common metals for tools because they were easier to find. But later on, from agricultural tools and weapons began to appear. This was the result of the Ancient Egyptians getting more iron through trade with other countries.

في التداية، استحدم المصريون العدماء الحديد في صناعه الاشياء الصغيرة، مثل المجوهرات، كان التحاس والبرونز من المعادن الشابعة في صناعة الأدواب لأنه كان من السهل العثور عديم ولكن فيد بدا ظهور الأدواب الرزاعية والأسلحة الحديدية، وكان علدًا البيجة حصول المصريين القدماء على المريد من الحديد من حلال التحارة مع الدول الاخرى.



When we write a fact file about something, we make notes under the following headings:

(When....? - Why....? - Where....? - What....?)

عند كدية ميف حديق عن حراما بدون ملاحضات بحث هذه المعاوين (متى ٢٠٠٠ - لماذا ٢٠٠٠ - أين ٢٠٠٠ - ماذا ٢٠٠٠)

Silver in Ancient Egypt

When did the Ancient Egyptians start using silver?

متى بنا المصابون القدماء في استخدام القصة؟

They started using silver thousands of years ago.

مدأوا في استحدام القصة منذ آلاف السئين،

Where did they find the silver?

أبار وحدوا القضة؟

There weren't many silver mines in Egypt, so we think they brought it from other countries through trade.

لم لكن هذك الكشر من ساحم العصة في مصر الدلك بعتقد انهم حسوها من بلدان أحري عن طريق التحارة.



فيم استحدم المصربون القدماء الفضة؟

They used it to make jewelry and mirrors. They also used sheet silver to decorate statues.

كحدموها لصنع المحوهرات والمرابا استخدمو أيضا صفائح الفضة لتربين التماثين



Why don't we find many silver Ancient Egyptian artifacts?

المان لا تحد الكثب من التحف القصية المصابة القديمة؟

Because silver is not very durable. Sadly, the salts in the tombs destroyed a lot of it, so we cannot see very much of it today.

الإن القصة لنسب متينة المالة أأمل السوسف إلى الإملاح الموجودة في المقالة لأموت الكثير منهاء لذلك لا يمكننا وؤية الكثير منها اليوم.

Cooks of the cooks

- Research facts.
- Use correct English.
 - Use formal language and the past tense.
 - Divide the text into questions.

عند كتابة ملف حقائق اتبع الآتي:

الحث عن حقالق.

استخدم لغة الجليزية مبحيحة.

استعدم نقة رسمية وزمن بنناصي النيسيط،

قم بتقسيم البص أي أسبية



Write a fact file about "A metal or material".



Do research on the Scarab Amulet and make notes on:

- What is it?
- Where is it from?
- How old is it?
- What is made of?
- What was it used for?



Scarab Amulet

Egypt

This scarab amulet is an artifact from Ancient Egypt and is more than three thousand years old. It is made of copper. People wore jewelry with the image of a scarab to protect them and bring them good fortune.

تميمة الحنفساء (الحوران)

تمييمة الجموان هناه من مصو القريسة ورامج عبوما القرار من تلاية الأف عام. وهي مصوعة من اللحاس. كان النسن ترتب الأساب على الأساب الله الله الله الإسابة الإسابة الأسابة الأسابة السابة السابة السابة السابة السابة الساب

General Activities

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

(1	Lipton: a fr				er irom a, h,	e, or	d.	
1.	The Ancient Egyp	tian	s used iron fo	ľ			items.	
	a) small	. ,	big	Si	long	d)	huge	
2.	Copper and .				were commo	n n	etals for tools.	
	a) gold	14)	silver	0)	bronze	d)	iron	
3.	Later on, iron agri	culti	ural		and weapons	s be	gan to appear.	
	a) balls	Ω_{x}	pools	0)	walls	d)	tools	
4.	The Ancient Egyp	tians	s got more				through trade.	
	a) gold	77	iron	0)	rocks	d)	silver	
(2	Choose the co	Win	ar ar et ût	tua G	, b, c, or d.			
1.	Some of the Anci	ent l	Fovotians' iro	n w	as from			
	a) sand				meteorites	d)	salt	
2.	Ancient Egyptian	s cra		-				
	tomb from meteo		alaecae	10	watch	el)	doggor	
2	a) fork The Ancient Egy		glasses	Uj			dagger om the ground.	
o.	a) mined			راه			_	
1	Iron was more	- 1		-			se it was rarer.	
7.	a) cheap				_			
/2						- 1		
(3	Readansloom	,	7 1 1,7 1		aeworasinti -	16 00	DK.	
protect - jewelry - years - days - copper								
	The scarab amu	ılet i	s from Ancier	ıt E	gypt. It is mor	e tha	an three	
tho	usand 1)	11 11	old. It is n	nad	e of 2)		People	
WOI	re 3)	wit	h the image o	f a	scarab to 4)		them	
and	bring them good	fortu	ine.					



Read the text and answer the questions.

The Ancient Egyptians started using iron more than 5,000 years agreefore non-they worked with copper and bronze. Amazingly, some of the early non-was from meteorites. Ancient Egyptian craftsmen made a famous dagger for Tutankhamunis tomb from a meteorite. They aim med iron from the ground. But they found it quite difficult to use because theses a very not fre to met, which often wasn't possible.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. The text is about

a) gold

- b) silver c) iron
- in Ancient Egy;

and bronz

- 2. Before for they worked with
 - a) iron b) copper
 - er c) gold
- d) salt
- The Ancient Egyptians mined from from the
 - a) sky
- b) river
- c) sea
- d) ground

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What did the Ancient graftsmen make?
- 5. Why was it difficult to use iron?
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
- 1. and were Mum dad at yesterday work .
- 2. siff ourt Why was to iron work with it -?
- 3. to used They silver and make jewelry mirrors .
- 6 Punctuate the following.

Vibere ad they find from



Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

Silver in Ancient Egypt

Guiding elements:

- When did the Ancient Egyptians use it?
- Where did they find it?
- What did they use it for?

Writing Corner

Ancient Egyptian Artifacts

There are so many artifacts from Andient Egypt. No have a not, ory climate here in Egypt, so artifacts aren't camaged by cold and wet weather. This helps to preserve them. The Ancient Egyptians also knew that certain materials could last a long time. That's why they built the Pyramics with granite, a very hard and durable stone. They used other materials are glass. clay and gold too.

Animals in Ancient Egypt

The Ancient Egyptians loved animals and kept many as pets. They particularly adored cats, and there was a cat in a most every house. The Ancient Egyptians believed that cars tooked after them and kept them safe. They were also good pets because they cleaned themselves and kept the houses free of pests like rats and shakes. This was particularly important for farmers, who produced a lot of grain. The rats d'dn't eat the grain because the cats ate the rats!

Tutankhamun's Mask

One of the most beautiful artifacts from Ancient Egypt is Tutankhamun's mask, which was found in his tomb. The mask is gold, with blue lines between gold lines. Under his chin is a thin beard. There is also a snake on the top of his head.

Iron in Ancient Egypt

The Ancient Egyptians used iron 5,000 years ago. Some of their early iron was from meteorites. They also mined it from the ground. They thought iron was special because they believed it came from the sky. They called it "the metal of heaven". They used it for making jewelery, agricultural tools and weapons.

Review on Unit (7)

Vocabulary

artifacts	ية	فعع أترية / مصنوعات يده	trade	به رة / يتأجر
preserve		<u>پحقظ</u>	metal	فالم
durable		سين	weapon	\$ <u>7</u> 4-
fascinating		إنع / جناب / ملهل	economy	نصاد
granite		برائيت	trip over	جها على / يدوس على
glass		جاج	hug	إ حتصن
clay		ملصال / فخار	tears	Ese
gold		هب	stone	محر
baboon		أرد البيون	iron	و نسیه
monkey	قرد		meteorite	🖢 حجر تيزكي
rat	فاو		dagger) فتجر
crocodile	ثمساح		precious	<u> ದಿನ್ನಾರ</u>
hippo	قرس النهر		mine	منجم / يستخرج معادن
falcon	مقر		copper	يحاس
ibis	طائر أبو منجل		bronze	إبروتز
snake	^		craftsmen	[ّ] حرفیین
grain		مېوب	mummify	بحنط
adore		بعب بشدة/ يعشق	statue	تمثال
wisdom	matteria selamonya 194	دکمة .	melt	بنوب / ينصهر
		Pronun	ciation	
bear	(ئب	share	pair پمارك	نوچ من
pear	ٔ کمثری	rare	hair نادر	شعر
tear	ا يىزق	there	air دهاك	هواء
wear	ٔ يرتدى			
	,	Preposition	ns of place	
in	في	under	between تحت	ببث
on	عني	behind	next to	بجوار
in front of	أمام			



The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضى البسيط

لتكوين Form

The second form of the verb.

متكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل. (بإضافة d, ed, jed للفعل المنتظم والفعل غير المنتظم يحفظ)

g. He dropped the glass.

She became a teacher.

انتفی Negative

(مصدر الفعل) + didn't + inf. (مصدر الفعل)

.a. Rats didn't eat the grain.

I didn't grow up in Cairo.

السؤال Question

"Yes / No) question: Did + subject (الفاعل) + inf. (مصدر الفعل) ?

4.g. Did the Ancient Egyptians only keep cats as pets?

- Yes, they did.

- No, they didn't,

Wh-question: Q.W + did + subject (الفاعل) + inf. (مصدر الفعل) ?

Verb to be in the past

التكوين Form

القي الجملة + (was / were) + باقي الجملة

e.g. There was a cat here.

الني Negative

باني الجملة + (wasn't / weren't) + باني الجملة

e.g. There weren't popular pets.

السؤال Question

(Was / Were) + subject + باقى الجملة ?

e.g. Were there a lot of mummies?

- Yes, there were.

- No, there weren't.

Wh-question:

? باقى الجملة + Subject + علقى الجملة + ?

e.g. Which was their favorite animal?

Help your child revise unit (7).

Dictation on Unit (7)

Lesson (1)
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قمر ٿية مددن / حلات

Lesson (2)

قرد سالول بيسيد مسيد أيحب بشنة / بعشق

Lesson (3)

Statist

Lessons (4 & 5) ----

ً أكثر ندرة

120 حرفيس

General Activities

نص الاستماع في بهايه الكتاب

(1		ं । प्रभावता व	werren finale a , b	, C 🐟	d.
1.	The Ancient Egy	/ptians	,	with o	ther countries.
	a) played	b) fought	c) traded	d)	acted
2.	They first found	metal in	give(son binnefifted em emakkygy)		
	a) clubs	b) rocks	c) temples	d)	pyramids
3.	They could melt	metal into differe	nt .		
	a) artifacts	b) fruits	c) sports	d)	shapes
4.	They used meta	il to make tools ar	nd .		
	a) weapons	b) coins	c) rocks	d)	money
(2	Cacacathae	owert answer fr	om a, b, c, er d.		
1.	Hot and dry clir	nate helps to.			artifacts.
	a) damage	b) preserve	c) welcome	d)	cover
2.	Falcons and the	e ibis represented		in.	Ancient Egypt.
	a) wisdom	b) statues	c) grain	d)	rocks
3.	Trade with other	r countries helped	the Ancient Egy _l	otian	
	a) science	b) history	c) economy	d)	art
4.	Mothers always	s t	heir children whe	n they	y go to school.
	a) hate	b) dislike	c) hug	d)	trip
(3	Rat dumi em	uple. Statie tent w	iththewordsint	hebi	274

weapons - metals - Copper - trade - countries



Read the text and answer the questions.

One night, King Midas was walking in his garden when he tripped over something on the ground. It was a strange-looking goat. It looked very sick. King Midas was a kind man, so he took the goat into his castle. There he gave it food and a warm bed. In the morning, the goat felt much better "I would like to thank you, King Midas," said the goat, "What would you like more than anything else in the world?" King Midas thought for a minute, then said, "I would like everything I touch to turn into gold." "OK," said the goat, and made the king's wish come true

goat, and made the king's wish come tide.	
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b,	c or d.
a) on foot b) on a horse c)	on a donkey d) on a goat
2. The goat looked very	
a) well b) good c)	,
3. King Midas would like everything he to	
a) silver b) gold c) B) Answer the following questions.	copper a) bronze
4. What did the king give to the goat?	
5. What was the king like?	***************************************
5 Put the words in the correct order	r to make sentences.
1. his - on - The king's - precious - fell -	roses - tears
2. found - The Ancient - metals - Egypti	ans - the - in - rocks
3. want - you - What - to - do - wear - to	day - ?
6 Read and write the correct form of	thoused(e) hotsean headson
Read and write the correct form of	tite word (5) between bracites
1. Rats didn't	(eats) the grai
2 (Do) the Ancie	nt Egyptians keep cats as pet:
7 Punctuate the following.	
- the ibis represented wisdom	., .,, .,
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words a	bout 'Iron in Ancient Egypt'':
Guiding elements:	
- When did the Ancient Egyptians use it	?
271	What did they use it for?

Al-Azhar Corner

(1)	Read and	complete th	ne dialog with	words fror	nthebox.		
		boat -	do - Park - die	d - go			
Maya	ar :	Hi Nesma!	Did you have a	nice weeken	d?		
Nesn			es, l 1)				
Maya	ar :	Where did y	ou 2)	** ****			
Nesn		I went to Al-					
Maya	ar :	What did yo	u 4)		there?		
Nesma :					trip.		
紫	Read and		e dialog with		·		
		sky - mine	d - find - ago	special			
Oma	r :	When did the Ancient Egyptians start using iron?					
Ali	:	They started					
Oma	r :	Where did they 2)					
Ali	:	They 3) it from the ground					
Oma	ir :	Why did the	y think iron was	34)	?		
Ali	:	Because they believed it came from the 5)					
2	Read and	circle the o	id one out an	d replace it.			
1.	baboon	hippo	crocodile	ibis	(
2.	rat	granite	glass	clay	()		
3.	play	visit	save	saw	()		
4. 5.	on went	i n	is work	under	(
3.		ate		found	(
W.) kead and	l circle the o	id one out an	a replace it.			
1.	do	pear	wear	tear	()		
2.	gold	bronze	copper	school	()		
3.	in front of	next to	box	behind	()		

in the past

When

yesterday

Where

tomorrow

What

last

White

IL Jan Tol us and games this unit the students will ... listen, read, discuss, and write about games, toys, and activities. isten to and read a dialog about old toys and games. use verb intensifiers. I sten to and understand a story about a toy. use verbs that are followed by -ing. spell and say words containing gh or ght use pie charts and bar graphs write a description of your favorite game. design and make a simple board game



A LOX OF TOYS

Key vocabulary



doll's house بيت الدمية



rollerblades حذاء الترلج (زلاجات)



action figure شخصية حركية



marbles البلي



board game لعبة لوحية



cuddly toy لعبة محشوة

actually



train set لعبة القطار



skateboaro لوح التزلج

Extra vocabulary

favorite	معضل	actu
toys	ألعاب	too
both	کلّا من	aga
brilliant	رائع	a wi

box

-	100
كأزمن	again
رائع	a while
صندوق	though
O	and the same

		كلمات إضافية
في الحشيقة - بالقعل	younger	أصعرسنا
أيضًا	fast	' سريع ، پسرعة
مرة اخرى	cool	والع
فترة ، وقت قليل	older	. أكبر سنّا
مع ذلك - رغم ذلك	later	لاحقًا

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

	Present	F F	Past	P.P	
visit		visited אננג		visited	
love		loved		loved	
find		₄⇒ found		found	
make up		made up يخترع		made up	
beat		r≯e beat	*	beaten	
know		knew بعرف		known	

Important expressions and prepositions المناف المراجع المنافعة المنافع

on the weekend ونترة من الوقت after a while من عطلة بهاية الأسبرع

[love + (v - ing)] (too (+ adj) يحب

look for .l'd love to +inf ببحث عن

go fast very often يبير يسرعة

So did II lots of واناكذللية

Definitions

be more successful than someone in a game

have a go try something

made up thought of or invented

Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

المجدت فيه؟

وب شيئًا ما

Fares : Did you visit your grandma on the weekend, Yaseen?

رزوت جدتك في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع با ياسين؟

Yaseen: Yes, I did. I found a box of my old toys at her house, actually.

و فيهلت. لقد وجدت صنبوق ألعابي اللديمة في منزلها، بالشعل.

Adam: What did you find in there?

Yaseen: There was an action figure. I loved playing with it!

لا هناك شخصية حركية، كنت أحب العب بيا!

1 loved playing with my old action figures, too! I made up lots of

ت أحب اللعب بشخصياتي الحركية القدمة أيضًا القداحتوعت الكثير من الألداب الهم. . games for them.

: When I was younger, my favorite toy was a train set.

قعا كنت أصغ سناً، كانت لعبتي المفضلة هي لعبة القطار،

- Lesson (1) -

Yaseen: I didn't have a train set, but my sister had a big doll's house. We both played with it. I don't know where it is now. I found my old rollerblades, though.

لم يكن لدي لعمة قطار، لكن أختي كان لديها ست دمية كبير. كنا بلعب به. لا اعرف أبن هو الأب. لقد وجدت

رلاجاتي القديمة، بالرغم من ذلك.

Adam : Brilliant! Did you have a go on them? برائعا هن جربتهم؟

Yaseen: No, I wanted to, but they were too small. لا، أردت ذلك، لكنها كانت صعيره جدًا.

Fares : I didn't have rollerblades, but I had a skateboard, I could go

really fast after a while!

لم يكن لذي حدَّاء تزلج، تكن كان لذي لوح تزلج اكنت أستطيع أن أسير بسرعة كبيرة بعد فترة من الوقت

Yaseen: Cool! Did you play board games when you were younger?

والع! هل كنت تلعب ألعاب لوحية عندما كنت أصفر سنا؟

Fares : Yes, we played board games. I played with my older brother,

but he usually beat me!

نعم، لقد لعبنا ألعاب لوحية. كنت ألعب مع أخي الأكبر، لكنه عادة ما كان ببرمني!

Adam : We didn't play board games very often, but we played marbles.

لم نكن تلعب ألعاب لوحية كثيرًا، لكننا لعبنا البلي،

Fares : So did I! I think I'll look for some of my old toys later. I'd love to see

my favorite cuddly toy again.

وأنا كلِّ ثلث! أعتقد أنني سأبحث عن بعض ألعابي القليمة لاحقًا. أحب أن أرى لعنتي المحشوة المقضلة مرة أخرى.

Ask and answer.

اسأل وأجب.



When you were younger, what was your favorite toy? عندما كنت أصغر سنًّا، ماذا كانت تعينك المفضلة؟

My favorite toy was a skateboard. كانت لعبتى المقطبلة لوح التزلج.



General Activities

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

(1		Listen and c	hoose the correct an	SW	er from a, t), C,	ord.
1.	Fa	res and Yase	en are		******************		
	a)	friends	b) brothers	c)	cousins	d)	uncles
2.	Th	ey visited gra	ndma	,	h ****	, .	
	a)	yesterday	b) on the weekend	C)	tomorrow	d)	last week
3.	Fa	res loved play	ing with alan				
			b) action figure				
4.	Ya	seen's	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		h	ad	a doll's house;
	a)	brother	b) sister	C)	cousin	d)	mum
(2		Choose the c	orrect answer from	a, t), c, or d .		
·1.	Ιv	isited my uncl	e				the weekend.
	a)	in	b) on	C)	at '	d)	by
2.	l h	ave an action	** *1 * 111 *1 111111 1 hav		I lo	ve	playing with it.
	a)	game	b) finger	C)	figure	d)	doll
3.	I c	ould go really	fast on my	٠,	17 *** 11 1411		
	a)	marbles	b) skateboard	C)	doll	d)	train
4,		you have a					r rollerblades?
		go			went		
5.							
			b) played				-
6.			fast on my skateboar			_	
/5	V.	while	b) when	-			time .
(3	1	Read and coi	mplete the text with	ı tn	e words in t	he	box.
		(pl	aying - figures - ma	ke -	box - play	1	
	1	have a box o	f toys. I love 1)		with my t	oys	. I have some
act	ion	2)			up lots of g	am	es for them. L
alw	ay	s 4)	with my brother.	We	have a grea	t tir	ne together.



4 Read the text and answer the questions.

I'm Sarah. I'm twelve years old. I visited my grandma on the weekend. I found a box of my old toys at her house, I found an action figure. I loved playing with it. I found my old rollerblades, too. They were too small. I was very happy to have a go on them again.

A١	Choose	the	correct	answer	from	a, b.	C	or c	d.
----	--------	-----	---------	--------	------	-------	---	------	----

- 1. Sarah is years old.
 - a) 11
- b) 10
- · c} 12
- d) 13

- 2. Sarah visited her grandma on
- a) Monday b) Tuesday c) Wednesday
- d) the weekend
- 3. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to the
 - b) action figure c) marbles a) train set
- d) box

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What did Sarah find at her grandma's house?
- 5. Why was Sarah very happy?

Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. was I had When younger, I set a train .
- 2. you a go Did on have rollerbaldes ?

3. love to - my favorite - see - I'd - toy - cuddly - .



Punctuate the following.

what did you find in your box



Write a paragraph of FIFTY (50) words about:

My box of toys when I was younger

Guiding elements: - What did you find in it? - What is your favorite toy?

Lesson (2)

I WAS VERY GOOD AT HIDE AND SEEK

Key vocabulary

كماث أساسية

بالخارح



skipping

stickers

together



hide and seek المعاددة المعاددة المعاددة الاستغمارة الاستغمارة المعاددة ال



hopscotch لعبة المربعات (العجلة)

Extra vocabulary

EALIG VO	Cabulai	y	
helmet	8132	kneepads	سادات الركبة
project	ومشم	colored chalk	لمباشير ملون
climbing	اللبياق	imagination	فيال

اللسلق	imagination
فتعيقات	tun
Law-tea	difficult

المات إضافية interesting وسانا أسيق interesting وسانا أسيق الزاو السن little المباش الحري running خيال الفضل الأماكن best places متعة

outside

Conjugation of verbs

				The second live and	the said of the still	E BANK	
Pres	ent	Past	P.P	Pre	sent	Past	P.P
practice	بناده ب	practiced	practiced	hurt	يؤلم / يؤذي	hurt	hurt
like	No.	liked	liked	hìde	بختبئ	hid	hidden
prefer	No. of Lot	preferred	preferred	draw	يرسم	drew	drawn
start	alpha	started	started	think	بعتقد/ينكر	thought	though
get	يختص شي	got	got	ride	يركب	rode	ridden
fall off	يقع	fell off	fallen off	wear	يرتلي	wore	worn

Important expressions and prepositions

1 20 10	
	يفضل .
v-ing	ُ يحب
	يستمثع ب
	الى معاد ما

تعبيرات وحروف جر هامة

			_	
good at + (v + ing /noun)	جيد في	prefer		
atall	بطلاقا	like	-	+1
make up stories	يواف لصص	enjoy	ال	
for a long time	للترة طويلة	quite		
play with	يلعب مع	look like		

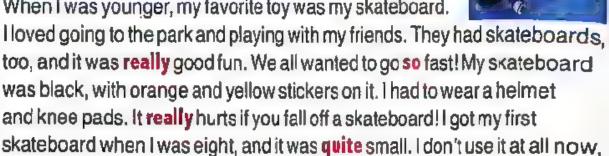
LIST	e	n and read.
Sarah	•	Hi Rania, have you started the project about toys and games yet?
		مرحنا رانياء هل بدأت مشروع لعب الأطفال والاكعاب بعد؟
Rania	:	Hi Sarah. Yes, I started it on the weekend. It's really interesting!
		مرحبًا سارة. تعم، لقد بدأته في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع. إنه مثير للاهتمام حقًّا!
Sarah	:	Yes, it is. What games did you like playing when you were younger?
		تعم إنه كذلك. ما هي الألعاب التي كنت تحبين لعبها علدما كنت أصغر سنًّا؟
Rania	:	I thought hide and seek was fun. I was very good at hiding!
1		اعتقدت أن الغميضة كانت ممتعة. لقد كنت جيدة جدا في الاحتباءا
Sarah	:	I was good at it, tool I could hide for a very long time. I also really
		liked p aying hopscotch with my friends. We used different
		colored chalk to draw the squares.
		لقد كنت جيدة في ذلك أبضًا؛ كنت أستطيع الاختباء لفترة طويلة جدا. أن أيضًا أحبيت حقًّا لعب الحجلة مع أصدقائي،
		استخدمنا طباشيزا بألوان مختلفة لرسم المربعات.
Rania	:	I thought hopscotch was quite good, but I preferred skipping.
		كنت أظن أن الحجلة جيدة جدًا، لكنني كنت أفضل نظ الحيل.
Sarah	:	Hiked skipping, but I wasn't very good at it. Some skipping games
		عدد عند الحس نط الحس، لكنني لم أكن جددة في ذلك. بعض ألعاب نط الحيل صعية للفاية ا
Rania		Yes, they are. I had to practice a lot with my sister!
		نعم إنها كدلك. كان علي أن أندرب كثيرًا مع أختي!
Sarah	:	Ah, my brother didn't practice with me. He didn't like skipping at
4		all! We often played marbles together, though.
t		آد، أخي لم يتدرب معي. لم يكن بحب نط الحيل على الإطلاق رغم ذلك، كنا نلعب البلي معًا في كثير من الأحيان.
(-)	le	ad again. Write T (True) or F (False).

1. Sarah wasn't good at hide and seek.	()
2. Rania thinks skipping is better than hopscotch.	()
3. Rania and her sister practiced skipping together.	()
4. Sarah played marbles with her sister.	()

Look and read the description.

My Favorite Toy by Youssef

When I was younger, my favorite toy was my skateboard.



عندما كنت أصعر سناً، كانت لعبتي المفصلة هي ثوم التزلج. كنت أحب الذهاب إلى الحديقة والنعب مع أصدقاني، كان لديهم ألواح تزلج أيضًا، وكان الأمر ممتفا حفًا. أردنا جميعا أن نسير بسرعه جدًا؛ كان لوح التزلج الخاص بي أسود اللون وعليه ملصقات برتقالية وصفراء. اضطررت إلى ارتداء خوذة ووسادات للركبة. إنه أمر مؤلم حقًا إذا سقطت من على نوح الترلج؛ حصلت على أول لوح ترلج عندما كنت في الثامنة من عمري، وكان صغيرًا إلى حد ما. أنا لا أستخدمه على الإطلاق الآن، لأن لدي واحد أكبر.

Look and read.

because I have a bigger one.



When Amina was little, she really liked games that used a lot of imagination. She was very good at making up stories. She had a doll's house, some cuddly toys, and some action figures.

عندما كانت أمينة صغيرة، كانت تحب جدًا الألعاب التي تستخدم الكثير من الخيال. كانت جيدة جدًا في تأليف القصص. كان لديها بيت دمية، وبعض الألعاب المحشوة، وبعض الشخصيات الحركية.

Nour really enjoyed playing outside when she was younger. She liked running, climbing, and playing tennis. She was quite good at football, too.

كانت نور تستمتع حقًا باللعب في الخارج عندما كانت أصغر سنًا. كانت تحب الحري والتسلق ولعب التنس. لقد كانت جيدة جدًا في كرة انقدم أيضًا.



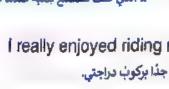
Look, ask and answer.

What did you enjoy playing when you were younger?

ما الذي كنت تستمتع بلعبه عندما كنت أصغر سنًّا؟



I really enjoyed riding my bike. كنت استمنع جدًا بركوب دراجتي.





Language Focus

Intensifiers

	معززت 🗎	المقويات - ال	
- We use intensif	ers to give a stro	nger meaning to adjo نوى للصفات والأقعال.	ectives and verbs. نستخدم المقويات لإعطاء معنى أذ
		ر really و so) قبل الصفة.	very) لتقوية الصفة نستخدم (very
e.g. I was reall	y / very good at l	hiding.	
Some skip	ping games are s	so difficult.	
h / m 121	tala taa l		وallγ) لتقوية الفعل نستخدم [eallγ
e.g. I really liked	playing nopscot		
11 11 12 12 12 12	11-1 401		🕣 نستخدم (at all) مع الجمل اا
e.g. He didn't lik	e skipping at all!		3-10-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
o a Chowas au	ita good at footb		🚺 أستخدم (quite) لجعل الصف
e.g. She was qu	ne good at looto	all.	
(1) Choose th	e correct answe	er from a , b , c , or d .	
1. I	liked play	ing with cuddly toys	when I was younger.
a) really	b) very	c) 30	d) at all
2. My brother w	as .	good at football.	. He always beat me!
a) much	b) more	c) very	d) at all
3.1	*** *** *****	enjoyed playing mar	bles with my friends.
a) very	b) so	c) really	d) quite
4. I don't like sk	ateboarding		
a) really	b) at all	c) very	d) so
2 Read and	write the correct	form of the word(s) between brackets.
1. He is	P+1+ 11+4+44 +1 4		at all) good at tennis.
2. I think hopso	otch is	(so) good, but 1	prefer hide and seek.
			at all) pretty marbles.
			playing board games.
- Tarana		(, a,) / a, , a , a , l	

General Activities

ي الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

	\				_	
			thoose the correc <mark>t a</mark> i			1
1.	Ап	nina really like	ed			. 4
			b) drawing			4
2.	An	nina used a lo	ot of	\$41\$049444456565	******** *****************************	
	a)	money	b) imagination	c) stories	d) toys	4
3.	Sh	e was very g	ood at	14 + 21 - max	up storie	S,
	a)	taking	b) making	c) playing	d) reading	
4.	Ап	nina had a	рдин қарықи берект	*** ************************	hous	е,
_	a)	dog's	b) toy's	c) doll's	d) cat's	
(2		Choose the c	orrect answer from	a, b, c, or d.		
1.	l lik	ke playing		i'm ve	erv good at hiding	g,İ
			b) hide and seek			٠.
2.		use colored			to play hopscotcl	։ Դ.
	a)	pencils	b) pens	c) chalk	d) stone	1
3.	l ai	ways wear a		when I play wit	ith my skateboard	j,
	a)	hat	b) cap	c) helmet	d) jacket	
4.	Му	sister liked			and climbing] .
	a)	running	b) run	c) runs	d) ran	ı
5.	Wh	iat were you (good , , ,		, , vell violar (baller**	?
	a)	in	b) at	c) on	d) for	
(3		Read and co	mplete the text with	the words in t	the box.	
		playir	ng - outside - bigger	- younger - qu	uite	
	ŀ	m Nour. I rea	lly enjoyed playing 1)	when I	was 2)	
Hik	ed .	running, climb	ing and 3)	tennis. I wa	ıs 4)	
god	od a	t football, too.				j



Read the text and answer the questions.

When I was younger, my favorite toy was my skateboard. I loved going to the park and playing with my friends. They had skateboards, too, and it was really good fun. We all wanted to go so fast! My skateboard was black, with orange and yellow stickers on it. I had to wear a helmet and knee pads. It really hurts if you fall off a skateboard! I got my first skateboard when I was eight, and it was quite small. I don't use it at all now, because I have a bigger one.

- 1. The text is about my favorite
 - a) story
- b) toy
- c) book
- d) sport
- 2. I played it at the
 - a) school
- b) club
- d) street
- small.

- a) very
- b) really c) quite
- d) so

Answer the following questions.

- 4. Who did you play with?
- What happens if you fall off a skateboard?

Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. quite Skateboarding good is .
- 2. didn't train sets Asser at like all .

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.

- 1. Sarah (very) enjoys playing marbles.
- 2. I don't like playing tennis (quite) .
- 3. I think hopscotch is (at all) good, but I prefer hide and seek.



Write a paragraph of FIFTY (50) words about:

Your favorite toy

-Guiding elements:

(skateboard - park)

Lesson (3)

WE LOVED PLAYING WITH OUR TRAIN SET

ريف الأفعال

Vocabulary

parents	الوالدان	boat .
market	موق	amazing
plane	1 julia	posters
store	متحر - محل	machine
stall	کشك ، دگان صغير	cloth
	-	

Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs انمال منتظمة

	Present	Past	P.P
shop	ق	shopped يتنب	shopped
move	4	moved يتعر	moved
imagine	ن	imagined،يتغي	imagined
continue	,	continued يسته	continued
share	4	shared بشارة	shared
paint	، - ينون	painted يلمز	painted
tidy up		tidied up يرتب	tidied up
hate		hated یکره	hated
finish		finished ینهی	finished

المال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

	Present	Past	P.P
buy	شنري	- bought	bought .
show	بين ا يظهر ا يوصح	showed	shown
fly	طير	flew	flown
break	کسر *	broke	broken
say	يقول	said	said

ن، قارب

Lesson (3) -----

Definitions

تعربشات

stali عنت منكه صعرة a large table that you use to sell things from at a market

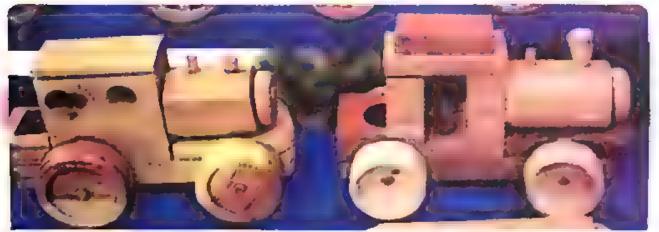
what you touch to make a machine work button

the long nose of an elephant → trunk إكوطوه اربومةا لتمر

sail strong pieces of cloth that make a boat move

انظر واقرأه

Look and read.



All was shopping with his parents at the market. He saw a stall that sold toys.

A man showed him how a train moved. All thought the toys were amazing.

Ali's dad came to see the toys, too. He liked the train, so he bought it. He said

Ali could play with it.

كان على ينسوق مع والديم في السوق. رأى كشكًا يبيع الإكماس، بين له رجل كيف يتحرك القطار، اعتقد على أن الألماب كانت مذهلة. جاء والد على لبري الألعاب أبضًا. لقد أحب القطار فاشتراه. قال إن على يمكنه اللعب به،



Read again and answer.

1. What was Ali doing?

2. Did Ali like the toys?

3. Who bought the toy?



verb + (verb + ing)

Some verbs are	followed by verb	+ ing:	م إراقعال يتبعها (فعل + jing):
like	continue	000 . يستمر في	
finish	enjoy، ینهی	ima يستمنع ب	igine 🕌
hate	stop یکره	pre يتوقف عن	fer 👢
	ng at the market stalls aying with my train se		ago.
1 Choose the	correct answer from	a,b,c,ord.	ì
1. Ali loves	\$ \$	teropenoruba arth ogenophoaga.	foot
a) play	b) plays	c) playing	d) played
2. Do you enjoy	parts 4440001111111111114114 a a s s a b a b a b	the most latte a page	in the sa
a) swim	b) swimming	c) swims	d) swam
3. Last night I finis	hed	my	homework at 8 p
a) to do	b) did	c) does	d) doing
4. Amal imagined	######################################	g as a a a d f h o d n a a d n a f d n a g ab my m y y y y	in a pla
a) to fly	b) flew	c) flying	d) fly
2 Read and w	rite the correct form (of theword(s)	between brack
1. Ghada prefers .		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(play) board gan
2. My sister stoppe	ed(let) me share h	er doll's house	because I brok
3. They finished	, , , etts;;;;; = 4 et ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	(paint) the po	sters and tidied
4. Does he enjoy	,	(read	i) adventure boo
5. Ali likes	1117 bg model metter dags a vibla beland as		shop) at the mari
6. On weekends I	hate	11 2112 - 2 1172 7 144 11447	(get) up e
7. I think people sh	nould stop	(throw) ri	ubbish in the str
8. You should cont	inue		



"gh"

gh" sounds like /f/

تنطق "gh" مثل صوت/f/.

∃raughts

laughter لعبة الدما

tough الصحك

كون "gh" صامئة "لا تنطق" في معظم الكلمات.

متين - قاس

::ough

laugh

enough

كاف

'qh" is silent in most words.

جفاف

مرتفع - عال

Dought

drought اشترى

high

mought

eight عتقد / فكرّ

daughter رقم ثمانية

الثة

might

brought بيلة

أحظير

Then listen again and repeat.



This game is called draughts.

We laugh when we play draughts.

Wael bought some marbles yesterday.





She thought about the toy that she bought.

A drought is when there isn't enough rain.





Do these words have the sound f/? Circle Y (Yes) or N(No).

1. laughed

Y/N

5. thought

Y/N

2. bought

Y/N

6, coughed

Y/N

3. drought

Y/N

7. enough

Y/N

4. daughter

Y/N

8. brought

Y/N

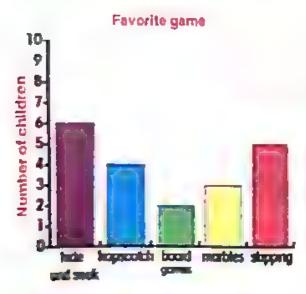
C LIL: Math

Using Graphs,

استخدام الرسم لبياني (المخطط)



This bar graph shows the favorite game in our class.



- 1. How many children like skipping?
- 2. Which game has the most studer
- 3. Which game is liked the least?



This pie chart shows how often children in our class play computer games on the weekend.



- 1. Which group is the biggest?
- 2. Which group is the smallest?
- 3. What's the total of numbers?

Activities

تص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

1) lis	ten and cho	oose the correct an	swer from a, t), C,	or d.
. Ali wa	S		with his pare	ents	at the market.
a) pla	iying b) shopping	c) writing	d)	running
. He sa	<i>n</i> a	At retiring printerestat to policy a.	### ##################################		that sold toys.
a) sta	ill b) supermarket	c) mail	d)	store
J. A	•		showed him h	ow	a train moved.
a) gir	b) boy	c) woman	d)	man
⊶' Ali tho	ught the toy	/s were			
a) bo	ring b) amazed	c) amazing	d)	small
2 Cho	ose the cor	rrect answer from a	a, b, c, or d.		
. A	•	•	is the long no	se c	of an elephant.
a) leg	b) trunk	c) sail	d)	stall
: We go	shopping a	at the			
a) scl	nool b) club	c) market	d)	park
My sis	ter likes toy	s. They're	town A die g		
a) am	azing b) amazed	c) bad	d)	interested
	-	ve, you press this			
a) bo	itle b) button	c) butter	d)	wheel
. A	1+1 1+1	is a strong piece	of cloth that ma	ıkes	a boat move.
a) sal	e b) sell	c) sail	d)	soil
Α	4 74 - 81		is when there	isn'	t enough rain.
_a) dro	ught b) draught	c) laughter	d)	laugh
3 Rea	d and com	plete the text with	the words in t	he	box.
		ton - set -school -			
		t shopping with my r			
nere wer	a lot of toy	ys at a 2) .	I liked a train 3))	. It has
 	to ma	ike it move. My mom	liked It, so we	bou	ght it.



Read the text and answer the questions.

Ali is a student. He is in grade six. He went shopping with his pare at the market yesterday. He saw a stall that sold toys. A man showed how a train moved. He thought the toys were amazing. Ali's dad came see the toys, too. He liked the train, so he bought it. He said Ali could with it.

A) '	oncose the correc	answer irom	a, b, c or a.	
1.	Ali is in grade			
	a) 3 t) 4	c) 5	d) 6
2.	The word "amazin	g" is similar to		*** **** **** ****** ***** ****
	a) terrible t) fantastic	c) good	d) interested
3	The underlined pro	onoun "He" refe	rs to	,. ,
			c) Ali's dad	d) the seller
- 1	Answer the follow	• .		
				4 4/4000 0000014 400100014 900 00
-				**** * *** 14 91494 4-419484** *
(5	Put the words	in the correct o	order to make c	orrect sentences
1	laugh - play - We -	draughts - wha	n - WA -	
	laught - play - 100			
2.	imagined - in - Aya			
. 41				
(6	Read and write	the correct for	m of the word(s	s) between bracke
1.	I didn't finish			.(do) my homew ⁶
2.	You should stop	ARR GALES & F	(e	eat) too many swet
3.	I hate .			(watch)
4.	My sister, Sarah, k	oves	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · (paint) flow
5.	I can't imagine	,, .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	* 477 ****** V 17 51 1	(live) on the mo
6.	People should con	tinue	f 1 (1010(01)01)11(0)	(lear

Unit (8) Toys and games

Help your child deal with such questions.

^{المُناك} أن يتمامل مع مثل هذه الأستلة.

Lessons WRITING: A DESCRIPTION OF MY FAVORITE CAME MY FAVORITE GAME

تصريف الأفعال

Vocabulary			الكلمات
description	وصف	bricks	طوب
video games	ألعاب الفيديو	creative	ميدع - إيداعي
outside	بالغارج	adventure	مغامرة
dice	حجر النرد (الزهر)	kind = type = sort	نوع
different	مختلف	important	هام
although - though	بالرغم من - ومع ذلك	images=graphics	صور - رسومات
games console	وحدة تحكم العاب	modern	حديث - معاصر

Conjugation of verbs

	Present	Past	P.P
solve	solv يحل	ed	solved
call	اcall أبسمي / بُنادي / يتصل	ed	called
design	des؛بصمم	igned	designed
find	. , , j 🛶 four	nd	found
build	buil يىني	t	built

Important	expressions and	d prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

solve a problem	يحل مشكلة	an hour a day	ساعة في اليوم
about an hour	حوالي ساعة	too much	كثيرًا جذا
build cities	يبلي ملبلًا	share with	يتشارك مع
once a week	مرة في الأسبوع		

Listen and read

متمغ واقرأ.

My favorite video game by Belal

I love playing all kinds of games. I play games outside with my friends, and at school we play hopscotch and board games. I also enjoy playing



board games with my sister, although she often beats me! هي لعب جميع أنواع الألعاب. ألعب الألعاب في العارج مع أصدقائي، وفي المدرسة نلعب الحجلة والألعاب اللوحية، أنا أستمنع أيضًا ب الألعاب اللوحية مع أختى، على الرغم من أنها غالبًا ما تهزمني ا

My favorite games are video games. I don't play them very ofter though. I play for about an hour on the weekend. It's fun! My favorit games are ones where you build cities. I've made a really big city usin different bricks. It has animals and plants in it, too. I like these game because you can be creative and make something new.

Some of the images in modern video games are amazing. I've go a new games console, which I share with my sister. She enjoys playing adventure games, where you can go to different places to find something important or solve a problem. They can be difficult, but I think they can be fun, too, because they're so exciting.

ش الصور في ألعاب الفيديو الحديثة مذهلة. لقد حصلت على وحدة تحكم ألعاب جديدة، وأتشاركها مع أختي. إنها تستمتع بلعب عاب المغامرة، حيث يمكنك الذهاب إلى أماكن مختلفة للعثور على شيء مهم أو حل مشكلة. يمكن أن تكون صعبة ولكن أعتقد أنها أن أن تكون ممتعة أيضًا، لزنها مثيرة للغاية.

Video games can be a problem when you play them too mud However, I think they can be great when you do something that is ver creative or exciting. You can often play with your friends, too..

أكن أن تشكل ألماب الفيديو مشكلة عندما تلعبها كثيرًا. ومع ذلك، أعتقد أنها يمكن أن تكون رائمة عندما تفعل شيئًا إبداعيًا أو مثيرًا عليها أم المناها الفيديو مشكلة عندما أميدقائك أيضًا.



Read the description again and circle the correct answer.

- 1. Belal plays (board games / hopscotch) with his sister.
- 2. Belal's favorite video games are ones where you build (plants / cities) b
- 3. Some of the (consoles / graphics) in modern video games are amazin-



- عند التعبير عن الرأي نستخدم أفعال مثل: (like - think)

- عند التعبير عن السبب نستخدم (because)

.g. I like these games because you can be creative and make something new.

I think they can be fun, too, because they're so exciting.

How to write a description of a game

- عند كتابة وصف للعبة، قم بكتابة بعض الملاحظات والأفكار.

- استخدم كلمات تعير عن الرأي والسبب الذي جعلك تحبها.

My favorite game

Jse these notes:

What is it called? Chess

How do you play it? Move the pieces on the squares

How often do you play it? Twice a week

Who do you play with? My brother

Why do you like it? It makes me think and be smart.

I love playing all kinds of games. My favorite game is chess. It's a board game with white and black squares. I play it with my prother. We play it twice a week after school. A player can only move an epiece at a time to the square of the other player. I like this game alecause it makes me think and be smart. I think it is a fun game alecause it's exciting.

(Listen and o	thoose the cor	rect ans	swer from a, l	o, c, or d.	
1.	Му	favorite gam	es are	***************	* *!*!*!*!!!!	,(14+++1777111114+++	****
	a)	hopscotch	b) computer	games	c) draughts	d) video	g
2.	I pi	lay for about		******* ** *		on the w	eς
	a)	a while	b) all day		c) an hour	d) 30 mi	inı
3.	Му	favorite gam	ies are ones w	here you	J	********	11 4
	a)	plant	b) do		c) make	d) build	
4.	It h	as	**** *** * ** ***********	.,	ar	nd plants i	n
	a)	animals	b) people		c) birds	d) fish	
(2		Choose the	orrect answe	r from a	, b, c, or d.		
1.	So	me of the		in mo	odern video ga	mes are a	m
	a)	consoles	b) images		c) boards	d) wires	;
2.	I e	njoy playing g	games where I	find son	nething		
	a)	important	b) boring		c) tiring	d) ugly	
3.	Vic	leo games ar	е		when	they are o	ore-
	a)	dirty	b) bad	1	c) great	d) dama	g4
4.	I h	ave got a nev	v games		; which I sh	are with m	y
	a)	console	b) box		c) image	d) draug	,ht
		Read and co	mplete the te	xt with	the words in	the box.	
		(p	laying - hide	- ride -	outside - fun		
	1	like playing g	ames. I always	play 1)	with	my friend	s.
lov	e pl	aying 2)	and se	ek. We a	also enjoy 3)	a ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Ł
gar	nes	i. I think they	can be 4)	b	ecause they're	so excitir	1g.



Read the text and answer the questions.

Some of the images in modern video games are amazing. I've got a new langames console, which I share with my sister. She enjoys playing adventure akajames, where you can go to different places to find something important or solve a problem. They can be difficult but I think they can be fun, too, because they're so exciting. Video games can be a problem when you play dithern too much. However, I think they can be great when you do something that is very creative or exciting. You can often play with your friends, too.

- A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.
- rt, 1. The word "images" is similar in meaning to
 - a) graphics
- b) games
- c) graphs
- d) sports
- Video games can be fun because they're so
 - a) boring
- b) excited
- c) amazed
- d) exciting

- 3. You can often play with your.....
 - a) parents
- b) grandparents c) friends
- d) cousins

- B) Answer the following questions.
 - 4. What kind of games does your sister like?
 - 5. How can video games be a problem?

ŋd.

Sig

Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. love all I playing games kinds of .
- \$ 2, your game What favorite is ?



Write a paragraph of FIFTY (50) words about:

Your favorite video game

្នា Guiding elements:

- What's it called?
- How do you play it?
- Why do you like it?

Writing Corner

My favorite toy

When I was younger, my favorite toy was my skateboard. I loved going to the park and playing with my friends. My skateboard was blue wyellow stickers on it. I had to wear a helmet and knee pads. I got my fine skateboard when I was ten on my birthday. I loved it very much.

The games I enjoyed

When I was little, I really liked games and playing outside. I enjoy riding my bike, running and playing tennis. I was very good at making stories. I had some cuddly toys and some action figures. I was quite goat football. I also really liked playing hopscotch with my friends.

Going shopping

Yesterday I went shopping with my parents at the market. I saw a stall that sold toys. A man showed me how a train set moved. I though the toys were amazing. My mom liked the train set, so she bought it for the laws very happy because I like playing with my toys.

Playing

Playing is good for us in many different ways. When we play, we happy. We also learn about the world and ourselves. When we play, learn to solve problems and make friends. From early times people playdifferent games. In Ancient Egypt people played a game called senet. I like chess. People often play to relax themselves and enjoy their time.

Review on Unit (8)

M	20	ah	ard	ary	,
·V	UC	au	u	aı y	1

marbles	do،l's house البي	skateboard بيت الدمية	لوح التزلج
cuddly toy	rollerblades نسة محشوة	bricks حدّاء التزلج (زلاجات)	طوب
skipp ng	images = graphics نط العبل	modern صور - رسومات	ٔ حدیث
train set	games console سبة القطار	adventure وحدة ألعاب	مغامرة
market	although - thougn، سوق	creative بالرغم من - ومع ذلك	مبدع
posters	hide and seek ملصقات	stall الاستغماية	كشك
description	video games وصف	parents ألعاب الفيديو	الوالدان
outside	action figure بالخارج	board game شخصية حركية	العبة لوحية
machine	all hopscotch	amazing لعبة المربعات (الحجلة)	مذهل

Pronunciation

"gh" sounds like /t/

				-	_
draughts	لعبة الداما	laughter	الضحك	tough	متين - قاس
cough	، كحة / يكح	laugh	يضحك	enough	ً کافِ

"ah" is silent in most words.

bought	drought اشتري	high جلاف	مرتفع - عالٍ
thought	eight اعتقد / فكر	قم ثمانية ˌ daughter	أ ابنه
night	brought البنة	أحشر	

Language

- 1) Intensifiers:(really / very / so + adj.) (really + verb) (Negative نفي + at all)
- e.g. I was really / very good at hiding.

I didn't like skipping at all.

2) Verbs followed by (verb + -ing):

(continue - finish - hate - imagine - like - prefer - stop)

e.g. I enjoy playing football.

I prefer making up stories.

تنطق "gh" مثل صوت ///

نكون "gh" صامته "لا تنطق" في معظم الكلمات.

Dictation on Unit (8)

Lesson (1)					
	ألعاب أطنال		نصية حركية		
***********		* * ** ** * ** ** ** *****	الهيئه حربية		
	لعبة لوحية		49		
**** ******* ** ** *** ***** ****	إ لعبة القطار	*************	6		
******** **** 4418 4 *****************	يىحث عن	y my me allowed liledge passive	ાં.		
	کثیر س	15 5-55-4 -4 24445544 45 55	إمحشوة		
	ا منرل لدُّقي	4 mg	بزع		
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	إحداء الترلج (ولاحات)		التزلج.		
	Lesson	(2)			
	رُ لمنة الاستعماية	1			
-441-14	1		ت امر ,		
· a new - 445-0005hir investmentation of 45 - 5542 5	الحجلة		راح		
44	إنط الحيل	**************************************	J _{te}		
*******	إطلاقا		ائل قميض		
*******	مشروع	**** ** ** ** *************************	,بري		
, ****** ********* -****	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع		â3 ₅ ,		
	Lesson	(3)	•		
	Lesson	(0)			
444 4440'rebb str con _ con _ c _ h _ abbaque a	النسوق	120 - 44444 44 474 () 11	«رطوم / زلومة) الفيل		
** **** ********** * **** ** **** *****	, سوق		سبر		
** ** * * ** * * ** * * * * * * * * * *	ا كشك - دكانة صفيرة	. 14145 4 7 1	وديل		
** ** F************* * * * * * * * * *	. در		يتاف		
******* ****** * **** *********** *** ****	شراع	er 2 dagen oft) jone roller dordrooms	وبة الدامة		
Lessons (4 & 5)					
	Econonia (
* *** **** data	ا وصف	+1 , are in second ore danders	يعدة ألعاب		
* * * * * **** **** ** ** *** ** ***	69K		∞ور - رسومات		
********** **** **** **** ** ** ** ** *	أألعاب الفيديو	** ************************************	, مدع		
A 141 447- 0040 1717-15 4- 1 5410	أ دلخارج		يتي		
10*** 1 1 4 4** 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	مشكلة	** ************************************	ينعامرة		

Activities on Unit (8)

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

(1		Listen and d	hoose the correct an	ISW	er from a, l	o, c, or d.
1.	W	nen I was you	inger, I had a box of			
	a)	cakes	b) toys	C)	marbles	d) games
2.	l ha	ad a go on my	y			. ,
	a)	skateboard	b) rollerblades	C)	bike	d) car
3.	Му	P &P444414 44444 = \$77545		lik	ed playing v	vith a doll's house.
	a)	sister	b) brother	c)	mom	d) dad
4.	Му	brother usua	ıliy	ne v	when we pla	yed board games.
_	a)	paint	b) laugh	C)	hit	d) beat
(2		Choose the c	orrect answer from	a, t), c, or d .	
1.	1			٠		lots of stories.
	a)	made up	b) made in	c)	made of	d) made for
2.	Yo	u can go quite	e fast on	h.h. = 4 4 4 1	***	
	a)	hopscotch	b) rollerblades	c)	train set	d) board games
3.	Му	brother is re	ally good at			· · · and seek.
	a)	cuddly	b) action	c)	hide	d) ride
4.	Th	ere are some	wooden toys on the	loy		,
,	a)	bank	b) stall	·		d) sail
		Read and co	mplete the text wit	h ti	he words in	the box.
		creati	ve - hour - week - pl	ау	- because	/
	1	My favorite ga	ames are video games	s. I	don't 1)	them very
oft	en,	though. I play	for an 2)or	th	e weekend.	l like these games
3)	14455414	VOII	can be 4)	an	d make some	ething new.



4 Read the text and answer the questions.

Video games have become one of the most popular games. All chiplay them. I like all kinds of games. I have a good time playing with my frig Some of the images in modern video games are amazing. I've got a new ge console. I like playing adventure games where you can go to different placefind something important or solve a problem. However, video games can be a problem when you play them too much.

A) Choose the corre							
1. The text is about							
a) football							
2. Don't play video g		,	•	tir			
a) short							
3. The underlined we				*1 =			
a) new							
B) Answer the follow	ving questior	is.					
4. What does the und	lerlined prono	un "them" refer to	?				
5. Summarize the tex	t in one sente	nce	* 1 *1 *1 1 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
5 Put the word							
1. football - think - I							
_		,					
2. didn't - train sets -							
3. games - were - W							
6 Read and writ	e the correct f	orm of the word	(s) between brac	Kt			
1. I prefer	49 AME TO 1 AME THE RE AL	(play) bo	ard games to skip	p.			
2. I think hopscotch	is	(at all) good, but	prefer hide and	sξ			
7 Punctuate th	e following.						
		erestina					
hide and seek is really interesting							
8 Write a paragraph of FIFTY (50) words about:							
Guiding elements:	Your fa	vorite toys					
waring old metho.	(doll's house	- action figure)					

Al-Azhar Corner

-	-								
dn	1 Read a	and complete the di	ialog with the	following	words.				
ηţ		rollerblades - box	x - playing - a	ction - Wha	t				
es Se	Omar : Die	d you visit your grand	dma yesterday	?					
9(A demanded of the second of th								
	Omar : 2)	****************	********	did you	find in there?				
	Adam : There was an 3) figure.								
		oved 4)							
		hat's your favorite to							
Πę	Omar : Hi	ke 5)	~~************************	************************					
	Read a	and complete the di	alog with the	following	words.				
	The same of the sa								
			oy - fine - up	- really					
		, Mona. How are you							
		, Sarah. I'm 1)							
	Sarah : W	hat did you 2)	playing	when you w	ere younger?				
	Mona : 13	8)	,,,. ,,	enjoyed ri	iding my bike.				
		hat were you 4)							
* ^		vas very good at mak	ing 5)		stories.				
r=	(2) Read	and circle the odd o	ne out and re	place it.					
	1. shoppin	og Cairo	working	swimming	()				
Ø	2. mom	uncle	dad	brother	()				
4	3. stall-	market	play	shop	()				
أي	4. skipping			hopscotch	(
	5. apples	doll's house	marbles		()				
	Read :	and circle the odd o	ne out and re	place it.					
	1. cuddly t	toy tra'n set	marbles	running	()				
	2. enjoy	book	prefer	like	()				
	3. but		very	\$0	()				
	4. yellow	game	red bike	green cycling	()				
	5. running	climbing	DINO	7,000	V				

Whot's the story 120 11/11/19 isten and read about Goha and his stories understand and discuss what makes a good story. use the past continuous. write the beginning and ending of a short story. esten to a short story about a boy and a wolf se sequencing adverbs. earn how to say words with the sound /w/. * re part in a cooperative storytelling project.

GOHA'S STORIES

Key vocabulary

setting narrator

characters moral

ending story

Extra vocabulary

man clever

son great

review details

market difference

countryside popular

journey known

let country

different Sudan

should Algeria

must be Morocco

tired main

both

Definitions

characters the people or animals in a story

ending the last part of a story

setting the time and place where a story happens

moral the lesson you learn from a story

narrator the person who tells the story

J'S are

Conjugation of verbs تصريف الأفعال

Regular verbs ألمال منتظمة

	Present	Past	P.P
carry	يحمل	carried .	carried
pass	يعو ۽ ان ان	passed	passed
happen	يحفث	happened	happened
want	يريد.	wanted	wanted
love	يُعب	loved	loved

أنعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

*	Present	Past	P.P
write	بكتب	wrote	written
go	yay	went	gone
ride	ي ركپ	rode	ridden
give	يمعلي	gave	given
teach	يُعلم	taught	taught ·
let	بسمع / ينع	let	let _
know	يعوف	knew	known

Important e	ميرات وحروف جر هامة 		
many years ago	tak مندَّعدة سنوات	e turns	بنبادل الأدوار
Sodol.	إلى إوانا أيضًا (كذلك).	over the world	بٰن كل أتحاء العالم
the same	be) فاس الشيء) right about that	على حق في ذلك

take place in یکتب عن

Did you know?

People have told stories for thousands of years.

The Ancient Egyptians carved pictures to tell stories.

لقدروي الناس القصيص منذ آلاف السنين. لقد نحت المصريون القدماء العبور لرواية القصيص.



write about

Listen and read:

استمع واقرأ

Why do the man and his son carry the donkey?



What are you doing, Lama? Mom

Lama

I'm writing a review of one of Goha's stories. The one about a man who goes to the market with his son and a donkey. The setting is the countryside, many years ago. Two of the characters - the man and his son - take turns riding the donkey because it's a long journey. When the boy rides the donkey, the people they pass say he should let his father ride. When the man rides the donkey, they say that he should let his son have a turn. Then, they say the donkey must be tired. So, in the ending of the story, they both carry the conkey!

أنا أكتب مقالة نقدية لاحدى قصص جحا. قصة الرجن الذي يذهب إلى السوق ومعه ابنه وحماره. المكان هو الريف، والزمان منذ سنوات عديدة. يتناوب اثنان من الشخصيات - الرجل وابنه - على ركوب الحمار لأنها رحلة طويلة. عندما يركب الصبي الحمار، يقول الناس الذبن بمروق إنه بجب أن يترك والده يركب. عندما يركب الرجل الحمار، يقولون إنه يجب أن يترك ابنه بأخذ دوره. ثم يقولون إن الحمار بالتأكيد مُنعب. لذك في نهاية القصة كلاهما بحمل الحمارا

Mom

Haha! His stories are both funny and clever, aren't they?

هاها! قصصه مضحكة وذكية: أليس كذلك؟

Lama

Yes, they are. He's a great narrator, too. I love the details he gives: about the characters, the setting, and everything that happens.

نعم هي كذلك. إنه راوي عظيم أيضًا. أحب التفاصيل التي يقدمها عن الشخصيات والمكان والزمان وكل ما بحدث.

Mom

So do I. In fact, his stories are popular all over the world. But he's known by different names. For example, in Sudan, he's Jawha, In Algeria, he's Jeha, and in Morocco, he's Jha.

وأنا أيضًا. في الواقع، تحظى قصصه بشعبية في جميع أنحاء العالم. لكنه معروف بأسماء مختلفة. على سبيل المثال، في السودان، هو جوحا. في الجزائر اسمه جيحا، وفي المقرب جها.

Are the stories the same in every country? Lama

هل القصص تقس الشيء في كل بلد؟

Mom There are some differences, but they all have a moral that Goha

wants to teach us. What do you think is the moral of this story?

هناك بعض الاحتلافات ولكنها جميفا بها مفزي يربد جحا تعليمه. في رأيك ما مفزي هذه القصة؟

That you can't make everyone happy. Lama

أنه لا يمكنك إسعاد الجميع.

I think Goha is right about that!

أعتقد أن جحاعلي حق في ذلك!

Lama: . . Me, too. I'm happy that I know which story to write about, though!

وإنا أيضاً. أنا سعيدة لأنني أعرف أي قصة سأكتب عنهاء رغم ذلك!

General Activities

1	listen and	circle the correct a	answer from a,	b, c or d:
1.	I'm writing a re	eview of one of Goh	a's	** **** *********************
	a) stories	b) books	c) plays	d) films
2.	The story is al	bout a man who goe	es to the	******************************
	a) 200	b) library	c) school	d) market
3.	The		is the countrysic	le, many years ago
	a) ending	b) setting	c) narrator	d) characters
4.	The man and	his son take turns ri	ding the	
	a) bus	b) bike	c) donkey	d) car
2	Choose the	correct answer fro	ma.b.cord:	
				r animals in a ston
	a) Endings			d) Narrators
2	The			re a story happens
	a) setting			d) character
3	The		•	learn from a story
0.	a) moral			d) ending
4	The			who tells the story
,.		b) character	•	
3			·	
3	Read and c	omplete the text w	iith the words i	n the box:
	man	 setting - characte 	rs - journey - de	onkey
		review of one of		
a 1) 2)		who goes to the mark is the countryside,		
-		the man and his so		_
	ause it's a long			

Lesson (1)

4 Read the text then and the the

I'm Lama. I'm writing a review of one of Goha's stories. The one about a man who goes to the market with his son and a donkey. The setting is the countryside, many years ago. Two of the characters – the man and his son – take turns riding the donkey because it's a long journey. When the boy rides the donkey, the people they pass say he should let his father ride. When the man rides the donkey, they say that se should let his son have a turn. Then, they say the donkey must be tired. So, in the ending of the story, they both carry the donkey! In Goha's stories there is a moral. The moral in this story is that you can't make everyone happy.

A) Choose the correct answer from a. b. c or d

- Lama is writing a of one of Goha's stories.
 - a) review b) homework c' notebook search
- 2. The underlined pronoun "he" refers to
 - a) Goha b) son c Lama donkey
- 3. The man and his son are the of the story.

 a) setting b) characters c) narrators endings
- B) Answer the following questions
- 4. What is the moral of this story?
- 5. What do they do at the end of the story?

5 Put the words in the correct ord .

- are main There two characters the in story .
- 2. the stories same Are the every in country ?
- 3. known Goha as in Jha is Morocco .
- 6 Punctuate the following.
 - why do the man and his son carry the donkey
- 7 Write a text of FIFTY (50) were a nin .

Your favorite story

Guiding elements:

(Goha - man - market - donkey)

Lesson (2) A MESSAGE IN A BOTTLE

	p. att.	aan tabatab	the last reason to the to the	
Key vo	cabulary			ان أساسية
message	grandparents	الأجداد	bottle	غبه
surf	beginning برکب الاموج	بداية	important even	يك مهم ا
Extra	vocabulary			ان إضافية
	•			
near	granddad سیب	75	forest	¥i
quiet	ा trash	قمامة	path	34
beautiful	better	أفضل	scared	بالث
sand	idea یول	فكرة	weather'	نآس
glass	space ناخ	فطياه		
	Conjugation of	verbs	تصريف الأفعال	
Regular ve	rbs نسان ما		ال غير منتطبة verbs	أقعا
Preser	nt Past PP	Pres	ent Past	P.P
surf z!	surfed surfed یرکت الامو	put	put يضع	put
fold	folded folded يطوي	throw	threw ِيشِ / يرى	thrown
arrive	arrived arrived	ring	rang بن	rung
watch	watched watched	grow up	grew up یکر	grown up
call	called called يتصل	forget	forgot باسی	forgotter
look	looked looked ينظر	send	sent يرسل	sent
جل مدف score	scored scored یحرر ب	get	got يحصل على	got
hope	hoped hoped	come	came یاتی	come
follow	followed followed	shine	shone ٌ تشرق - بلبع	shone
Impoi	tant expressions an	d prepos	جرهامة مitions	سِرات وحروف
by the sea	one day بجوار البحر	ا ذات يوم	t's + inf (العالم)	الإبنا + (مصدر ال
a piece of	come in لطعة من	th يدخل	row out to sea	طِّي فِي اليحر
back at	نداد walk along بالعودة الي	th يسير على اه	row into sea	بلي في البحر

forget about

many years passed

Lesson (2)

Listen and read the beginning of the story.

Tom's grandparents lived by the sea. The beach near their house was quiet and beautiful, and he loved to go there with them. They swam, surfed, and played games on the sand.

عاش أجداد ثوم بحالب البحر كان الشاطئ بالقرب من مبرلهم هادنًا وحميلًا، وكان يحب الذهاب معهم إلى هناك. نقد سبحوا وركبوا . الأمواج وتعبوا الألعاب على الرمال.

One day, they were swimming in the sea when Tom saw a glass bottle in the water. "Look, Granddad," he said. "Let's put it in the trash."

في حد تريد، كانوا يستحون في النجر عندما رأى توم زجاجة في الماء قال: "انظر يا جدي." "هيا ينا تضعها في سنة المهملات."

"I have a better idea," said Granddad. "Let's write a message in a bottle."

أ قال الجد: "لدى فكرة أفضل." "دعنا نكتب رسالة في رجاجة."

"What's a message in a bottle?"

"ما لرسالة التي في الرحاجة؟"

"You write a message on a piece of paper, fold the paper, and put it in the bottle, then throw the bottle out to sea for someone else to find."

"تكتب رسالة على قطعة من الورق، ثم تطوي الورقة ونضعها في الرجاجة، ثم ترمي الزجاجة في البحر لبجدها شخص آخر."

Back at the house, Granddad washed the glass bottle and gave Tom a pen and a piece of paper. Tom was writing his message when Grandma came in the room.

عند عودته الى المبرل، قام الحد بعسل الرحجة وأعطى نوم فلها وقطعة من الورق. كان توم يكتب رسالته عندما دخلت الجدة إلى الغرفة.

"What are you doing, Tom?" asked Grandma.

سأبت الحدة "ماذا تفعل با توم؟"

"I'm writing a message in a bottle," answered Tom. "Do you want to read it?"

أجاب ثوم: "أنا اكتب رسالة في زجاجة". "هل تريدين قراءتها؟"

Hello!

My name's Tom. I'm 11 years old and I'm from the USA.
My favorite things are space, animals, and the color blue.
What are your favorite things? Please email back to tell me!
My email address is tom@beachnet.usa
From Tom



The next day, Tom and his grandparents went to the beach to throw the bottle into the sea.

Many years passed, and Tom grew up. He and his grandparents forgot about the message in a bottle. Then, one day, Tom was working when Granddad sent him a message....

أ مرت سنوات عديدة، وكبر نوم. لقد سبي هو وأجداده الرسالة الموجودة في الزجاجة. وفي أحد الأيام، كان توم يعمل عندما أرسل له جده رسالة....

- Listen and read again. Make notes about the beginning of the story.
 - 1. The characters are
- 2. The setting is
- The first important event is

- Read the start of another story.

My friend Ali and I were playing in the forest yesterday. It was a lovely afternoon and the sun was shining. We were near my home, and we we hoping to see some interesting animals and birds. We were walking alo, the path when suddenly we saw a little house in the distance. "Let's and look at the house," said Ali. I was a bit scared and didn't want to but I followed him. Near the house, there was

ع أنا وصديقي على نلعب في الغابة بالأس. لقد كانت فترة ما بعد الظهر جميلة وكانت الشمس مشرفة. كنا ما غرب من منزلي، وكنا إن ترى بعض الحيوانات والطيور المثبرة للاهتمام كنا نسير على طول الطريق عندما رأينا فجاة منزلاً صغيراً من بعيب فال عني: وبنا تذهب وننظر إلى المنزل". كنت خلافًا بعض الشيء ولم أرغب في الذهاب، لكنني تبعثما والتقرب من الممرل كان هناك

-	Write a beginning of another story about finding something on
	a beach. Before you write, make notes to answer the questions.

- 1. Which beach were you on?
- 2. What time of day was it?.....
- 3. Who were you with?
- 4. What was the weather like?....
- 5. What were you doing?....
- 6. What did you find?
- Use your notes to write the beginning of your story.

Yesterday, I was on the beach near my house. It was morning and it was sunny. I was walking with my friend when we

- Work in pairs. Role play an interview.

Where were you?

I was on the beach near my house.



What were you doing?

We were swimming.

What was the weather like?

It was sunny.





الاستخدام Usage

- We use the past continuous in stories to say what was happening at a particular time in the past.

eq. Yesterday afternoon, John was walking his dog.

 We can also use the past continuous with when and the past simple to show when one action interrupted another in the past:

eg. I was reading a book when my dad came.

Form التكوين

- I was doing my homework yesterday evening.
- We were playing computer games.

النق Negative

- He was not watching TV.
- They weren't riding their bikes.

لاحظ الاختصارات الآنية:

was not ---- wasn't

were not

Question July

Yes/No question

اسم مفرد / Was + I/he/she/it $+ \{v + ing\}$? اسم جمع / Were + you/we/they

- Was Ali sw mming?
- Yes, he was. No, he wasn't.
- Were they surfing?
 Yes, they were.
 No, they weren't,

Wh- question

- What was she doing?
- She was eating.
- What were they doing?
 They were playing on the beach.

Keywords کلیات الله

at 5 yesterday

yesterday evening في الساعة الخامسة أمس

yesterday morning

when صباح اس

- When we saw a little house, we were walking along the path.

- I was watching TV when you called me.

عندما ينتهى الفعل بحرف لـ (e) غير منطوق (قبله حرف ساكن) تحدُف (e) قبل إصافة (ing)

ride ----- riding arrive ------ arriving

,ذا انتهي الفعل بحرف ساكن مسبوقًا بحرف متحرك بصاعف الحرف الساكن الأخير قبل إصافة (ng) إسترط أن يكون الله بكون من مقطع واحدل

get _____ getting

swim ----- swimming



Practice

1 Choose the correct answer from a, h, c or d.

1.	Yesterday mo	rning, Ali					his hom	nework.
	a) does	b) w	vas doing	c)	did	d)	doing	
2.	They were		he mad apad abe. when .					a story.
	a) read	b) r	eads	c)	reading	d)	to read	ding
3.	I was eating w	hen the	phone	,, ,	**** ****			
	a) ring							
4.	*** ** ***** * **	***	you loo	king	at your	phone v	hen I sa	w you?
	a) Was	b) l	S	c)	Were	d)	Are	
5.	Fatin	1 71+	*		pl	aying co	mputer	games.
	a) was	b) v	vere	c)	does	d)	did	
6.	Dad was read	ling a ne	wspaper wh	nen l	ina			
4.5	a) come	b) c	omes	c)	was co	ming d)	came	
2	Read and w	rite the	correct forn	nof	the word	l(s) bety	veen bra	ckets.
1.	Hamza.			(were) wa	atching a	football	match.
2.	Ayman was .					*	(nde) l	nis bike.
3.	Hani was doi	ng his h	omework		(where)	he got	a text m	essage.
4.	Hend and I	.,	•		(play)	when he	er father	arrived.
5.	Aya			- {	not wate	h) TV w	hen I ca	lled her.
6.	Ali was drivin	ng his ca	r when his p	ohon	е			(ring).
7.	Sami				(were) walkin	g with hi	s friend.
8.	What were y	ou				***)* * ** *	mereca and b	(do)?
9.	I was					(walk) along t	he path.
10	. Ali and I				(w	as) play	ing in th	e forest.

General Activities

1	lie(epreci	i sie t	He correct	ansv	ver from a,	b, ca	rd.
1.	Tom is		Anlonedorini sab		~\$}\$\$ -e+#} ###################################		years
	a) ten	b)	eleven	c)	nine	d)	twelve
2.	He is from the						
	a) Egypt	ь)	France	c)	Chine	d)	USA
3.	His favorite thir	ngs are	е		, animal	s and	the color bi
	a) space	b)	plants	c)	clothes	d)	birds
4.	His email				is:	tom@	beachnet.կ։
	a) title	b)	name	c)	address	d)	nickname
.2	Cheese the	Brice	t answer fi	om a	, b, cor d.		
1.	I get a text	******				fı	rom my frier
	a) message				call		tone
2.	The bottle is m	ade of					easy to brea
	a) stone	b) :	wood	c)	glass	d)	cloth
3.	They loved wat	er spo	orts. They			** * * * ***	and swa
	a) surfed	*		c)	jumped	d)	served
4.	I write the mess	_					pap
	a) in	b)			at	d)	
5.							e else to fin
_	a) get				read		teach
Ь.	Let's a) put	h)	nute	ا		۱	it in the tras
, <u> </u>							
1 3	Read and co	m _i let	te the text i	vith	the words i	n the	box.
		walkin	g - hoping -	shini	ng - saw - s	ee	
	My friend Ali a	nd I w	ere playing	in the	forest yest	erday.	It was
a lo	ovely afternoon a	and th	e sun was	1)	. ;	We w	ere near 🏾
	ne, and we were					-	
	is. We were 3).						
	a little h						
Sall	d Ali. I was a bit s	cared	and didn't v	vant t	o go, but I to	ollowe	a nim. 🦯

4 Read the text then answer the questions.

Tom's grandparents lived by the sea. The beach <u>near</u> their house was quiet and beautiful, and he loved to go there with them. They swam, suried, and played games on the sand. One day, they were swimming in the sea when Tom saw a glass bottle in the water. "Look, Granddad," he said. "Let's put it in the trash." "I have a better idea," said Granddad. "Let's write a message in a bottle." "What's a message in a bottle?" Tom asked "You write a message on a piece of paper, fold the paper, and put it in the bottle, then throw the bottle out to sea for someone else to find." Granddad replied.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. Tom's grandparents lived by the ...
 - a) sea
- b) lake
- c) river
- d) farm

- 2. The beach near their house was ...
 - a) bad
- b) noisy
- c) quiet
- d) ugly
- 3. The underlined word "near" is opposite to
 - a) small
- b) far
- c) big
- d) tali

B) Answer the following questions.

- 4. What was Tom doing when he saw a glass bottle in the water?
- 5. What was the bottle made of?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1. was I Yesterday playing football afternoon, .
- 2. Ali morning yesterday What doing- was ?

- 3. lived Tom's sea by the parents .
- 4. was a newspaper Dad Lina when came reading .
- 5. TV I when you wasn't me called watching .

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets. 6 . (rain) yesterday morning The weather was 1. (were) shining The sun 2. (Was) you playing computer games yesterday morning 3. was reading a book when my mom. (arrive 4. Hady was . . (watch) a football match when Egypt scored a goa 5. Was Hend looking at her phone (what) you saw her in the street 6. They (listen) to music when the man shouted 7. You were studying for the exam when the car (stop) outside 8. They were drawing squares when their friends (come) to talk to them 9. 10. I (work) when my friend sent me a message Punctuate the following. 7 which beach were you on Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

Finding something on a beach

Guiding elements:

- Which beach were you on?
- What time of day was it?
- Who were you with?

Lesson (3) THE BOY WHO CRIED WOLF

Key vocabulary

كلمات أساسية







shepherd راعي



villager قروي



wolf ڏڻپ

Extra vocabulary

main characte
real
sorry
joke

angry شخصية رئيسية lonely حقيق bored

نكتة

untrue غصبان idea يشعر بالوحدة un شاعر بالمثل

كادب / غير صحيح فكرة متعة - مرح

كلمات إضافية

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

	Present '	* *	Past	P.F
annoy		يضايق	annoyed	annoyed
cry		يصرخ / يبكي / يصبح	cried	cried
believe	* .	يصدق	believed	believed
shout		يصرخ	shouted	shouted
save		ينقذ	saved	saved
eat	* * * * *	يأكل	ate	eaten
tell	Pa Ar	يخبر	told	toid

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جر شامة

at the end في النهاية on your own many times عدة مرات waste time ... يهدر الوقتُ - يضيع الوقت angry with . غاضب من

Sequencing adverbs.

ظروف التسلسل

We use sequencing adverbs to say when things happen. They help us to understand the order of events. This makes the text easier to follow.

يتخدم ظروف التسلسل لنقول مني تحدث الأشياء. فهي تساعدنا في فهم ترتيب الأحداث. وهذا يجعل النص أسهل للمتاسة.

First y Next ja

أحرًا/ في النهابة Finally بعد ذلك After that ثير

The Boy Who Cried Wolf

- Peter was lonely and bored. He wanted some fun. He had an idea.
- First, he shouted "Wolf"! and the villagers came to help and save the sheep.
- Next, he said there was no wolf and it was a joke.
- Then, Peter did it again.
- After that, the villagers were very angry and said he shouldn't waste. their time.
- Finally, a read wolf came. It are the sheep. Peter was very sorry.
- Notes to help you to write a story using sequencing adverbs.
- First, plan your story, and decide what it will be about.

أولاَّء خطط لقصتك، وقرر ما الذي ستتناوله.

- Next, write a first draft of your story.

بعد ذلك، أكتب المسودة الأولى بقصتك.

- After that, check and correct your spelling and grammar.

بعد ذلك، قم بالتدفيق والتصحيح الإملال والنحوي.

- Finally, share it with friends and enjoy!

وأخيراء قم بمشاركتها مع الأصدقاء واستمتع

Choose the correct words to complete the recipe.

Salatet Zabadee

- (First / Then), take a cucumber and cut it in pieces 1.
- 2. (Next / Finally) , mix the yogurt and mint in a bowl.
- 3. (After that / First) , add some garlic and salt if you like
- (Next / Finally) , take it to the table for everyone to enjoy 4.

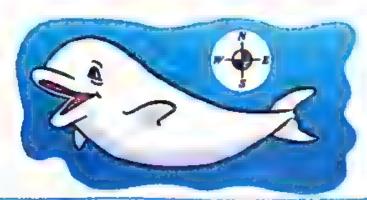


Listen and repeat.



- Complete the words with w or wh. Listen, check and repeat.
 - 1) arm
- alk
- 3) at

- 4) ave
- 5) ere
- 6) est
- Listen, read, and repeat the sentences:
- 1. A white whale went west.
- 2. A wolf whispered, "What? When?"





الله المد شد و هو عزه من كلمة يتم نطقه بشكل أفوى من باقي الكلمة. ... هو حزه من كلمة يتم نطقه بشكل أفوى من باقي الكلمة.

- When a word has a prefix, the prefix usually isn't stressed.

يدما تحتوى الكلمة على بادنة، عادةً لا يتم التشديد على البادئة.

If the base word has one syllable, the stress is on the base word.

وكانت الكلمة الأساسية تتكون من مقطع واحد بتم التشديد على أصل الكلمة.



dislike _____ Why do you dislike surfing?

indoors _____ I like playing indoors.



unhappy...... He was unhappy.

resend _____ Let's resend the message.



incorrect _____ This answer is incorrect.



untidy _____ The room is untidy.



General Activities

نعن الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1.	There was once	a b	by who looked	aft	er some		
	a) cows	b)	sheep	c)	goats	d)	donkeys
2.	The boy was		dateda daku ppasidayyaday, naw	*	******	114514-541-64-	
	a) bored	b)	excited	c)	happy	d)	clever
3.	One day, he play	/ed	a trick on the				,
	a) students	b)	tourists	c)	visitors	d)	villagers
4.	The villagers car	me i	up the hill to				the sheep.
	a) eat	b)	look after	c)	save	d)	carry
2	Choose the co	rre	ct answer fro	m a	, b, cor d.		
1.	The main		in the sto	ry v	was a bit bo	ring. L	didn't like him.
	a) moral	_					
2.	My little brother	alwa	ays		. 1	ne whe	n he is bored.
	a) annoys	b)	reads	c)	eats	d)	drinks
3.	If you tell untrue	sto	ries, no one wi	Ⅱ.			. you.
	a) hate	b)	eat	c)	believe	d)	work
4.							
	a) First					,	
	If you tell						-
	a) true	b)	right	c)	untrue	d)	exact
3	Read and con	nple	ete the text w	ith	the words	in the	box.
	Nex	ct - v	rillagers - sho	ute	d - fun - w	olf	
	Peter was one	ly ai	nd bored. He w	/ant	ted some 1)		He had an
	a. First, he 2)				_		•
	e the sheep, 3).						
	ke. Then, Peter o						
711 11	LSAND DE SOOMAN	1 10/12	asie ilieli lima:		CAUV A FEAT	WULLIN 1.2	THE IT ATE THE

sheep. Peter was very sorry.

4 The words in the correct order to make sentences.

- main Why the villagers the character annoy did ?
- 2. and bored Peter lonely- was .

wolf - the - What - eat - at - did - the end - ?

- do Why disagree him with you ?
- like indoors I playing sister my with .
- is the main the character Who in story ?
- 5 : tatuate the following.
 - it's better to work on your own
- 6 : Mea text of FIFTY (50) words about:

How to make salatet zabadee

Guiding elements:

(First - cucumber - mix - yogurt)

(4 & 5)

WRITING: THE ENDING OF A STORY PROJECT

Vocab	oulary				الكلمات
reply	2)/29!	coast	ساحل	boat	قارب
weekend	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع	sailing	الإنجاز	excited	متحمس
France	فرنسا	favorite	مفضل	later .	فيمايعد
woman	إمرأة	things	الشياء	plane	طالوق
	Conju	gation of ve	rbs -	منجم الألام	

Regular verbs افعال منتظمة

	Present		Past	P.P	
ravel		trav، يسافر	eled	traveled	
enjoy		enjo ستمتع ب	yed	enjoyed	
cass		. 🥕 pas	sed	passed	
visit		visit بزور	ed	visited	
augh		laug بضحك	ghed	laughed	
decide to		deci بقرران	ided to	decided to	

أنعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

Presen	t Past	P.P
send	sent يرسل	sent
ind	found	found
mean	meant	meant
Juon nb	grew up	grown up
come	came بان	come
feel	felt سمر	felt

بعبيرات وحروف جر هامة Important expressions and prepositions

read about	يقرأ عن	come into	يلخل
travel over	يسافر لأكثر من	That's a great idea!	فله فكرة رائعة ا
welcome to	مرحبًا بك في	a long way	طريق طويل

Read this ending of the story: ,

Many years passed and Tom grew up. He and his grandparents forgot about the message in a bottle. Then, one day, Tom was working when Granddad sent him a message.

يوات عديدة وكبر توم. لقد نسي هو وأجداده الرسالة الموجودة في الزجاجة، وفي أحد الزام، كان توم بعمل عندما أرسل به جده رسالة.

الوال عالم المراجع ال

That weekend, Tom went to his grandparents' house.

"A man in France found the message," said Granddad. "Look, here is help."

ية هذا الأسبوع، ذهب توم إلى منزل أجناده. هي: "عثر رجل في فرنسا على الرسالة"، "انظر، ها هورده."



From: Hugo

To : Tom

Hello Tom,

My name is Hugo and I live in Biarritz. France. I I've on the coast and love sailing my boat. Last week, I was sailing when I saw something the water – your message in a bottle! This means it traveled over 6,00 kilometers.

I enjoyed reading about your favorite things. My favorite things are moboat, mangoes, and the color green.

You are very welcome to come and visit me in France one day!
With best wishes,

Hugo

بأتوب

مي هوجو وأعيش في بياريتزء فرنسا. أعيش على الساحل وأحب الإبحار بقاربي، في الأسبوع الماضيء كنت أبحر عندما رأيت شبئا أي الماه - رسالتك في زجاجة (وهذا يعني أنها سافرت أكثر من ١٠٠٠ كيلومتر. فقد استمتمت بالقراءة عن الأشياء المفضلة لديك. أبل المفصلة هي القارب والمانجو والون الأعجر. أنت مرحب بك جدًا لزبارتي في قرنسا يومًا ما

إلخيب التعلياتء

gr!

Lessons (4 & 5)_____

Tom was very excited. "Wow, our message traveled a really long way!" Later that evening, Tom was writing something when Granddad came into the room.

"What are you doing, Tom?"

"I'm writing to Hugo."

"Why, are you going to visit him?"

"You and I are both going to visit him!"

"That's a great idea," laughed Granddad. "But it's a long way, so let's go by plane!"

> كان نُوم متحمشا حدًا. "رائع، لقد قطعت رسائتنا طريقًا طويلًا جدًا!" في وبد باحق من ذلب المساد، كان توم يكتب شيئًا ما عندما دخل جده القوفة. اتحال تتمار بالومكة ١٠٠٠ أكب إلى هوجوء" الماراء هن منتزوره؟" الراوات سيروردان

ضحك النحت: "إنَّها فكرة والعة". "ولكن الطريق طويل، لذلك دعنا تُذَهب بالطائرة!"

A.good ending

-(i)-	Ţij	P.
		_

A good ending tells you what happens to the characters and how they feel at the end of the story.

تُحبرِث النهاية الحيدة بما يحدث للشخصيات وما يشعرون به في ثهاية القصة.

- Write another ending to the story.

0	From		<pre>4************************************</pre>
W	To .	ì	Tom

Hello Tom, My name is and I live in Last week, I was when when I enjoyed reading about your favorite things. My favorite things are

Tom felt Then he and Granddad decided to

(1	Listen and d	rcle the correct	answer from a , l	b, c or d.
1.	Hugo lives in Bi	arritz,	20-c 20-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	424090000000000000000000000000000000000
	a) France	b) Egypt	c) China	d) USA
2.	Hugo loves	m A de quadicable seembles who will	17-1-20-12-20-1-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-	his boa
	a) driving	b) riding	c) carrying	d) sailing
3.	Hugo saw some	thing in the	A) DI VO 1 2011*** 11047718*** III	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	a) sky.	b) land	c) water	d) ground
4.	The message in	a bottle traveled	over	kilometers
	a) 6	b) 6,000	c) 600	d) 60
(2)	Choose the co	orrect answer fro	ma, b, cord.	
1.	Many years			and Tom grew up.
	a) passed	b) traveled	c) worked	d) visited
2.	Grandpa			me a message.
	a) ran	b) played	c) took	d) sent
3.	Hugo sent a .		***************************************	to our message.
	a) talk	b) reply	c) boat	d) great
4.	I enjoyed reading		1007413 A 1 17 11 0000 0000 0 1	interesting things.
	a) in	b) on	c) about	d) at
5.	_			
(2)	a) way		-	d) why
3	Read and con	iplete the text w	ith the words in	the box.
	working - gran	ndparents - Fran	ce - believe - po	oular)
	Many years pas	sed and Tom gre	w up. He and his	1)
forgo	ot about the mess	sage in a bottle. The	hen, one day, Ton	1 was 2)
whei	n Granddad sent	him a message. T	om, you won't 3)	1914-1001011410000001204024AE0EA 10
it! V	Ve have a reply to	o our message in	a bottle! That wee	ekend, Tom went
		_		nd the message."
	Granddad. "Look			

Lessons (4 & 5)---



- 1. Hugo doing What when he the message found was ?
- 2. was yesterday writing Tom a message morning .
- 3. to I to France by travel decided plane .
- 4. you Why him are going visit to ?
- 5. welcome You me are and to come visit .

(5) Punctuate the following.

- my name's Ali and I live in egypt
- 6 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

A short story

Guiding elements:

(characters - setting - main events - ending)

Writing Corner

A beginning of a story

My friend Ali and I were playing in the forest yesterday. It was a love afternoon and the sun was shining. We were near my home, and we were hoping to see some interesting animals and birds. We were walking alon the path when suggesty we saw a little house in the distance. "Let's go arm look at the house," said Ali. I was a bit scared and didn't want to go, but I followed him. Near the house, there was

The boy who cried "wolf"

Peter was lonely and bored. He wanted some fun. He had an ide-First, he shouted "Wolf" and the villagers came to help and save the sheep. Next, he said there was no wolf and it was a joke. Then, Peter did it again. After that, the villagers were very angry and said he shouldn't waste the time. Finally, a real wolf came. It ate the sheep. Peter was very sorry.

A reply to a message



From: Hugo

To : Tom

Helio Tom.

My name is Hugo and I live in Biarritz, France. I live on the coast and I love sailing my boat. Last week, I was sailing when I saw something in the water – your message in a bottle! This means it traveled over 6,000 kilometers. I enjoyed reading about your favorite things. My favorite things are my boat mangoes, and the color green. You are very welcome to come and visit me in France one day!

With best wishes,

Hugo

Review on Unit (9)

Vocabulary

		*UVC	Julai y			
setting	المكان والزمان	message	Į.	d 3 no.	reply	. / 1
moral	مقرى - الدوس المستقاد	surf		برک الاموا	story	A _{ma} 1
narrator	راوي	grandpar	9173	of months	bottle	4 * *
ending	خائمة ، نهاية	sheep		New	weekend	eya to a co
beginning	يداية	shephem	1	30	villager	44.3
characters	الشخصيات	coast		مياض	boat	Ç. 1
events	أحداث	sailing		jenetji	excited	متحمين
review	ملال نلدي	favorite		مفضين	ater	40. 40
man	رجل	things		فشيته	plane	طابرة
journey	رحلة	work		يمنل	travel	parties.
4	with the original of	Pronu	nciati	on		
		/w/ s	ound			
water		ماه	walk			يستن
wolf		نئب	whispe	9f		بهمس
wave		موچة	white			الميطى
west		غرب.	whale			موث
		Lan	guage			
Th	e Past Con	tinuous	Tens	se		
grap at					ني ليسب	ردي آيماد

ستجدم المحين المستمر ليقل على شن كان يحدث في وقت ممين في الماحي

eg. Yesterday afternoon Jahn was warking his deg

، يمكننا أبينًا استجمام الماضي المستمر ليبان أن حمثًا ما قطع حمثًا أحر.

باص مسلم + when + - - , مسمر

eg. I was reading a book when my dad came home

Sequencing adverbs

First ; Next ___ Then _ After that ___ Finally

Dictation on Uni

Lesso

المكان والرمان

الشخصيات

خاتمة - نهاية

يعمل

Lesso

رسالة

الأجداد

زجاجة

يعيش

Lesso

أغنام

فروي

شخصية رئيسية

يضايق

Lesson

رد

ً قارب

الإنحار

أمقصل

رجل

يستمتع

1 (1)	
100 May 100 M 100 M	إلرس الفستفاد
n (2)	وأموا
	(No.
on (3)	
** * * *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	3.
s (4 & 5)	- ,
41-3-4-9	١٠٠٠ السبوع
17 T 171 M 4 M	- 00
40.00 1. 22 1 244	انور بر

delp your child dictate these words.

Activi	ties		m.	9
--------	------	--	----	---

	_		
1	1	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or	d.

- 1.	Yesterday, I was o	ET III	e				
	a) beach	b)	road	'c)	ship	d)	garden
	a) windy	b)	sunny		rainy		cloudy
	a) brother	b)	sister	c)			friend
4.	We saw a big a) shark			c)	whale	d)	starfish
	2 Choose the cor	rec	t answer fro)M a	, b, c, or d.		
1.	The		of the	e sto	ry is that kind	ness	is everything.
	a) moral	b)	character	c)	ending	d)	narrator
2.	The			is th	e person who	tells	you the story.
	a) character	b)	setting	c)	narrator	d)	moral
3.	In the		·	, W	e find out why	y the	man was sad.
	a) narrator	b)	ending	c)	setting	d)	character
4.	The	4444444	44****************	John James and de	44 LLLAG 1411-141	is Lo	ndon, in 1965.
	a) character	b)	narrator	c)	ending	d)	setting
1	Dond and come	الأمالة	o éla o élitré sur	ish si	housands in t	ha ha	. se

message - surfed - beach - sea - games

Tom's grandparents I ved by the sea. The () _____ house was guiet and beautiful, and he loved to go there with them. They swam, 2)..... and played games on the sand. One day they were swimming in the 3)..... when Tom saw a glass bottle in the water. His Granddad said, "Let's write a 4)...... in a bottle."

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

I'm Ali. I'm writing a review of one of Goha's stories. The one about a man who goes to the market with his son and a donkey. The setting is a countryside, many years ago. Two of the characters—the man and his and the trides the turns riding the donkey because it's a long journey. When the trides the donkey, the people they pass say he should let his father right when the man rides the donkey, they say that he should let his son has a turn. Then, they say the donkey must be tired. So, in the ending of the story, they both carry the donkey!

A) Choose the correct answer from 1. 'Ali is writing a	n a, b, c or d.	of C	Goha's stori
a) note b) review 2. The setting of this story is the	c) comment	d)	post
a) market b) zoo 3. In the	c) countryside of the story, they	d) car	park ry the donk
 a) beginning b) middle B) Answer the following questions 4. Who are the characters of this sto 	i.	1	
 What's the moral of the story? Put the words in the correct 	***************************************		*************
1. and - a cucumber - First, - cut -			
2. you - Why - do - surfing - dislike	?.		
3: riding - his - Ayman - was - bike	- morning - yesterd	ay:-	
6 Read and write the correct fo	rm of the word(s) b	etwo	een bracket
He (play) the city where travelling to the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where travelling the city where the	-		
Punctuate the following. a white whale went west 			
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) we			
Guiding elements: The characters - Main events	B - The setting	- T	he ending

Alenan Corner

1. 1.	Read and co	mpletethe	dialog with	พอ ^ห ะไร โรกล	illefen.		
- X	differe	nces - narra	tor - funny -	review - pop	oular .		
Mom	: I'm writing : His stories : Yes, he is	a are 2). a great 3)	of one of Goha's stories. , aren't they? , too. all over the world.				
Lama	: Are the sto	ories the sam some 5)		untry?			
游		omplete the ly - were - bo			ithe ball		
-Hoda Shah Hoda	nd: I was on t a: What 2) nd: I was 3)		you doing? with my friends. like?				
2	Read and c	ircle the ode	i one out an	d replace it.			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Morocco writing read called Which	Cairo playing grandma played What	Algeria riding grandpa watch Where	Sudan travel father arrived Was			
(3%	Read and c	ircle the od	d one out an	dreplace it.			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	first donkey wolf angry listening	next man sheep worked studying	then son cow bored shouted	cried woman annoy tired playing	(,, ,) (,, ,) (,, ,) (,, ,)		

Help your child deal with such questions.

Al-BAHER - Connect (6) - Second Term : 107

Activities on Review (3)

¢ 1		Listen and circ	tle t	the correct a	ansv	ver from a,	þ, c , 0	rd.
1.	Pla	ying is			, ,	for us in l	ots of	differer
	a)	bad	b)	good	c)	harmful	d)	sad
2.		ien we play we						
		happy	-				-	
3.		also						
	_	write					_	
4.		en we play, we						
75.0	. 1	homework			- 1		aj	bropie
Z		thoose the cor	reci	t answer fre	om a	, b, c, or d.		
1.	Ah	ot, dry climate	car	help to				old ar
	a)	damage	b)	preserve	c)	beat	d)	learn
2.	Wh	no is your favor	ite.	h d bigioon				. in this
	a)	character	b)	setting	c)	ending	d)	event
3.		e playing video						
	a)	beats	b)	drinks	c)	built	d)	boats
4.	Thi	s story has a v	ery	exciting				
		ig castle in the setting			.1	andina	41	narrata
3	R	ead and comp	lete	the text wi	th th	ewords in ti	he box	K.
		very	- w	nen - were -	play	ing - First		
	Or	ne day, Fares a	nd i	Ramy were	1}	7: 0111910: val - 0014 0	+4	hopscot
the s		ool yard. They a						
		chalk 3)						-
		re you playing?				•		
		it to play?" "Ho	w do	you play it	?" as	ked Magdy.	"It's 4)	
adSy	, Se	aid Ramy.						



Read the text and answer the questions.

Last summer, we went to a muse in in the city. There were so many nteresting artifacts to see. My brother and I were walking around when we ound a room that had lots of animal statues. The Ancient Egyptians made ots of animal statues, because animals were very important in their sulture. First, we saw different statues in gold and silver Then we saw some in clay, stone, and granite too. My favorite was a small snake made f metal. My brother liked a gold falcon with blue glass eyes. There were pts of cats made of brightly colored stone, too The Aricient Egyptians adored cats. They believed that cats kept them safe.

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. We went to a museum in the city last
 - a) summer b) winter c) fall

d) spring

2. My brother liked a gold

with blue glass eyes.

- a) parrot b) eagle c) falcon

d) snake

- 3. The underlined pronoun "They" refers to
 - a) statues
- b) cats c) Ancient Egyptians d) animals

- 3) Answer the following questions.
 - I. What did they see?
 - 5. Where did they go?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- toy buys Nadia a cuddly for sister ner -:][
 - are Artifacts and both jeweln, objects -
 - when you What doing were saw you snake the -?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.

We 1.

. . . (walk) when we found a room.

I stopped

(play) board games.

Punctuate the following.

- the park is in the middle of a transfer

بالراءمة العجمل هذو واليلية

Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about "Our museum visit":

Guiding elements:

• Where did you go? - When did you go? - What did you see?

-Help your child deal with such questions

Free as a long

in this unit, the students will ...

- listen, read, research, and write about bird and animal proverbs.
- listen to and understand a presentation about eco-tourism in Egypt.
- read and learn about eco-tourism and wildlife.
- use must / mustn't to talk about something we have to do.
- use the first conditional to talk about things that are likely to happen in the future.
- read advertisements for eco-tourism vacations in Egypt.
- · read and learn about bird migration.
- say words with two or three syllables.
- read and write a blog about animal habitats.
- · create an information leaflet about the Nile Delta.

esson (11)

BIRDS OF A FEATHER

Key vocabulary				كتمات أساسية
successful	ناجح	real		' حفيقي
similar	مكشابه	sensible		عاقل / حكيم
careful	حريص	proverb		قول مأثور
Extra vocabular	ry			كلمات إضافية
flock	يتجمع / سرب	group		مجموعة
strange	غريب ا	chickens		دجاج 🔭
nest	عش	plan		خطة
scary		true		حقيقي
eagle	أسو	worm	- +	دودة

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

أفعال منتظمة Regular verbs

Present	Past	P.P
succeed	succeeded	succeeded
flock يتجمع	flocked	flocked.
يقيم ايمكث	stayed	stayed
mention	mentioned	mentioned
count	counted	counted
hatch بنقس	hatched	hatched
happen	happened	happened
dare	dared	'dared

frregular verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present	,	Past	P.P
mean	م ٰيعني / يقصد	meant	meant
tell	إ يخبر	old	told
catch	يصطاد / يمسك ر	caught	caught ·
 say	ي يقول '	said	said
fly.	إ يعنور	llew	flown
sing	ويغني	sang	sung
understand	الإلهم	understood	understood

ساعد طبيك أن يتعرف عن هذه الكلمات.

Important expressions and prepositions

پن وحروف جر هامة

well-known	مشهور / معروف	How about?	النعن ٢٠٠٠
well done!	أحسلتا	You're getting the idea.	ينفهم الفكرة.
try hard	يحاول بجد	make mistakes	رئكب أخطاء
Pofinitions			

Definitions

sensible

رفات

	thought about carefully.	راق / حكيم
successfu	Someone who is successful tries to do something, ar	nd does it.
	·	भिक्
careful	A careful person tries hard not to make mistakes.	دريص
, similar	When two things are similar, they might look the sa	me or do
-	the same things.	متثابه
real	If something is real, it happens and is true.	مليلي

Proverbs

أقوال مأثورة

If something is sensible, it is a good idea that someone has

- A proverbis a well-known phrase about something which is generally true.

الغول المأثور هو عبارة مشهورة حول شيء يكون صحيحًا بشكل عام.

القول المأثور له معنى آخر علاوة على معناه القعلي.

- A proverbhas another meaning as well as its exact meaning.

Study the following proverbs

·1."The early bird catches the worm".

الطائر الذي يبحث عن طعامه مبكرًا يحصل عليه. "البركة في البكور."

2. "Birds of a feather flock together".

الطبور ذات الريش المتشابه تتجمع سويًا. "الطبور على أشكالها تقع."

3,"Don't count your chickens before they hatch".

لاتحكم على شع يأنه جيد قبل حدوثه. "لا تعد فراخك قبل أن تفقس من البيض."

4. "The bird who dares to fall is the bird who learns to fly".

الطائر الذي يجرؤ على مواجهة الأخطار هو من يتعلم الطيران. "من جَذَ وجَدَ ومن زرع حصد."

5. "Even an eagle will not fly higher than the sun".

حلى اللسر لا يمكنه الطيران أعلى من الشمس. "العبن لا تعلو على الحاجب."

6. "Singing birds don't build nests".

الطيور المغردة لا تبني أعشاشًا. "الأعمال أعلى صوتًا من الأقوال."

"It is not only fine feathers which make fine birds".

ليس الريش الناعم فقط هو من يصنع الطيور الجيلة "المظاهر خداعة / لا تحكم على الناس بالمظاهر."

Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

Malak: Injy, what does this prover b mean? "The early bird catches the worm."

إنجى، ماذا يعنى هذا المثل؟ "الطائر الذي حاء مبكرا بلنقط الدودة."

Injy

: Well, proverbs have more than one meaning. This proverb tells us that a bird that is early, or the first to try to catch a worm, usually catches it. So, it also means that to be successful, you need to be the first to do something.

حسينًا؛ الأهدل فيها أكثر من معنى بخبريا هذا المثل أن الطائر الذي بكون منكزًا؛ أو أون من بحاول اصطباد الدودة؛ عادة ما يصطادها. لذلك، فهذا بعن أبضًا أن تكون ناجحًا بجب أن تكون الأوليق فعل هذا الشيء،

Malak: How about this one? "Birds of a feather flock together".

وماذًا عن هذا المثل؟ "الطبور ذات الريش المتشابه تتجمع سوبًا".

Injy : If they flock together, that means they stay in a large group. And maybe

it mentions feathers because they all have similar feathers.

إذا تحمعوا مقا، فيك بعني أنهم ينقون في مجموعة كبيرة. وربما بذكر الريش لأن جميعها بها ربش متشابه.

Malak: You mean they all look the same?

هل تقصد أنهم حميم بيدون نيس الشيء؟

: Yes. But here, it means that similar people like doing the same things. Injy

تعم. ولكن هنا يعني أن الأشخاص المتشابهين بحبون لقيام بنفس الأشياء.

Malak: Okay, here's a strange one! "Don't count your chickens before they hatch."

حسناه هذا مثل غربب، "لا تعدوا فراحكم قبل أن تعقس من البيض."

Injy

: Well, you might have four eggs in a nest, but you don't really know how many will become chickens. So maybe it's about being careful before you know something will happen.

حسنا، قد يكون لديك أربع بيضات في العش، لكنك لا تعرف حمًّا عدد العراج من سنصبح دجاجًا. لملك ربما يتعلق الأمر بالجلر قبل أن تعرف أن شيئًا ما سيحدث.

Malak: So you don't make too many plans before something is real. That's sensible. How about this proverb? "The bird who dares to fall is the bird who learns to fly." Do you think that means you have to try something that seems scarv if you want to succeed?

> للذلك لا نضم الكثير من الخطيط قبل أن يصبح الأمر حقيقنا. هذا معقول، ماذا عن هذا المثل؟ "انطائر الذي يجرؤ على السقوط هو الطائر الذي يتعلم الطوران " هل تعتقد أن هذا يعني أنه عنيك تجربة شيء بيدو محيفًا إذا كنت تربد النجاح؟

Injy : Yes, I do, Well done, Malak! You're getting the idea!

نعم. أحسنت يا مُلك! لقد قيمت الفكرة!

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

1.	Th	e éarly	()))	*** ****	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	cate	ches the wo
	a)	bird	b) animal	c)	bee	d)	falcon
2.	Pro	overbs have	more than				meaning
	a)	four	b) three	c)	two	d)	one
3.	Th	e proverb als	so means that to be	*******			,
	a)	noisy	b) lazy	c)	successful	d)	careless
4.	To	be successf	ul, you need to be th	ne	· ••••••••••••	. to	do somethi
	a)	first	b) second	c)	third	d)	fourth
(2	>	Choose the	correct answer fro	ma	,b,c,ord.		
1.	Bi	rds of a feath	ner				togeth
	a)	run	b) flock	c)	talk	d)	swim
2.	Do	on't count you	ur chickens before t	hey.	****** ***** **** -*******	,-,,. ^	
	a)	eat	b) drink	c)	watch	d)	hatch
3.	Th	e early bird.	·· ······ ·- · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	140 9=)-	***************************************		the wo,
	a)	sells	b) buys	c)	makes	d)	catches
4.	Ev	ren an eagle	will not fly higher th	an t	he		PPP-10444 *1178++19-08*4
	a)	sun	b) tree	c)	flower	d)	plant
5.	Sir	nging birds d	on't build	. 4	t Desarringssisser **:::;	*******	,
	a)	castles	b) nests	c)	houses	d)	clubs
6.	If s	something is		it is	a good idea t	that	someone h
	tho	ought about	carefully.				
	a)	sensible	b) bad	C)	dangerous	d)	busy

1	Lesson (1)				<u> </u>
7.					omething, and does it.
					d) successful
8.					not to make mistakes.
	a) careless	b) careful	c)	sad	d) well-known
9.	When two thing	gs are , the	ey migl	ht look the	same or do the same
	things.				
•	a) different				
10.					it happens and is true.
	a) real	b) unreal	(c)	faise	d) wrong
(3	Read and co	implete the tex	t with	the word	s in the box.
	look	- different - fea	thers	- group -	similar
	"Birds of feat	her flock togethe	r". That	t means th	ney stay in a large
45	•				_
					because they
_					the same.
4	Put the wor	ds in the correct	torder	tomake	correct sentences.
1.	might - eggs -	You - four - have	- nest	- a- in	
		1//4441/00 - 244 444 4011 1 7001			********************
2.	have - one - P	roverbs - than - n	neanin	g - more -	
			***** ***** 1		.,
3.	together - Bird	ds - a feather - of	- flock	· .	
	bied seels T	ho - ootoboo . w	arm th		
4.	bird - early - I	he - catches - wo) - (I)	c	
_	***********		-4- /////	4++744 ****** 4 ***	1111 112 h 22 2142 t 21 10242041 44
(5	Punctuate	the following.			
	 how about 	this one			

Lesson (2) ECO-TOURISM IN EGYPT

Vocabula	ary ·				ريات أساسية
eco-tourism		البيئية	sustainab السياحا	le .	سندام (ملائم للبيئة)
ideal)	respect		p,iu,
simple accomm	nodation	إقامة بسيطة	camp وسالل		بنيم معسكر / يخيم - يعسكر
coral reefs		المرجانية	protected الشعاب	area	يظفة محمية
Activitie	S				المطة ا
hiking	للام	التنزه سيراً على الأق	snorkeling		انطس بأنبوب تنفس
watching movie		4	taking photos		انقاط الصور
going to restau	rants M		watching anim	als	بشاهدة الحيوانات
visiting beache	S	زيارة البشواطئ	cooking outdo	ors	الطابي بالخارج
traveling on a ri	iver	التنقل عبر النهر	taking photos ı	ınderwate	انفاط الصور تحت الماء
bird watching		مشعدة الطيور	watching wildli	fe	يئاهدة الحياة البرية
Places		+			ليكن
North Africa		شعال أفريقيا	Asia		اسا
Siwa Oasis		واحة سيوة	Europe		- أوروبا
Extra vo	cabular	У	•	-	كلنت إضافية
amazing	مذهل	journey	رحلة	lizards	سحالي
historical	تاريخي	species	فصالل / أنواع	turtles	سلاحف بحرية
stores	محازت	habitat	موطن/بيئة	crocodile	تماسیح S
guidebook	دليل سياحي	perfect	مثاني	tent	خيمة
mountains	جبال	excellent	ممتاز	tour	جولة
traditional	تقليدي	modern	حديث	trip	وحلة قصيرة
nature	الطبيعة	environm	ent البيئة	quiet	هادئ
pollution	. تلوث	trash	قمامة -	vacation	إجازة



Lesson (2)

Conjugation of verbs-تصريف الأفعال

Present	Past	P.P
	protected بح	protected
cause	caused	caused
sail	sailed	sailed
	flew .	flown
hurt	hurt ٠	hurt

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

warmer weather	طفس أكثر دفئا	closeto	قريب من
very long distance	مسافة طويلة جذا	flyaway	يطير بعيثا
migrating water birds	هجرة الطيور المائية	at certain times	في أوفات محددة
from a safe distance	من مسافة آمنة	the sun wentdown	غريت الشمس
setoff	ينطلق / يبدأ رحلة	under the stars	تحت النجوم (في الهواء الطلق)
bright-colored fish	أسماك ذات ألوان زاهية	a busy day	يوم حافل
underwater photogra	phy		التصوير الفوثوغرافي تحت الماء

Definitions

تعريفات

sustainable	do something in a way that do	pesn't damage the
	on ironmont	2. 11. 19.

environment.

مستدام / ملائم للبيئة

living in a place where you have what you need, and accommodation

nothing more.

سكن / أماكن أقامة

like something and want to look after it. respect

ايحترم مثالي

perfect or excellent ideal Note: A guidebook gives tourists information about a place.

الدئيل السياحي يعطى السياح معلومات عن مكان.

Activities and places

أنشطة وأماكن

	Activities		Places	
Snorkeling	الغطس بأتبوب تنفس وقناع	the Red Sea		البحر الأحمر
Safari	رحلات السفاري	the desert		. الصحراء
Sailing	الإبحار	the Nile		التيل
Bird-watchin	مشاهدة الطيور g	Siwa Oasis		وأحة سيوا

Listen and read.

ستمع واقرأ.

Egypt is an amazing country. There are many historical places to visit, as well as stores, markets, and museums. People can go snorkeling in the Red Sea, go on a desert safari, climb mountains, or sail on the Nile. So, tourism is important — but eco-tourism is becoming very popular, too.



مرك رئمة. همك العديد من الأماكن التاريخية للزيارة، وكذلك المتاجر والأسواق والمتاحل، يمكن لناس أن يذهبوا للفطس في يعر تراحمر، أو الذهاب في رحلة سفاري صحراوية، أو تسلق الجيال، أو الإبحار في النيل. لذا فإن السياحة مهمة - لكن السياحة البينية علمت تحظى بشمسية كبيرة أيضًا

Eco-tourism is a way of traveling that doesn't damage the environment. It's mossustainable than traditional tourism, and it is designed to protect nature. Peopsistay in simple accommodation, not large hotels, and they mustn't travel in way that cause lots of pollution.

سرحة البيئية هي وسبلة سفر لا تضربانسة، الها أكثر استدامة وملائمة من السياحة التقليلية، وهي مصممة الحداية الضيعة، بقيم سرا في أماكن إقامة بسيطة، وليس في فعدق كبيرة، ويجب ألا يسافروا بطرق تسبب الكثير من التلوث.

Many people are starting to visit Egypt for wildlife and bird-watching. There as lots of interesting birds to see here. Many kinds of birds migrate – they must fight different countries at certain times of year, to find food, make nests, or have warmed weather. The birds often must fly very long distances, and lots of their journeys of over Egypt, because it is in North Africa and close to Asia and Europe.

- تكثير من الناس بزيارة مصر لمشاهدة الحياة البرية والطيور، هناك الكثير من الطيور المثيرة للإهتمام التي يمكنك رؤيتها هـ. توع كوة من الطيور تهاجر - يحب عليهم التمثل إلى بلدان مختلفة في أوقات معبنة من السنة، العثور على الضعاء أو بداء أعندش، أو لنمتع عشر أكثر دفقًا. وفي كثير من الأحيان يجب أن تطير الطيور لمسانات طويلة جد، وكثير من رحلاتها نمر فوق عصر، لقم تقع في شمال الرقيا وقريبة من آسيا وأوروبا.

There are over 450 species of birds in Egypt, and people come from all over the world on vacations to see them. For example, Siwa Oasis is a fantastic place to see many migrating water birds. It is an important habitat and people must protect it.



وحد في مصر أكثر من ٤٥٠ موعاً من الطيور، وبأتي الناس من جميع أنحاء العالم في إجازات لوؤيتها، على سبيل المثال، واحدة سبوط مكار، أع رؤية العديد من الطيور المائية المهاجرة. إنه موطن مهم ويجب على الناس حمايته.

People who go bird watching in Egypt will have a lot to see. They mustn't get too close to the birds, because they might fly away, but they can watch from a safe distance and take lots of photographs!

تشخاص الذين يذهبون لمشاهدة الطبور في مصر سبكون لديهم الكثير لرؤيته. ويجب أنا أن يقتربوا كثيرًا من الطبور، نشهم قد يطيرون عِنْ لكن يمكنهم المشاهدة من مساطة آمنة والتقاط الكثير من الصورا

Wildlife watching is ideal for people who respect nature, and eco-tourism is a good way for people to do this.

مر مشاهدة الحياة البرية مثالية للأشخاص الذين يحترمون الطبيعة، وتعد السياحة البينية وسيلة جيدة للأشخاص للقيام بذلك.

Listen and read.









. 1 - On the river: Hi, I'm Nad a. Next month, we're going on a tour to see the birds and animals which live near the water. We'll travel along the river in small poats, and camp in tents at night. We'll bring our cameras, because we'll see some amazing things. We hope to see lizards and turdes, as well as lots of interesting plants. . However, we mustn't swim because there might be crocod les!

مرحدًا بالدياء إلى الشهر القالم، مسقوم بحولة برؤية الطيور والحيوات التي تعيش بالقرب من الماء. سنسافر بطول النهر في قواري عدندية. والتحديد في تصبه بيلا مسخصر كاميرتده لأنا سنرى بعض الأشياء العذهلة، تأمل أن نوى السحالي والسلاحف، بالإضافة إلى الكشراءر الساذات العشرة للأهتام أومع دلك بحب ألا تسبح لأته قديكون هذك تعاسيح!

2- Desert sunsets: Hi, I'm Adam. Hove visiting this place with my family. We went last year, and in the evenings, we saw lots of wildlife when the sun went down-more animals live on the sand than you might think. This year we'll stay outside and cook meals under the stars, so we must bring a tent. Then we'll walk in small groups to see the wildlife around us.

مرحت، أن أنه أحسار برة هذا سكان مع ناسي. لقد نهم الناطيء وفي المساء، شاهنما الكثير من الحياة البرية عمدما **غربت** الشمس - بعيل شيد كبر من تحيه بات على ترمن أكثر مم قم تعتقد، هذا العم مسقى في الخارج ونطيح وجنات الطعام **تحت التجوم** وفي "بوزاء الطبقي، الديب يحب عبيد بحصار خبيبة الم سنسبر في مجموعات صفيرة لرؤية الحياة البرية من حولنا.

3- Snorkel safari: Hi, I'm Lara. We're going to have the chance to do some underwater photography on our vacation! We'll set off on a tour from the beach in small boats, and sail out to places where we can see many different kinds of fish. There are beautiful, bright-colored fish there, as well as coral reefs. The tour is only "on Monday and Wednesday because this is a protected area, so there mustn't be too many trips.

مرحيًا، أنا ران مسكول لدين فرصة لشيام بنعص التصوير تحت الماء في إجازتنا! منتطلق في جولة من الشاطئ بالقوارب الصغيرة» والإدخار إلى الأماكل حدث يمنك رؤية العديد من أنواع الأسعاك المحتلفة. هناك أيضًا أسماك جميلة ذات ألوان زاهية وكذلك الشعاب المرجانية الحوية فقط يومي الالبن والأرعاء لأن هذه سطقة محمية، لذا يجب ألا أن يكون هناك الكثير من الرحلات،

4- Birds at sea: Hi I'm Fares. Next week, we're going on a tour to see some. beautiful birds. We'll visit quiet beaches on a small bus, to see how many different kinds we can see. The sea in this area is a very popular place for birds to find food. so it will be a busy day. We're definite y going to bring our cameras! We must bring our own lunches too as there are no shops there.

عرصاً، أنا قارس. في الأسبوع القادم، سنذهب في جولة لبرى بعص الطبور الجمينة. سنقوم بزيارة الشواطئ الهادلة في حافلة صغيرة، لترى الأتواع المختلفة التي يمكننا رؤيتها. يعد المحر في هذه المنطقة مكانا محبوبًا جذا للطيور للعثور على الطعام، لذلك سيكون يوما حافلا. تحن ` ذهبون بالتأكيد لجب ، كاميرات يحب عليما إحصار وجهات الفقاء الخاصة بنا أبضًا، لأنه لا يوجد متاجر هناك



(must / mustn't)

التكوين Form

(مصدر القعل) Subject + must/mustn't + inf.

e.g. We must respect nature.

We mustn't leave trash in the desert.

الاستحدام Usage

- We use "must" when we talk about something that we have to do or that is important to do. المنابع ا
- e.g. We must bring a tent.
- We use "mustn't" when we are not allowed to do something.

مندم "mustn't" عندما بكون غير مسموح لنا القيام بثيء ها.

e.g. We mustn't swim because there might be crocodiles!

Study the following:

We'll travel to the oasis to see the water birds.
سنسافر إلى الواحة لرؤية الطيور العاتبة.



Youmustn't scare the birds. You must study them quietly from a safe place. يجب ألا تخيفي الطيور. يجب عليك دراستها بهدود من مكان أمن.



Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets

1.	You	(mustn't) respect nature
2.	You mustn't	(scares) birds or animals
3.	You	(must) leave trash in the deser
4.	You must	(is) careful in the natural environment
5.	You (mustn't) walk to s	school today because there are no buses
6.	You	(must) walk in the desert when it's ha
7 .	You must	(studies) had
8.	Students	(mustn't) follow the school rules
9.	You	(must) throw trash on the beact
10	We	(mustny) drink much water It's health

General Activities

نص الاستهاع في بهاية الكتاب.

-				
	Listen and cho	ose the correct	tanswer from a, b	,c,ord.
1.	I love visiting the d	esert with my		
	a) family b)	friends	c) neighbors	d) classmates
2.	We saw lots of wild	life when the		went down.
	a) moon b)		*	
3.	More			-
	a) insects b)	birds	c) animals	d) plants
4.	This year we'll stay			
	a) buy b)	sell	c) bake	d) cook
(2	Choose the con	ect answer fr	oma,b,c,ord.	•
1.	Eco-tourism is more	e e	. than t	raditional tourism.
	a) dangerous			
2.	In eco-tourism peop	ole stay in simp	le	
	a) accommodation	b) pollution	c) vacation d) mountain
3.	Wildlife watching is	ideal for people	e who	. nature.
	a) hate	b) respect	c) damage d) destroy
4.	We go			under water.
•	a) hiking			
5.	She likes			
	a) taking	b) walking	c) going d) talking
6.	On eco-tourism vac	ations, you see		and animals.
•	a) big cities	b) nature	c) hotels d) movies
7.	On eco-tourism vac	ations you stay	<i>i</i> in	places.
	a) big	b) modern	c) short d) simple
8.	On eco-tourism vac	ations, people	think about	
	a) the environment	b) shopping	c) cooking d) running
9.	On eco-tourism vaca	tions, the most	important thing is n	ot to nature.
	a) see	b) protect	c) respect d) hurt
10	You can	* 17* ** 1	mountains	or sail on the Nile.
	a) go	b) climb	c) damage d) travel

3

Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

much - birds - beaches - many - busy

	Next week, we're go	oing on a tour to	see some bea	tutifi	ul birds. We			
visi	visit quiet 1)on a small bus, to see how 2)							
diffe	erent kinds we can see	. The sea in this	area is very p	ори	ılar place			
for	3) to find	food, so it will b	e a 4)	*******	day.			
4	Read the text and	answer the qu	estions.					
on por env	Egypt an amazing country. There are many historical places to visit, as well as stores, markets, and museums. People can go snorkeling in the Red Sea, go on a desert safari, climb mountains, or non the Nile. So, tourism is important – but eco-tourism is becoming vipopular, too Eco-tourism is a way of traveling that doesn't damage the environment. It's more sustainable than traditional tourism, and it is designed to protect nature. People stay in simple accommodation, I large hotels, and they mustn't travel in ways that cause lots of pollutions.							
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.								
1.	The main idea of the t	ext is		= + - + - +				
	a) accommodation	b) museums	c) markets	d)	deserts			
2.	People can go snorke	ling in the						
	a) Red Sea	b) Lake	c) River	d)	Pool			
3.	Eco-tourism is becomi	ing very	*************************************	4				
	a) unknown	b) dangerous	c) busy	d)	popular			
B) /	Answer the following	questions.						
4. V	What is eco-tourism?							
			eda epotioonineet blodorin		***************			
5 . S	ummarize the text in o	ne sentence.						

Lesson (2)



r Ì

Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. is ideal Wildlife watching people for respect who nature .
- 2. study birds from You must place a safe .
- 3. going We on are month a tour next .

6 Read and write the correct form of the word (5) between brackets.

- 1. You mustn't (swimming) because there might be crocodiles.
- 2. You (must) drop trash on the beach.
- 3. When we go camping, we

(mustn't) take a tent

(mustn t) fly to

- 4. You (must) throw litter in the park.
- 5. You (must) scare the birds.
- Many kinds of birds migrate. They different countries.
- 7. In the zoo, people

(must) get too close to anima



Punctuate the following.

- you mustn't scare the birds
- 8

Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

(Eco-tourism in Egypt)

Guiding elements:

(sustainable - simple accommodation)

THE BENEFITS OF ECO-TOURIS

Vocabulary

traditional	تقليدي	presentation	للنيعي
eco-tourist	سائح بيثي	damage	يقول
hotel	فندني	score	
campsite	عخيم	thirsty	
deadline	موعد تهائي	points	* -
cycling	ركوب النراجات	snack	طبفة

Conjugation of verbs

أنعال منتظمة Regular verbs

	Present ·		Past	P.P
cause	4,	يسبب	caused	caused
create		يبتكر	created	created
miss		يفتقد/بقوته	missed	missed
explore	•	يستكشف	explored	explored

أفعال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs

	Present	Past	P.P	
feel		felt يشعر	felt	
drink	,	drank یثرب	drunk	

Important expressions and prepositions

وحروف جر هامة

by bus	بالأتوبيس	for two hours	باعتين
outdoor hotel	فندق بالخارج	take care	- يمتني
do activities	يقوم بالشطة	eco-friendly accommodation	فامة صديقة للبينة
laaslussels		1	

المعالم keento المعالم keento و local people السكان المحليون keento المعالم

124 Unit (10) Free as a bird

Hep your child identify these words. المحاون على هذه الكلمات.

تُصريف الأفعال

Do the quiz. How much of an eco-tourist are you?

- 1. I like to travel...
- a) by boat
- b) by car
- c) by bicycle
- 3. On vacation, I like to...
- a) go sightseeing
 - b) do sports and activities
 - c) read a book
 - 5. I think It's important that tourism ... ;
 - a) provides jobs for local people
 - b) gives tourists the vacations they want
 - Jc) looks after the environment

- 2. I like to stay...
- a) in a small, outdoor hotel room
- b) on a campsite
- c) in a big hotel
- 4. I think eco-tourism is...
- a) a bit boring
- b) interesting and fun
- c) hard work but a good idea
- 6. I like being in nature because...
- a) t's quiet and relaxing
- b) I can watch wildlife
- c) the views are good

Check your answers! What's your score?

- 1. a 2; b 1; c 3
 - 2. a 2; b 3; c 1
- 3. a 2; b 3; c 1

- 4. a 1; b 3; c 2
- 5. a 2; b 1; c 3
- 6. a 2; b 3; c 1





Score 1- 6 points: You prefer traditional vacations, but you can still be an eco-tourist by helping the environment while you're away. For example, try to walk or travel by bus and train, and recycle your trash whenever possible. النتيجة من ١ إلى ٦ قاط: أنت تفضل الإجازات التقليدية، ولكن لا يزال ومكانك أن تكون سالحًا بينيًا من خلال مساعدة البيئة ألناء وجودك فيه:. عني سبيل المثال، حاول المشي أو السفر بالحافلة والقطار، وقم بإعادة تدوير القمامة كلما أمكن ذلك.

Score 7 - 12 points: You want to take care of the environment and support local communities, so you are keen to learn more about eco-tourism. Next time you go on vacation, try out some eco-tourist activities like wildlife watching, cycling, or snorkeling.

· النتيجة من ٧ إلى ٢١ نقطة: أنت تربد الاهتمام بالبينة ودعم المجتمعات المحلية، لذلك أنت حريص على معرفة المزيد عن السياحة البيئية، في المرة القادمة التي تدهب فيها في إجازة، جرب بعض أنشعة السياحة البيئية مثل مشاهدة الحياة البرية أو ركوب الدراجات أو القطس،

Score 13 – 18 points: You're a great eco-tourist! You like to explore new ways of traveling and do activities that don't damage the environment. Good for you!

النشيجة من ١٢ إلى ١٨ نقطة: أنت سائح بيني عظيم! تحب استكشاف طرق جديدة للسفر والقيام بأنشطة لا تضر بالبيئة. أتمني لك الخيرا



(If) First Conditional

"إذا / لو" الحالة الشرطية الأولى

التكوين Form

subject + present simple, subject + (will + inf.) ...

e.g. If . le learn more about the environment, they will want to protec

Subject + will + inf. + if + present simple

e.g. J.will Buy a car if I have a lot of money.

Usage الاستخدام

- We use the first conditional to talk about things that are likely to happen in the tutire.

بدم الحالة الشرطية الأولى للتحدث عن أشياء محتمل حدوثها في المستقبل.

e.g. If a sists stay in simple accommodation, there won't be so many big tatels.

ote:

m = 0

will not = won't

e.g. if am hungry, I'll eat a snack.

If ne doesn't leave now, he won't catch the bus.

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brack

		•
1.		(has) an exam, I'll study f
2.	If you go to bed late, you	(get) up
3.	If Omar(play) foo	tball for two hours, he'll be t,
4.	If she feels thirsty, she	(drink) some w
5.	If we (not work) to	ogether, we'll miss the deac
6.		(be) hungry, I'll éat a sr
7.	he(catch) the bu	is if he goes to the station 🤏
8.	If he	(be) free, he'll visi
9.	She'll buy a new phone if she	(have) a lot of mo
10.	He	(not visit) us if he is t
11.	. If she (go	ot) up early, she'll catch the
12:	?: ≤ , ou study hard, you'll	(passing) the ex

Lesson (3) CLIL: SCIENCE BIRD MIGRATION

Key vocabulary

كلمات أساسية



kingfisher طائر الرفراف



pelican بجعة



swift طاتر السنونو / السعامة



eagle

Extra vocabulary

An. 679

كلمات إضافية

migrate	يهاجر	flamingo	طائر الفلامنجو	Fayoum	القيوم
northern	شمالي	across	غبز	distances	مسافات
winter	بشبتاء	journey	رحلة طويلة	oasis/oases	واحة / واحات
stars	ثجوم	scientists	علماء	continent	قارة

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Present	Past	P.P			
seem	seemed بيدوا	seemed			
leave	left ینادر	left			
eat	ate.	eaten			
find out	found out یکتشف	found out			
spend	spent ينظي وقتا	spent			

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

		+		
European countries	دول أوروبية	warmerplaces		أماكن أكثر دفئا
on the way	على الطريق	The Red Sea	•	البحر الأحمر
suchas	مثل	Lake Qarun		بحيرة قارون
flocks of birds	: أسراب من الطيور	Mediterranean Coasts		سواحل البحر المتوسط

أاستمع واقرأ

Listen and read:

A long journey

Many birds migrate to and from Egypt, and across it, because of where it is in the world. North Africa is hotter than Europe, so in winter, many birds leave northern European countries and fly to Egypt and other warmer places. This means that lots of interesting birds migrate to Egypt, such as eagles, falcons, and swifts.



تهاجر العديد من الطبور من وإلى مصره وعبرها، بسبب مكانها في العالم. شمال أفريقيا أكثر حرارة من أوروباء لذلك في فصل الشناء، تفادر العديد من الطبور بلدان شمال أوروبا وتطير إلى مصر وغيرها من الأماكن الأكثر دفئا. وهذا يعني أن الكثير من الطبور المثيرة للاهتمام تهاجر إلى مصرء مثل النسور والصقور وطيور السمامة.

Many water birds migrate to Egypt, too. You can often see large flocks of birds such as pelicans near water, along the Red Sea and Mediterranean coasts, as well as on the Nile. These birds often eat fish or plants that live in rivers, takes, oases, and seas. Lake Qarun in Fayoum is a good place to see flamingos.

: تهاجر العديد من الطيور المائية إلى مصر أيضًا. يمكنك في كثير من الأحيان رؤية أسراب كبيرة من الطيور مثل البجع بالقرب من العياه، و على طول سواحل البحر الأحمر والبحر الأبيض المتوسط، وكذلك على نهر النبل. غالبًا ما تأكل هذه الطيور الأسماك أو النباتات التي تعبش في الأنهار والبحيرات والواحات والبحار. تعد بحيرة فارون بالفيوم مكانًا جيدًا لمشاهدة طبور الفلامنجو.

Some birds fly very long distances, making the same journey year after year. Even young birds that migrate for the first time seem to know how to get to the place they need to be. How do these birds know where to go? They might use the sun, the stars, or the things they can see on the way. Scientists have spent a long time trying to find out how they do this!

Scientists have spent a long time trying to find out how they do this!

May the stary of the sun see on the way. Scientists have spent a long time trying to find out how they do this!

May the stary of the sun see of the sun se



Asyllable chadl

it is a part of a word that contains a single vowel sound.

المقطع اللفظي هو جزء من كلمة ما يحتوي على صوت متحرك واحاء

Stress: The way in which a part of a word is emphasized more than the other parts while speaking.

السوة أو الشبك الطريقة التي يتم به التأكيد على نطق جزء من الكلمة أكثر من الأجزء الأخرى أثناء التحدث.

Most two syllable words have the stress on the first syllable.

معظم الكلمات ذات المقطعين يكون المقطع الأول مشنذا

weather

careful

Three syllable words can have the stress on the first or the second syllable.

الكتمات ذات الثلاثة مقاطع من الممكن أن يكون التشديد على المقطع الأول أو الثاثي

successful -

snorkeling -

tourism

important

Two syllables







Three syllable







	1) Listen and o	hoose the corre	ct answer fron	na, b, c, or d.
1.	Some birds fly	/ery	distances, ma	king the same journe
	a) long	b) short	' c) small	d) new
2.	Even	birds know h	ow to get to the	place they need to be
	a) old	b) young	c) modern	d) little
3.	Birds might use	the	or the star	s to know where to go
	a) planet	b) moon	c) sun	d) son
4.	have s	pent a long time	trying to find ou	t how the birds do this
	a) Teachers	b) Doctors	c) Scientis	ts d) Footballers
(2 Choose the	correct answer f	rom a, b, c, or (d.
1.	Many birds migr	ate to find	PB5679649444444444	weather in winter
	a) bad	b) colder	c) warmer	d) snowy
2.	There are often	large	of water birds	near lakes and oases
	a) flocks	b) rocks	c) clocks	d) socks
3.	Migrating birds f	ly very	2 ************************************	distance
	a) simple	b) short	c) long	, d) tiny
4.	Birds might use	the sun or the		to find out where to 9
	a) earth	b) stars	c) ground	d) floor
5.	Lots of birds mig	rate to Egypt, su	ch as eagles ai	nd
	a) monkeys	b) elephant	s c) lions	d) swifts .
6.	Many birds	4 8 6 6 4 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9	to and	from Egypt every year
	•			d) hatches

(3)

Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

Qarun -	fish -	flocks	- rivers	- hurt
---------	--------	--------	----------	--------

dardi non-nogap-moto						
Many water birds migrate to Egypt. You can see large 1)						
of birds such as pelicans near water. These birds eat 2)						
or plants that live in the 3), lakes, oases and seas. Lake						
4) in Fayoum is a good place to see flamingos.						
Read the text and answer the questions.						
Many birds migrate to and from Egypt, and across it, because of						

Many birds migrate to and from Egypt, and across it, because of where it is in the world. North Africa is hotter than Europe, so in winter, many birds leave northern European countries and fly to Egypt and other warmer places. This means that lots of interesting birds migrate to Egypt, such as eagles, falcons, and swifts. Many water birds migrate to Egypt, too. You can often see large flocks of birds such as pelicans near water, along the Red Sea and Mediterranean coasts, as well as on the Nile. These birds often eat fish or plants that live in rivers, lakes, oases, and seas. Lake Qarun in Fayoum is a good place to see flamingos.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1.	• The underlined pronoun "it" refers to							
	a) ,	Egypt	b)	Africa	c)	Europe	d)	Fayoum
2.	Eur	rope is	,,,,,,,,,				tha	n North Africa
	a)	colder	b)	cooler	c)	hotter	d)	wetter
3.	Υοι	ı can see flam	ningo	os in	h141144	444949414 14 14 1444914441111		
	a)	Aswan	b)	Fayoum	c)	Luxor	d)	Giza
B) 4	Ans	wer the follow	ving	questions.				
4. ۱	/ /ha	t do often bird	s ea	at?				
5. \	Nha	t's the main id	lea c	of the passage	?	***************************************		h b =={**********************************

(5)	put the words in the correct bruer to make correct semicences.
1.	in - snorkeling - We - go - hot - weather
2.	fly - very - birds - Some - distances - long
3.	important - Tourism - Egypt - very - is - in
6	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets
1.1	f she (feel) hungry, she'll have a snack
	f you don't sleep early, you (get) up early
	f tourists
	ess damage to the environment.
	If people learn more about the environment, they (want) to
	protect it.
	If tourists stay in simple, eco-friendly accommodation, there (not be
	so many big hotels.
	If eco-tourism (be) successful, it will create new jobs for the
	ocal people.
_	
V	Punctuate the following.
	what do migrating birds eat
	>=====================================
(8	Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:
Gui	iding elements:
	(migrate - North Africa - warmer)
*1	
******	# 1 # # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 #

WRITING: A BLOG PROJECT

-				
Common State of the last of th	41-	1	- 44	١.
1	Vo	cai	• 111	lè
	-			+-

الكلمات

biog	مدونة	problem	مشكلة	area	, منطقة
important	هام	snorkel	يغطس بأنبوب تنفس وقناع	sharks	أسماك القرش
healthy	صحي	scuba dive	يغوص تحت الماء	safe	آمن
rivers	أنهار	floods	فيضانات .	fires	حرائق
insects	حشرات	planet	کوکب	drought	جماف

Animal Habitats

مواطن وبيئات الحيوانات

forests	the mountains الغابات	the rivers	الأنهار
the desert	the seas الصحراء	البحار	-

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة Important expressions and prepositions

for example	على سبيل المثال	cut down trees	يقطع الأشجار	
goodfor	مقيد ل	cleanup	يبظف	
famous for	مشهور ب	many types of	أثواع عديدة من	
greatfor	رائع لـ	garden box	حوض زراعة النباتات	
look after	يعتني ب	a lot of space	مساحة كبيرة	
make sure	يتاكد	all over the world	في جميع أنحاء العالم	
waste water	يهدر المياه	Sinai Peninsula	شبه جزيرة سيناء	
recycle paper	بعيد تدوير الورق	The Ras Mohammed National Park		
3 contractor.			إ محمية رأس محمد الوطبية	

Conjugation of verbs

أفعال منتظمة Regular verb's

	Present	Past	P.P
waste	يهلر-يبد	wasted	wasted ·
protect	يحمي	protected	protected
plant	يزرع	planted	planted
recycle	يعيد تدوير	recycled	recycled
drop . :	يُسقط	dropped	dropped
try	يحاول	tried	tried

Listen and read.

أاستمع واقرأ

01010

Hello, I'm Arwa – welcome to my blog! I'm writing today about something which I think is really important.

مرحبًا، أنا أروى -- مرحبًا بكم في مدونتي! أكتب اليوم عن شيء أعتقد أنه مهم جدًا. I think we should all try to protect animal habitats. Animals need safe places to live, find food, and look after their babies. They are part of our planet, so we must make sure that the things we do don't nurt them.

أعتقد أنه ينبغي أن نحاول جميعًا حماية البينات الحيوانية. تحتاج الحيوانات إلى أماكن آمنة للعيش فيها، والعلور على الطعام، ورعاية صغارها. إنهم جزء من كوكبنا، لذا يجب علينا التأكد من أن الأشياء التي نقوم بها لا تؤذيهم.

There are lots of different habitats in Egypt, such as the desert, sea, mountains, and rivers. It is good for everybody if we protect these habitats. For example, when a habitat is healthy, lots of animals can live in one place. With good eco-tourism, people can come on wildlife-watching holidays. This is good for the country, and good for the people, too. When people learn about wildlife, they want to protect it.

هناك الكثير من البيئات المختلفة في مصرء مثل الصحراء والبحر والجبال والأنهار. إنه أمر جيد للجميع إذا قمنا بحماية هذه البيئات. على سبيل المثال، عندما يكون المؤطن صحيًا، يمكن للعديد من الحيوانات أن تعيش في مكان واحد. ومع السياحة البيئية الجيدة، يمكن طُناس القدوم لقضاء إجازات لمشاهدة الحياة البرية. وهذا أمر جيد لبلدنا، وجيد للناس أيضًا. عندما يتعلم الناس عن الحياة البرية، فهم يريدون حمايتها.

We can all think about things we can do to protect habitats. For example, we mustn't waste water or drop litter. We can recycle paper, so people don't cut down trees. We can also plant flowers and plants, because these are great for birds and insects. You don't need a lot of space - here's agarden box I made for my window!



بمكننا جميعًا التفكير في الأشياء التي يمكننا القيام بها لحماية هذه البينات، على سبيل المثال: يجب ألا نهدر الماء أو نلقي القمامة. يمكننا إعادة تدوير الورق، حتى لا يقطع الناس الأشجار. يمكننا أيضًا زراعة الزهور والنباتات، لاُنها مفيدة للطبور والحشرات. أنت لا تَحتاج إلى مساحة كبيرة - إليك حوض النباتات اللي صنعته لناقلتي!

A habitat is a place where an animal or plant lives.

البيئة أو الموطن هو المكان الذي بعيش فيه الحيوان أو النبات.

Read and learn: Causes and effects

Causes

أسياب

Effects

تأثيرات (النتائج)

There are floods droughts or fires.

بوجد فبضانات أوجفاف أوحرائق.

Animals habitats are damaged.

يلحق الضرر بمواطن الحيوانات

Animal habitats are damaged.

A habitat is safe and healthy

إلحاق الضرر بمواطن الحيوانات.

Animals don't have safe places to live, find food, or look after babies.

لا تجد الحبوانات أماكن آمنة للحياة ولا تجد طعام ولا تستطيع المنابة بصفارها.

Lots of animals can live there. الموطن أمن وصحى.

يمكن للكثير من الحبوانات العيش فيه.

We recycle paper.

نقوم باعادة تدوير الورق.

Trees aren't cut down.

لا يتم قطع الأشجار.

We grow plants and flowers نقوم بزراعة النباتات والزهور.

Birds and insects have food. يمكن للطيور والحشرات إبجأد الطعام

Study the following

(و) تفيد العطف | and

We saw turtles, pelicans and lizards when we went wildlife watching.

(لكن) تفيد التناقض إلى but

This was a beautiful river, but there is pollution in it now.

(لأن) لبيان السبب (because

We wanted to clean up the beach because there was trash on it.

SO

(لذلك) لببان النتيجة

We planted flowers so birds and insects can have more food.

When you write a blog about animal habitats, you write about:

عبدما تكتب مدونة عن لبيئات حيوبية، يمكن أن تكتب عن،

Which animals live there.

أي الحيوانات تعيش في هله الموطن.

Which plants live there.

أي النباتات تعيش في هذا الموطن،

What problems this habitat has.

ما هي المشاكل الموجودة بالموطن.

How we can help it.

كيف بمكننا مساعدة هذا الموطن.

كما يمكن أن تستخدم الروابط (and - but - so - because) لبيان الأسباب والتأثيرات و (must - mustn't) لبيان ما هو مهم-Write a blog about the Nile habitat



Read the leaflet.

أقرأ المنشور.

The Ras Mohammed National Park

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinai Peninsula is famous for its sea life. warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here.



لثي من جميع أنجاء العالم للفطس والقوص هذا.

تعد محمية رأس محمد الوطنية على البحر الأحمر منطقة والعة يمكن للسكان لحنين والسياح رمارتها. تشتهر هذه المنطقة الحميلة في شبه جزيرة سيناء بالحياة البحرية والمياه الفافئة والطقس المذهل. بأتي

You can see coral reefs and lots of brightly colored fish, and may be sharks. There is lots of other wildlife, too, and it is a great place for bird-watching.

كت رؤية الشعاب المرجانية والكثير من الأسماك ذات الألوان الزاهية، وريما أسماك القرش. هناك الكثير من الحيوانات البرية الأخرى بغاء وهي مكان واتع لمشاهدة الطيور،

The National Park is protected, but people are allowed to visit. Because it is so beautiful, lots of visitors come and ride boats, or swim and snorkel in the sea.

تحميقة الوطنية محمية، ولكن يُسمح للناس بزيارتها. ولأنها جميلة جدًا، بأتي الكثير من الزوار ويركبون القوارب، أو يسبحون ويقطسون

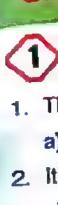
Creating a leaflet عمل منشور او کتیب

- * When you write an information leaflet for visitors to a habitat. you can write about.
 - حَكَتَابِةَ مَنْشُورِ إعارَامِي تُرُوارِ مُوطِنَ مَاءُ يِمَكُنْكُ الْكَتَابِةُ عَنْ.
- * where it is and what wildlife you can see there.
 - كن الموطن وأي حياة برية يمكنك أن تراها هناك
- why it is an important and interesting place.
- ه هذا المكان هام وشيق.

add some pictures

Create a leaflet about the Nile Delta.





Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

1.	The Ras Moham	nmed National		is on the Red Sea.
	a) Club	b) Shop	c) Store	d) Park
2.	It's a fantastic ar	rea for locals and		to visit.
	a) scientists	b) farmers	c) tourists	d) doctors
3.	This beautiful ar	ea is on the		Peninsula.
	a) Aswan	b) Sinai	c) Luxor	d) Siwa
4.	People come from	om all over the wor	ld to	and scuba dive here.
	a) run	b) play	c) snorkel	d) swim
(Choose the	correct answer fro	om a, b, c, or d.	
1.	We can plant flo	owers and plants to		animal habitats.
	a) help	b) waste	c) damage	d) hurt
2.	Animals need s	afe places to find		
	a) babies	b) food	c) air	d) metal
3.	In Egypt, there	are		types of habitat.
	a) many ·	b) much	c) one	d) no
4.	_			vacations.
	a) watching	b) changing	c) riding	d) waiting
		omplete the text v		
		ın - snorkel - wat		
-				see 1)reefs
				be sharks. There is 'd 3)
				ed to visit. Because it
				r swim and 4)
	the sea.			

4

Read the text and answer the questions.

I'm writing today about something which I think is really important. I this we should all try to protect animal habitats. Animals need safe places to live, fir food, and look after their babies. They are part of our planet, so we must make sure that the things we do, don't hurt them. There are lots of different habitats Egypt, such as the desert, sea, mountains, and rivers. It is good for everybody, we protect these habitats. For example, when a habitat is healthy, lots of animals can live in one place. With good eco-tourism, people can come on wildlife watching holidays.

A)	Choose	the	correct	answer	from	a,	b,	C	or	d.
----	--------	-----	---------	--------	------	----	----	---	----	----

1.	We should all t	ry to protect anim	nal	******** *****************************
	a) food	b) legs	c) habits	d) habitats
2.				places to live i
			c) small	-
	When a habita	t is	, lots of animals	can live in one place
	a) unhealthy	b) large	c) long	d) healthy
B)	Answer the following	owing questions	ş.	
4.	What are the ha	bitats in Egypt?		***************************************
				4048111449999949994994444444999944094844
				orrect sentences.
1				
1.	∴drop - waste -	We - mustn't - or -	- water - litter	
	** ************************************	4: 104:100: 1014:04:1014:14;14(1)	***************************************	,
2.	coral - the - in	- You - Sea - can	- Red - see - reefs	S = .
				-

6 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

A blog about the forest habitat

Guiding elements:

- which animals live there
- which plants live there
- what problems this habitat has
- how we can help it

Writing Corner

i=a1 ∦

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MA

Ψ

A famous proverb

A proverb is a well-known phrase about something which is generally true. It has another meaning as well as its exact meaning. "The early bird catches the worm". This proverb tells us that a bird that is early, or the first to try to catch a worm, usually catches it. So, it also means that to be successful, you need to be the first to do something.

Eco-tourism in Egypt

Egypt is an amazing country. There are many historical places to visit, as well as stores, markets and museums. Eco-tourism is a way of traveling that doesn't damage the environment. It's more sustainable than traditional tourism. People stay in simple accommodation, not large hotels. They mustn't travel in ways that cause pollution. They can visit Egypt for bird and wildlife watching.

Bird migration

· Many birds migrate to and from Egypt, and across it, because of where it is in the world. North Africa is hotter than Europe, so in winter, many birds leave northern European countries and fly to Egypt and other warmer places. This means that lots of interesting birds migrate to Egypt, such as eagles, falcons, and swifts.

A blog about animal habitats 9 1 25 1 653

Hello, I'm Sarah - welcome to my blog! I'm writing today about something which I think is really important. I think we should all try to protect animal habitats. Animals need safe places to live, find food, and look after their babies. They are part of our planet, so we must make sure that the things we do, don't hurt them or their habitats.

Review on Unit (10)

	 Vocabular 	ту —	
successful	ناجح	camp	هيانعسكر
similar	منشابه	coralreefs	بنعاب المرجانية
real	حقيقي	protected area	غلقة محمية
sensible	عاقل / حكيم	tourists	حاح
eco-tourism	السياحة البيئية	damage	يض/ يضر
sustainable	مستدام (ملائم للبيئة)	pelican	نمية
ideal	مثالي	kingfisher	يتر الوفراف
respect	يحثرم	swift	يتر السنونو/السمامة
simple	ر الميس	eagle	
accommodation	أماكن إقامة / سكن	migrate	3%
scuba dive	العوص بأنبوب تنفس	close to	رب من
wildlife	الحياة البرية	desert	بعزاء
mountains	الجبال	forest	14
habitat	موطئ- بيئة	space	ماحة فارغة 🔝 .

;		Activ	/ities
	_	+	***

hiking	التنزه سيزاعلي الزقدام	visiting beaches	إزة الشواطئ
snorkeling	الغطس بأتبوب التنفس	cooking outdoors	يطفي بالخارج
watching movies	مشاهدة الأفلام	traveling on a river	لنقل عبر النهر
taking photos	التقط الصور	taking photos underwater	القاط الصور تحت الماء
going to restaurants	الأهاب للمطاعم	wildlife-watching	شاهدة الحياة البرية

Pronunciation

Two syllables	Three syllables		
weather	flamingo		
fálcon	successful		
careful	pelican		

Grammar

Necessity الضرورة والإلزام

يجب أن.. المعدر .must + inf

تستخدم للتعبير عن الضرورة لعمل شيء ما

e.g. You must protect the environment.

بجب ألا.. المعدر . mustn't + inf

تستخدم للتعبير عن عدم السماح بعمل شيء

e.g. You mustn't smoke here.

(If) First Conditional

"إذا / لو" الحالة الشرطية الأولى

Form التكوين

If + subject + present simple , subject + (will + inf.) ...

e.g. If people learn more about the environment, they will want to protect it.

الاستخدام Usage

- We use the first conditional to talk about things that are likely to happen. in the future. نستخدم الحالة الشرطية الأولى للتحدث عن أشياء محتمل حدوثها في المستقبل.
- e.g. If tourists stay in simple accommodation, there won't be so many . big hotels.

ď

Dictation on Unit (10)

	_ Lesso	n (1)	
			,
	ا ماجح	*************	ÇÎ.
**************************************	متشابه	* *	الحكيم الم
		*	
	، حريص		
		1 (m) 1	
	Lesson	1(2)	
TABLE SET OF THE SET O			THE REST OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
	السياحة البيئية		Land
	-		
للبيئة السبب	مستدام - ملائم	***************************************	:کن إقامة / سكن
		v	
****** * *** ******** * 1 by a managarayy	مثالي	***************************************	بعبي
	يحرم		تعاب المرجانية
	4	(0)	
	Lesson	(3)	
+	بجعة	\$4	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله
		** * ** *	
	طائر الرفراف		بصغر
		* *	
عاعة	طاثر السنوتو / الس		هنر الفلامنجو
× *******	Lessons	(4 & 5)	
	. 1		
	و قريب من		١٠٠٠ - بيئة
		1*	
, the term to the IPdissphares square	الصحراء	***************************************	شعاب مرجانية
***	۽ مدونة		المليب
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-3	***************************************	-
*** * *** * * * *** *** ** ** ** ** **	أ الجنال	***************************************	*
		*	
* ** ***	الغابة .		قعوص قحت الماء
•			

General Activities

فص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب،

(1)	isten and d	noose the correct a	MSI	wer from a, b,	c, or d.
1.	We	mustn't was	te	7 1 .		, or drop litter.
	a)	money	b) water	c)	time	d) energy
2.	We	can recycle.	, o a bo y d o e(o = d o b ed = d = e, o = m(o o o d) - b = - o = o o o o	18.6% - 24		- 11 114 4 100 14471141444 4
	a)	cans	b) papyrus	c)	paper	d) glass
3.	We	e can also pla	nt	+>=+++	**************************************	
	a)	oranges	b) tomatoes	c)	potatoes	d) flowers
4.	Pla	ants and flowe	ers are great for bird	is a	ınd	********* *** * * *
٠	a)	insects	b) cows	c)	monkeys	d) lions
(2		Choose the o	orrect answer from	na	, b, c, or d.	
1.1	W	nen people .	the o	envi	ronment, they	want to protect it.
	a)	trip	b) respect	c)	damage	d) hurt
2.	Eco-tourism is more than vacations which don't care about the environment.					
	a)	sustainable	b) dangerous	c)	expensive	d) similar
3.	Ma	any birds	***************************	1	to find warmer	weather in Egypt.
	a)	take	b) respect	c)	migrate	d) save '
4.	Th	ings that are	lo	oki	the same or do	the same things.
	a)	different	b) close	c)	remote	d) similar
		Read and co	mplete the text w	ith	the words in	the box.
meat - Lake - Nile - birds - plants						
Many water birds migrate to Egypt. You can often see large flocks of						
1) such as pelicans near water, along the Red Sea and						
Mediterranean coasts, as well as on the 2)						
eat fish or 3) that live in rivers, lakes, oases, and seas.						
4)						

4

Read the text and answer the questions.

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinai Peninsula is farmous for its sea life, warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here. You can see coral reefs and lots of brightly colored fish, and maybe sharks. There is lots of other wildlife, too, and it is a great place for bird-watching. The National Park is protected, but people are allowed to visit. Because it is so beautiful, lots of visitors come and ride boats, or swim and snorkel in the sea.

A)	Cho	ose the corre	ect answer fro	ma,b,cord.	
1.	The	Ras Moham	med National .		is on the Red Sea.
	a)	Park	b) Club	c) Oasis	d) Wild
2.			_		and lots of fish there.
			F .	c) birds	d) stones
3.		•	snorkel and		dive there.
		_	*	c) scuba	d) ride
B) ,	Ansı	wer the follow	wing question	S.	
4. V	Vhat	is the Sinai P	Peninsula famo	us for?	
5. V	Vhat	does the und	ferlined word "	its" refer to?	
(5) F	ut the word:	s in the correc	t order to make c	orrect sentences.
1.				al - should - think -	
				·	>
2.	tly -	distances - id	ong - <u>Migrating</u>	o - very - birds	
3.	lea	ve - You - des	sert - the - in -	trash - mustn't	
	4+74+4=	44 1444 41411	*** ** ****** *********	****** ** ***** ***** ***	* *** ******** ****** * ******** *
6	R	ead and write	e the correct f	orm of the word(s) between brackets
1.1	We (mustn't)	respec	ct nature when we	go wildlife-watching.
					save a lot of money.
7		unctuate the			
V			_	:1-	
				itals.	
8) W	rite a text of	FFIFTY (50) W	ords about "You	ir favorite bird":
arid	ina	elements.	- What's the	hird's name?	

- Where does it live?

- What does it look like?

Al-Azhar Corner

1 Read and complete the dialog with words from the box.

Where - long - ostrich - wild - bird

Sara	: What's	your favorite	1)		?
Salm	a: It's the	2)		47	
Sara	: How 3)		** ** * * ** ***	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	is it?
Salm	a: It's abo	ut 210 cm lo	ng.		
Sara					does it live?
Salm	4. 41				
(A)	Read and co	omplete the	dialog with	words from t	thebox.
T.					
	England	i - places - v	velcome - co	me - Pyramid	ls
Amir			+411 1 +1 +4+4 1 ha 4	/** 1/ 401+*1	to Egypt.
John	: Hi! Tha	nk you.	4		•
Amir	: Where	do you 2) .	** * *******		from?
John	: 1 come	from 3)	4 *** *** * ** * ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **		***************************************
Amir	: What 4		P4 7+ 11 11+" P 41++ 7 1 +14 IP1	did yo	u visit in Egypt?
John					and the Sphinx.
(2)	Read and c				
					,
_	careful		sensible		(,)
2.	read .		small white	simple blue	(,)
4.	went	saw	took .	study	(
5.	and	but	play	so	()
(4)	Read and c	ircle the odd	l one out and	replace it.	
				-	/
1.	desert	sea nelican	mountain kingfisher	eat swift	()
2. 3.	migrate watching	pelican go	taking	hiking	()
4.	make	grow	come	visited	()
5,	habitat	happy	healthy	safe	()

Unit How cam I help?

In this unit; the students will !..

- listen, read, research, and write about charity work and volunteering
- ·use infinitives of purpose.
- read and understand three texts about mystery objects.
- ·listen to an interview about volunteering.
- *use -ly and other adverbs.
- read and understand a story about two brothers.
- say words containing sh. ch. and tch.
- ·Write a biography of a volunteer.
- create a leaflet about being a good citizen.

esson (

WHY DO YOU WANT TO HELP?

Key vocabulary

كلمات أساسية

donate	€ support	ينعم/يسائد
participate	voluntee يشارك	ينطوع

Extra vocabulary

		- 1 5
4.3	40	
		_

particular	خاص	organization	منظمة	habitat	موص
project	مشروع	community help	ساعدة لمحتمع	neighbor	,=
trash	قمامة	kindergarten	حصابة / الروصة	vacation	حارة

Conjugation of verbs

_			_	
	لأقعا	H	-	-
			القب	ىت
- 100				

• Present	Past	P.P
train	trained پشرب	trained
donate	চন্দ্ৰ donated	donated
participate	participated بشارك	participated
support	supported, يسائد / بدعم	supported
volunteer	volunteered بنطع	volunteered
choose	chose یختار	chosen
grow	ಶುಚ grew	grown

Important expressions and prepositions

4113	جر	ول	وحر	ات	تالدم
	-0	- 1	_	_	-

take part in	يشارك في	start up	1 <u>.4.4.3</u>
give away	پنبرع	look forward to	يتطلع إلى
an after-school club	نادي بعد المدرشة	kind to	عطوف مع
a bit nervous	متوتر قليلا	used to	اعتاد أن
atfirst	في يادئ الأمر	look after	يعتني د
getbetter	ينحسن	look for	يبحث غَن
help out	يساعد في	live alone	يعيش بمقرده

Definitions

ثعريقات

support	to c
participate	tot
volunteer	tọ c
	+0.7

do things that help a particular person or group

ر يسائد / يدعم يشارك

ake part in something do a job or activity and not take any money for it

ينطوع

to give something away to help a person or organization

Listen and read

أستمع واقرأ.

Hi, I'm Tamer. At school, we started a project called Community Help. We all had to choose something we could do to support other people or things in our community. There were lots of ideas. For example, some people wanted to start a vegetable garden in the school to grow fresh fruit and vegetables. That was really popular. Other people volunteered to help clean trash from the river, so that animals' habitats are safer.



I decided that I wanted to help children in

my school. I love sports, so I started an after-school club to teach the younger children football skills. I was a bit nervous at first, but lots of children joined in and their parents were very happy. It was great to have so many children participating.

I teach the class after school on Wednesdays. The class is for 45 minutes, and we train and play games. Hike seeing the children get better at football, and it's really good fun, too.

مرحبًاء أنا تامر، في المدرسة، بدأنا مشروعًا يسمى مساعدة المجتمع. كان علينا جميعًا أن نختار شيئًا يمكننا القيام به لدعم الأشخاص أو الأشياء الأخرى في مجتمعنا. كان هناك الكثير من الأفكار. على سبيل العثال، أراد بعض الأشخاص إنشاء حديقة نباتية في المدرسة لزراعة الفواكه والخضروات الطازجة. كان ذلك محبوبًا جذًا، ونطوع أشخاص آخرون للمساعدة في تنظيف القمامة من النهر، حتى تكون مواطن الحيوانات أكثر أمانًا.

قررت أنني أريد مساعدة الأطفال في مدرستي. أنا أحب الرياضة، لذلك أنشأت ناديًا بعد المدرسة لتعليم الأطفال الصغار مهارات كرة القدم. كنت متوتزا بعض الشيء في البدية، ولكن انضم الكثير من الأطفال وكان آباؤهم سعداء للفاية. وكان من الرائح أن يشارك هذا العدد الكبير من الأطفال.

أقوم بتدريس الطلاب بعد المدرسة يوم الأربعاء. مدة الحصة 45 دقيقة، ونحن نثدرب ونلعب الألعاب. أحب رؤية الأطفال وهم يتحسنون في كرة القدم، وهو شئ ممتع جنًا.

Answer the following:

- 1. Who did Tamer want to help?......
- 2. What does Tamer like seeing?
- 3. How often does Tamer volunteer?.....

Some more ideas for the Community Help Project.

Reem

I love reading, so I decided to help out in the kindergarten class on a Thursday by reading to the children. Hove reading stories with the younger children, and they like it too. We're starting up a project where they think of their own stories next week. I'm looking forward to that.



أحب لقراءة؛ لذلك قررت أن أساعد الأطفال في صف رياض الأطفال يوم الخميس من حلال القراءة للأطفال. أحب قراءة القصص مع الأطفال الصغار، وهم يحبون ذلك أيضًا.

تحن تبدأ مشروعًا حيث يفكرون في قصصهم الخاصة الأسموع المقبل. أنا أتطلع إلى ذلك.

Ibrahim

My little sister was sick last month, and she was in the hospital. She's better now, but when we visited her, she was sad because she didn't like being there. I thought it would be nice to do something for children who are sick. My friends and I painted lots of big pictures of flowers, animals, beaches, and trees. Our parents donated lots of toys too. We took these and the paintings to the hospital to make the rooms look nicer.

كانت أختى الصغيرة مربضة الشهر الماضي، وكانت في المستشفى، وهي الآن أفض، ولكن عندما زرناها كانت حزمنة لأنها ثم تكن تحب ن تكون هناك. اعتقدت أنه سيكون من الجيد أن أفعل شيئًا للأطفال المرضى. لقد رسمت أنا وأصدقائي ، الكثير من الصور الكبيرة للزهور والحيوانات والشواطئ والأشجار. تبرع آباؤنا بالكثير من الألعاب أيضًا. أخذنا هذه الالعاب واللوحات إلى المستشفى لحعل لغرف تبدو أجمل.

Mariam

My neighbor has always been kind to us. She used to help my mom look after me when I was younger. Now she's getting a bit older, and it's sometimes difficult for her to go shopping. So I ask her what she needs, then I go to the stores and get it. Hike to help her.

تقد كانت جارتي دائما لطيفة معنا. كانت تساعد أمي في الاعتناء في عندما كنت أصعر سناً. لقد كبرت الذِن قليلا، وأصبح من الصعب عليها أحيانًا الذهاب لتشبوق. لذلك اسألها عما تحتاجه، ثم أذهب إلى المتاجر وأحضره، أنا أجب ماشدتها

ساعد طفلت أن يستمع وبقرأ.

Answer the following:

- What did Reem decide to do?.....
- 2. Why was Ibrahim's sister sad? .
- 3. What did Mariam's neighbor use to do?



General Activities

(1	Listen and cir	rcle the correct a	nswer from <mark>a</mark> , b	, c, or d.
1.	My neighbor has a) clever			d) had
2				look after me,
۷.	a) aunt	b) sister	c) uncle	d) mom
3	•	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	a) easy	b) difficult	c) good	her to go shopping. d) bad
				it. I like to help her,
	a) stores			
(2	Choose the co	orrect answer fro	om a, b, c, or d.	
1.	I think it's very in	nportant to be kin	d	animals
	a) of	·b) to	c) at	d) in
2.				zation means,
				te d) donate
3.				at the school library.
	a) above	b) out	c) down	d) up
4.	To take part in s	omething means t	to	-, -р
	a) donate	b) support	c) participat	te d) volunteer
5.				y went on vacation.
		b) up		-
6.	. mea	ns to do a job or a	ictivity and not ta	ke any money for it.
7	a) Support	b) volunteer	c) Donate	d) Participate
7.	We decided to s	h) down	o) on '	al children's charity.
0		b) down		o) at
D.				d) nervous
α				to my holiday.
J.	a) after	b) forward	c) for	d) up
10	She lost her ner	She looked	0) 101	it everywhere.
10		b) in		
11				to help my neighbor.
		b) used		
12				ike to help my mom.
	_			d) to
-				



Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

forward - books - donate - starting up - help out

I love reading very much. I have lots of 1)	at home. I decided
to 2)in the kindergarten class by reading to	the children. We're
3) a project where they think of their owr	n stories next week.
I'm looking 4) to that.	

Read the following text then answer the questions.

Last week, my friends started a project called Community Help. They wanted to choose something they could do to support people and things in their community. Some of them wanted to start a vegetable garden in their area to grow fresh fruit and vegetables. Other friends volunteered to help clean the trash from the river, so that animals' habitats are safer. I decided to help children in my school. I started an after-school club to teach trem football skills. It was great to have so many children participating.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- Some of my friends wanted to start a vegetable
 - a) market b) garden
 - c) fair
- d) place

- I decided to help children in my....
 - a) club
- b) centre
- c) school
- d) fun fair people and things.

a) donate b) pa

3. They wanted to

- b) participate c) support
- d) volunteer

B) Answer the following questions.

- 4. What is the main idea of the passage? ____.
- 5. What does the underlined word "them" refer to?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. reading children I the younger stories with love .
- 2. neighbor alone I lives because help she my .
- 3. want grow did people What some to ?

6 Punctuate the following.

• i want to help children in my school

Lesson (2) WE'USE THIS TO PICK UP THE TRASH

Listenjandjsay.



nature camera كاميرا لتصوب الطبيعة



grabber ألاقط / ماسك



multi-grip قبضة متعددة الأغراض



استمع وقل،

photocopier آلة تصوير



laptop حاسوب محمول



camera كاميرا/ آلة تصوير



speaker " مكبر صوت



headphones سماعة رأس



scooter سكوتر



radio راديو



breathing mask قناع التنفس



joysticks ذراع / عصا التحكم

كلمات أساسية

Key vocabulary

handle	4	day center مقبض	مركز رعاية نهاري
film		record	يُسجل

button يركب / يثبت install ند

controller take off جهازتحكم يزيل

Extra vocabulary

كلمات إضافية

gloves	فقازات	garnes console	وحدة تحكم كعب
metal stick	عصا معدثية	forest	414
exhibition	معرض	menu	3.48

Regular verbs افعال منتظمة

Present	Past	P.P
clean up	cleaned up	cleaned up
pick up	picked up	ріскед бр
squeeze	squeezed	squeezed
press	pressed	pressed

irregular verbs افعال غير ستظمة

	Present	Past	P.P
wear	يرتدي / يلبس	wore	wom
buy	يشتري	bought	bought .
put .	يشع .	put .	put

Definitions

تعريفات

button something you press to make something happen		າ ມັ
joysticks	something you can move in different directions to	control
	a computer game	فراع / عصائحكم
controller	something we use to play a computer game	وجهاز تحكم

Listen and read.

Tamim

When we do a beach clean-up, we wear gloves to protect our hands. We carry black bags for the trash we collect. And look! We use this to pick up the trash. It's great fun to use. It's a long metal stick with two fingers at the end. The fingers open and close when you squeeze the handle at the top. You open and close the fingers to pick up the trash, then drop it in the bag. Mom says it's better than picking things up with your hands.

عشدما تقوم بتنظيف الشاطئ، نرتدي قفازات لحماية أيدينا. نحمل أكياشا سوده للقمامة التي تجمعها، ومنظرة محن تسبتخدم هذا لالتقاط القمامة. إنه ممتع جدًا في استخدامه. إنها عصا معدنية طويلة بدّراعين في نهايتها. تفتح الأفرع وتغلق م عند الضغط على المقبض في الأعلى، تقوم بفتح وإغلاق الأنرع لالتقاط المهملات، ثم تضعها في الكيس. تقول أي بنه أفضل من النقاط الأشياء بيدبك.

Dalida

I volunteer at a day center for old people. Some old people can't open glass bottles and jars. Their hands aren't strong enough. So they use this to take off the tops. This is how you use it. Hold the jar with one hand and put this on the top. Hold this part with your other hand, and then turn it around. It's really easy to use. Hove showing this to the people at the day center.

أنا أتطوع في مركز نهاري لكبار السن. بعض كبار السن لا يستطيعون فتح الزجاجات والبرطونات. أيديهم ليستُ قوية بعا فيه الكفاية. لذلك يستخدمون هذا لفتح الأغطية. هذه هي طريقة استخدامه. أمسك البرطمان بيد واحدة وضع هذا على الغطاء. أمسك هذا الجزء بيدك الأخرى، ثم قم بتدويره. إنَّها حقًّا سهلة الاستعمال. أحب أن أعرض هدا على الأشخاص في المركز النهاري

Hamza

We're doing a wildlife project at school, and my teacher installed two of these in the forest. We're using them to film wildlife. He put one on the ground to film animals at night. He put the other in a tree to film birds during the day. Then we record how many animals and birds we see, and what they're doing, It's so interesting. We've learned a lott

نحن نقوم بتنفيذ مشروع عن الحياة البرية في المدرسة، وقد قام معلمي بتركيب النين من هذه في الغابة. نحن تستخدمها لتصوير الحياة البرية. لقد وضع واحدة على الأرض لتصوير الحيوانات ليلاً. ووضع الأعرى في شجرة لتصوير الطيور أثناء النهار، ثم نسجل عدد الحيوانات والطيور التي تراها وماذا يفعلون. إنه أمر مثير للاهتمام. لقد تعلمنا الكثيرا

Answer the following:

- 1. Why does Tamim use a grabber on a beach clean-up?
- 2. Why do the old people use a multi-grip?..........
- 3. Why does Hamza's teacher put nature cameras in the forest?

Eistenland read.

استمع واقرأ.

Morn :. Hi Amira. Is this your new games console? It looks great. What's

this part for?

مرحنا أميرة. هل هذه وحدة تحكم الرّاعاب الجديدة الخاصة بك؟ تبدو رائعة. ما هذا الجزء؟

Amira : Oh, that's the controller. It's what you use to play the game.

أود، هذا هو جهاز التحكم. عدا ما تُستخدمه للعب اللعبة،

ا رنع! وما وطيفة هنا؟ Cool! And what does this do?

Amira: That's the home button. When you press it, it takes you back to

the menu.

هذا هو زر الصعحة الرئيسية. وعندما تضغط عليه بعود بك إلى القائمة.

Mom : OK. And what are these buttons for?

Amira: Those are the action buttons. You use them to tell your character

to run, jump, or do other actions.

تلك هي أزرار الحركة. يمكنك استخدامها لإخبار شخصيتك مالجري أو القفز أو القيام بحركات أخرى.

Mom : And what are these parts for? إوليه تستخدم هده الأجزاء؟

Amira: They're the joysticks. They help you move your character around.

إنها عصا التحكم. إنها تساعدك على تغربك شخصيتك.

Mom: OK. So, the nome button takes you to the menu, and the buttons

and joysticks are for playing the game.

حسمة. ذر، ينقب زر الصفحة الرئيسية إلى القائمة، والأزرار وعصا النحكم مخصصة للعب اللعبة.

Amira: That's right. Do you want to play a game with me?

هذا صحيح. هل تريدي أن تلعبي لعبة معي؟

Read the description. What object is it?

People use this to play games or watch movies. You can use it to find information on the internet. You can also write essays and do your homework on it. You can't photocopy paper with it.

بستخدم الناس هذا لمعارسة الألعاب أو مشاهدة الأقلام. يمكنك استغدامه للعثور على المعلومات على شبكة الإنترشت. يمكنك أيضًا كتابة المقالات والقيام بالواحيات المغرلية عليه. لا يمكنك تصوير الورق به.

People use this to listen to music or songs. You can use it to listen to the news. You can also use it to listen to comments on football matches and other sports. You can use headphones with it.

بستخدم الناس هذا للاستماع إلى الموسيق أو الأغاني. يمكنك استخدامه للاستماع إلى الأخبار، يمكنك أيضًا استخدامه للاستماع إلى التعبيقان على مباريات كرة القدم والرياضات الأخرى. يمكنك استخدام المقال أسماع المستماع الى التعبيقات على مباريات كرة القدم والرياضات الأخرى.



Infinitives of purpose

الكي (التعبير عن العرض) (to + inf.)

- We use to + a verb in the base form to explain why we do something. " المصيدر + to " لكي توضح لباذا نقيل الشهيد.

e.g. We wear gloves to protect our hands.

We use also to + base form verb to answer questions with why.

ستخدم أيضًا " المصدر + to " لكي نجيب على الأسئلة التي تبنأ ب " Why".

e.g. Why do you wear gloves on a beach clean-up? To protect my hands.

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. I bought a card to(sent) to my grandma
- 2. Nesma wears sunglasses to(protecting) her eyes.
- 3. My uncle went to Cairo to(visiting) a friend,
- 4. Mom is using an app to(learns) French.
- 6. Lama painted a picture to (putting) in the exhibition.
- 7. They make lemonade to (sells) in the market.
- 8. Farah traveled by bus to(saw) her cousins.
- 9. We bought some candy to (eats) during the movie.

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

- 1. We use the paintings to the rooms look nicer.
 - a) make b) makes
- c) made d) making
- 2. I went to the club....... play games.
 - a) in b) to c) at d) on
- 3. Heba wears jewelry to good.
 - a) looks
- b) looked
- c) look
- d) looking

General Activities

تص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

(1	Listen and circ	cle the correct ar	nswer from a, b	, c, ord.
1.	We're doing a wild			at school.
	a) test		c) project	d) essay
2.	•			n the forest.
	a) mobiles	-		
3.	We're using them			wildlife.
	a) film		*	d) color
4.	He put one on the			
_	a) height	b) noon	c) night	d) midnight
(2	Choose the co	rrect answer fro	ma,b,c,ord.	. * *
1.	When we do a be	each clean , v	ve wear gloves t	o protect our hands.
	a) down	b) up	c) after	d) before
.2.	We use a	*** ** 1 4* 4 * 4		to pick up the trash.
	a) nature camer			
3.	The grabber is a			stick.
	a) water	b) silk	c) metal	d) paper
4.	You can use the	grabber when you	squeeze the	
	a) candle	b) handle	c) sand	d) land
5.	I volunteer at a		С	enter for old people.
	a) second	b) time	c) while	d) day
6.	They use a	*** * ** * * * *		to take off the tops.
	a) grabber			
7.	My teacher		two nature ca	ameras in the forest.
	a) told			
8.	A			
	a) controller	b) button	c) joystick	d) photocopier
9.		*	_	irections to control a
	computer game.			
	a) camera	b) speaker	c) joystick	d) laptop
10.				y a computer game.
			_	ne d) controller

-	
/	3 N
.	3 .
1.	

Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

top - multi-grip - strong - weak - open

1) glass bottles and jars. Their hands aren't 2) enough So they use a 3) to take off the tops. They hold the jar with one hand and put the multi-grip on the 4) to take it off.
Read the following text then answer the questions.
We're doing a wildlife project at school, and my teacher installed two of these in the forest. We're using them to film wildlife. He put one on the ground to film animals at night. He put the other in a tree to film birds during the day. Then we record how many animals and birds we see, and what they're doing. It's so interesting. We've learned a lot!
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.
1. We're doing a a) science b) geography c) wildlife d) industry 2. My teacher two nature cameras in the forest a) took b) gave c) marked d) installed 3. He put a camera on the to film animals at night a) branch b) plant c) ground d) tree
B) Answer the following questions.
4. Where did they second?
5. What did they record?
5 Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.
1. water - under - You - swim - to - this - use
2. ears - your - over - It's - goes - that - the part
3. Lama -put -painted -to -a picture -the exhibition - in

	Lesson (2)						
	4. lemonade - to - the market - in - They - sell - make						
	5. by bus - her cousins - see - Farah - to - traveled						
	promoternos de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania del la compania de la compan						
	6. some candy - bought - the movie - to - We - during - eat						
	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.						
	1. A pen is used to writing with.						
	2. Cameras are used						
	3. You press the button to (made) something happen.						
	4. We wear gloves to (protecting) our hands.						
	5. We start a vegetable garden (grows) fresh fruits and vegetables						
Ì	6. They use a multi-grip to (took) off the tor						
	7. I bought a card to						
	8. I went to the sports center to (played) voileyball.						
ı	9. He put the camera on the ground to (filming) animals at night.						
I	10. I opened the fridge to (taking) a bottle of water.						
I	11. You open and close the fingers (at) pick up the trash.						
	7 Punctuate the following.						
	 do you want to play a game with me 						
	• the home button takes you to the menu						
١	Commence of the commence of th						
K	8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:						
0	aulding elements:						
	What is it? - What do people use it for?						
	4 2 4 2 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						
	** ************************************						
	TY PRINTS ADDITED SENSE AND A RECEIPT OF THE RE-						

esson (3) IT'S GOLL CK TO THE Part (A) COMMUNITY

Key voca	abulary		لهات أساسية
socialize	يتواصل اجتماعيًا / يختلط	confidence	للة
fundraising	جمع تبرعات	give back	يرد الجميل
Extra vo	cabulary		كلمات إضافية
healthy eating	أكل صحي	summer school	منرسة صيفية
charity	مؤمسة خيرية	teenagers	مراهقين
Definitio	ns		تعريفات
socialize	spend time with peop	ole in a friendly way	بختلط / يتواصل اجتماعيًا
confidence	feeling sure about you	urabilities	au.
fundraising	collecting money for	acharity	· جمع تپرعات
give back	to help others becaus	e you have received so	much يرد الجميل

Rawan

You learn many important life skills when you volunteer. You learn how to socialize and talk to people you wouldn't usually meet. Volunteering also gives you confidence. It's amazing to see how teenagers grow in confidence when they start volunteering. Fundraising helps charities get the money they need. It's good to give back to the place where you live. My advice to teenagers is volunteer and help if you can. You'll enjoy it!



أنَّت تتعلم العديد من المهارات الحياتية المهمة عندما تتطوع تتعلم كيفية التواصل الاجتماعي والتحدث مع الأشخاس الذين لا تقابلهم عادةً. كما يمنحك العمل التطوعي الثقة. إنه لأمر مدهش أن نرى كيف نتمو ثقة المواهقين عندما بيداون العمل التطوعي. يساعد جمع التبرعات المؤسسات الخيرية في العصول على الأموال التي تحتاجها، من الجيد أن ترد الجميل للمكان الذي تعيش فيه. نصيحتي للمراهقين هي التطوع والمساعدة إذا استطعتم سوف نستمتعون بذلك؛



An Adverb is a word that describes a verb.

الحال/ الطرف هو كلمة تصف فعل.

e.g. He waited patiently.

- They walked quickly.

Form

We can make adverbs by adding -ly to most adjectives.

يتكون الحال / الطرف باضافة " إلا " إلى معظم الصفات.

quick → quickly

slow → slowly

Adjectives that end in a constant followed by y, add -ily.

الصفات التي تنتفي بساكن ويعده "٧" نحول "٧" إلى "١٦١٧".

happy → happily

angry → angrily

Adjecti	ve ·	Adverb		Adje	ctive	Adve	rb
beautiful	جميل	beautifully	نجمال	angry	غضبان	angrily	ىغضب
quiet	هدئ	quietly	نهجوه	happy	سعيل	happily	بسعادة
kind	عطوف	kindly	بعطف	patient	صبور	patiently	نصير

3 Adverb normally comes after the verb.

الحال يأتي بمد الفعل،

e.g. He shouted angrily.

Adverbs can come before or after a verb and its object. The adverb can't come between the verb and its object.

بمكن أن تأتي الأحوال قبل أو بعد فعل ومفعوله، ولا يمكن أن تأتّي بين الفعل ومفعوله،

e.g. She quickly learned the rules. () - She learned quickly the rules. (X) She learned the rules quickly. ()

Some adverbs are irregular.

بعض الأحوال غير منتظمة.

-	Adjective	1	Adverb	,
	good	well حيد		لطريقة جيدة
-	fast	fast سيع		بسرعة
V	hard	hard صعب / شاق		بحد
1	and the transfer of any	Lla musa foot		

He is a fast runner. He runs fast e.q.

She is good at painting. She craws well



1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, ord.

1.	They walked			**********
	a) quick	b) quicker	c) quickly	d) quickest
2.	He shouted			
_	a) angry		c) anger	d) angrily
3.	a) quickest			learned the rules.
4				a) quickly
				d) slowest
5.			*	
	a) sadly			
(2	Read and write	the correct form	of the word(s) be	etween brackets.
1.	Younis hates play	/ing tennis. He p	lays	(bad).
2.	Dalia came first in	n the running rac	e. She runs really	(fast).
3.	Sherif opened the	e door	(quiet) because hi	s little brother was
	sleeping.			
4.	Maged's picture of	of a horse is exc	ellent. He draws v	ery (good).
5.	I heard two peop	le shouting	(angry)	in the street today.
6.	Adam was very h	nungry, and he at	e his meal	(quick).
7.	Their cousins dor	nated money	(k	ind) to our charity.
8.	Mr Ibrahim waited	d	(patient) for	the train to arrive.
9.	Fareeda	, (bea	utiful) plays the pi	ano and the violin.
10,	Dalida volunteere	ed be	(happy) at the chi	ldren's day center.
11.	The lion hunted the deer(quick) and ate it.			
12.	The teacher expla	ained the lesson		(good).
13.	The librarian gave	e me a book to r	ead	(silent).
				gry) to each other.
			1	(heavy)
101	ung mad dam		(Wiodill's

General Activities

نص الاستماع في مهاية الكتاب

(1) :1	L i sten and di	cte the correct	tanswer from a, b	,c,ord.
1.	Ŗa	wan started		when sh	ne was 10 years old.
	a)	swimming	b) reading	c) volunteering	d) cycling
2.	Sh	e helps childre	n learn	. В при при при при при при при при при при	
	a) _.	speaking	b) writing	c) listening	d) reading
3.	Sh	e likes helping	children becau	se they're the	
	a)	future	b) past	c) present	d) tense
4.	He	r advice for tee	enagers is be		
	a)	important	b) lazy	c) bored	d) patient
(2		Choose the co	rrectanswerf	roma,b,c,ord.	
1.	Sa	ifia likes		. It giv	ves her confidence.
	a)	eating	b) football	c) volunteerin	g d) watching TV
2.	п		" means to spe	nd time with people	e in a friendly way .
	a)	Socialize	b) Visualize	c) Analyze	d) Volunteering
3.	11		. " m	eans feeling sure a	about your abilities.
		Charity			d) Confidence
4.			hel	ps charities get the	e money they need.
			•		d) Confidence
5.	,.	" means	s to help others	because you have	received so much.
	a)	Fundraising	b) Confidence	e c) Give back	d) Socialize
		Read and con	plete the text	with the words i	n the box.
		give back - Fu	ındraising - aπ	nazing - confidenc	ce - socialize
	1	You learn life :	skills when you	ı volunteer. You le	earn how to 1)
	d ta	lk to people. It	gives you 2)	when you	start volunteering.
		neips c		money they need unive.	J. II S 9000 TO
-7			project tritters /		



4 Read the following text then answer the questions.

You learn many important life skills when you volunteer. You learn how to socialize and talk to people you wouldn't usually meet. Volunteering also gives you confidence. It's amazing to see how teenagers grow in confidence when they start volunteering. Fundraising helps charities get the money they need. It's good to give back to the place where you live. My advice to teenagers is volunteer and help if you can. You'll enjoy it!

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1.	When you volunt	teer, yo	ou learn ma	ny	*********		*** ***********	********
	a) sports	b) lif	e skills	C)	charities	d),	ideas	
2.	Volunteering also	o gives	s you	P411 +4		,,,,,,		
	a) confidence	b) ho	orror	C)	fear	d)	cheat	
3.	Fundraising help						_	need.
	a) advice		-	C)	air	d)	smoke	
	Answer the follow							
4. V	What does the writ	ter adv	ise teenage	rs t	o do?			
5. <u>V</u>	What is the main i	dea of 1	the text?		***************************************	, ,,.,.,,		
(5	Read and writ	te the c	orrect form	of	the word(s) betw	een braci	kets.
1.	They lost the ma	atch be	cause they	pla	yed	***********		(bad).
2.	You must cross	the stre	eet		4440	********	(ca	reful).
3.	My brother can	play for	otball very .		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	(good).
4.	Ali shouted	eggyr dd mdb d	h h	- ++-11	***************************************	(angr	y) at his	sister.
5.	Omar can run	1,,,,,, 14,,414	4-1414-14144-144-144	,,	(fa	istly). H	e always	wins.
(6	Put the word	sinth	e correct o	rde	r to make	correct	sențend	:es.
1.	children - helping	- Why	- like - Seif	- d	oes -?			
	-1 111		**** **********************************	** 444	******* ***********	***************************************		
2	money - they - ne	ed - Fr	ındraising -	th	e - aet - he	elos - ch	arities -	

esson (3)

READING

	كلمات أساسية
reward مکافاة jealous عبور	aparrow عصفور
seed بدرة thick بدرة	rich 400
o مخم huge فرنة village	ينتني disappear
reach '' يصل wing يصل c	care for

Definitions

jealous	feeling unhappy because someone has what you want	غيور
·		
reward	something you get for doing a good job or being helpful	مكفأة

Listen and read.

استمع واقرأ.

Two Brothers, Two Rewards

Once, there were two brothers who were very different. The older brother was the richest man in the village. He was rich, but he always wanted more money. The younger brother wasn't rich, but he was kind and shared what he had with his friends.

ذات مرة، كان هناك شقيقان محتلفان تعامل كان الأخ الأكبر أغنى رجل في القرية. نقد كان ثريًا، لكنه كان دائمًا يريد المزيد من المال، لم يكن الأح الأصغر ثريًا، لكنه كان لطبقًا ويشارك ما كان لديه مع أصدقائه.

One day, the younger brother found a bird with a broken wing, "Don't worry, little bird," he said. "I will look after you." He cared for the bird all winter, and when the bird was strong again, he said, "You can fly away now." "First, I want to give you areward," said the bird. "Plant this seed in your garden and look after it like you looked after me."

في أحد الأيام، وجد الرُّخ الأصغر طائرًا جناحه مكسور، قال: "لا تقلق أيها الطائر الصغير سوف أعتني بك." لقد اعتبي بالطائر طوال فصين الشتاء، وعندما أصبح الطائر فويًا مرة أخرى، قال: "يمكنك الطيران بعبدًا الآن". قال الطائر: "أولاً، أريد أن أعطيك مكافأة ازرع هذه البذرة في حنيقتك واعتنى بها كما اعتليت ن."

The brother planted the seed and watched it grow into a huge plant with big, orange vegetables. When the brother cut one open, it was full of gold and silver! He was now the richest man in the village!

زرع الأخ البلارة وشاهدها وهي تنمو لتصبح نباتًا ضخفا يحتولي على حصروات صحمة برثقالية اللور. وعندما فنح الاخ وحذة، كانت مليئة باللرهب والفضة! والآن أصبح أغني رجل في القرية!

The older brother was jealous. He went to his brother's house, and his brother told him about the bird. The next day, the older brother caught a sparrowand broke its wing. He said, "I'll look after you, then you can give me a reward." He looked after the bird, and when it was strong, he said, "Now I want my reward." The little bird replied, "Here is your reward. Plant this seed and look after it well."

كان الأخ الأكبر غيوزا. ذهب إلى بيت أخيه، فأخبره أخوه عن الطائر، في اليوم التالي، أمسك الأخ الأكبر بعصفور وكسر حدث. وقال له: "سأعتنى بك، ثم يدكنك أن تعطيني مكافأة". اعتنى بالطائر، وعندما اصبح قوياً، قال: "الآن أريد مكافأتي". أجاب الطائر الصفير: "هذه هي مكافأتك. ازرع هذه البلرة واعتني بهاجيدًا."

The older brother planted the seed, and soon a thick, tall plant grew up and up to the moon. The brother climbed up the plant to look for his reward. But when he reached the moon, the plant disappeared. He was alone, and he couldn't go back.

زرع الأخ الأكبر البذرة، وسرعان ما نما نبات طويل وسميك ووصل إلى القمر. تسلق الأخ النبات ليبحث عن مكافأته. ولكن عندما وصل إلى القمر اختطى النبات، لقد كان وحيدًا، ولم يتمكن من العودة.

The older brother didn't find any gold. So now, he looks down from the Moon, and watches his kind, younger brother living happi y and helping others.

لم يجد الزّخ الأكبر أي ذهب. والآن، ينظر للأسفل من القمر، ويشاهد أخاه الطيب الأصغر يعيش بسعادة ويساعد الآخرين.



Read again and write T (True) or F (False).

 The younger brother was kind to his friends, but he wasn't rich. 	(
--	---	--

- 2. The younger brother found an injured mouse and looked after it. (
- 3. The older brother was jealous when his brother became rich. (
- 4. The older brother looked after an injured bird because he loved it. (
- The older brother found his reward on the Moon and shared it with his brother.

esson (3)

PRONUNCIATION

Look, listen and repeat.

انظرء استمع وردد.

ch, sh and tch sounds













rich غنى

chop يقطع

fish

shoe فردة حذاء

watch يشاهد

catch يمسئت

sh ///

ship

sheep سفينة

wash حبود / غم

shirt

shop قمیص

دa sh محل ، بتسوق

shells

dishes أصداف

أطباق

ch /t//

chip

lun ch رقاقة

reach عذاء

chicken

tea cher دجاجة

معلم / معلمة

tch /tf/

ki tchen

catch مطح

watch بسك

يشاهد



Complete the words with sh, ch, or tch.

__ еер

ca ___

· wa ___

lun___

op.

di __ es

wa ___

tea __er

__ op

ki __ en

rea ___

General Activities

	Listen and ci	rcle the correct ar	iswer from a, b,	c, ord.
1.	The older brothe	er		a seed.
	a) dug	b) brought	c) planted	d) saw
2.	The brother clim	nbed	*	the plant.
	a) down 🕝	b) up .	c) in	d) on
				plant disappeared.
		b) sun		
4.				back.
_	a) swim	b) run	c) go	d) fly
$\langle 2 \rangle$	Choose the	correct answer fro	ma,b,c,ord.	
1.	They younger b	prother was kind to	his	
		b) friends		
2.				has what you want.
	a) Sparrow	b) Jealous	c) Reward	d) Award
3.	The older broth	er caught a		and broke its wing.
	a) cow	b) fox	c) sparrow	d) dog
4.	" " means	something you get t	or doing a good j	ob or being helpful.
	a) Award	b) Quiz	c) Test	d) Reward
(3	Read and co	mplete the text w	ith the words in	the box.
	rev	vard - present - av	vay - after - brok	en) -
	One day, the	younger brother for	und a bird with a	1) wing.
"Do	on't worry, little bi	ird, " he said. " I will	look2)	you." He cared for
the	e bird all winter, a	nd when the bird wa	is strong again, he	e said, " You can fly
3)	now,"	'First, I want to give	you a 4)	" said the bird.
"PI	lant this seed in	your garden and loo	ok after it like you	looked after me."



Read the following text then answer the questions.

One day, a younger farmer found a bird with a broken wing, "Don't worry," little bird," he said. "I will look after you." He cared for the bird all winter, and when the bird was strong again, he said, "You can fly away now." "First, I want to give you a reward," said the bird. "Plant this seed in your garden and look after it Ike you looked after me." The farmer planted the seed and watched it grow into a huge plant with big, orange vegetables. When he cut one open, it was full of gold and silver! He was now the richest man in the village!

1.	The bird had	ı a broken	gald-01140 aarottem	*****	****
	a) beak	b) wing	c) leg	d)	bone

- 2.
 - b) subject c) month a) season
- 3. The word "huge" means very
 - a) small c) little d) big b) short
- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What do you think of the farmer?
- 5. What was one of the orange vegetables full of?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 1. brother- his- of- jealous- brother- The older- is- younger- .
- 2. the bird What give did the brother younger ?



Punctuate the following.

- he was rich but wanted more money
- what did he do to the bird

essons WRITING: A BIOGRAPHY 4 & 5) PROJECT

Vocabulary		,	الكمات
biography	سيرة ناتية يكتبها شخص عن أخر	leader	٠. ١١٤
youth	بالشياب	award	يمنح جائزة
preparatory school	الدراسة الإعدادية	fundraiser	جامع تيرعات
university	جامعة	citizen	مواطن
social science	العلوم الأجتماعية	waste	فضالات
playground	ملعب	draft	يسودة
shopping	تسوق	timeline	خط زمني
event	حدث	leaflet	منشور / نشرة / مطوية
; food boxes	صناديق طعام	headings	ِ عَناوين رئيسية
fundraising	جمع تبرعاث	local	محلي
: successful	ناجح	neighbor	جار

Conjugation of verbs

	Present	Past	P.P	
organize		organized ينظم	organized	2 8 11.4
deliver		delivered بعصل	delivered	1
raise		raised	raised	
improve	, .	improved يُحسن	improved	
offer		offered يبرض	offered	
reduce	, t	reduced بينان	reduced	
recycle	·	recycled بميدتدوير	recycled	·
participate		participated يُعارك	participated	
lead		led يتود	led	
win		won باوز	won	
run	,	stilica ran	Pram	

Important expr	ressions and	prepositions	إهامة	تمييرات وحروف جر
Youth Give Back	الشياب يرد الجميل	beach clean-up		تنظيف الشاطئ
run a charity	يدير جمعية خبرية	a good citizen		مواطن صالح

Listen and read.

Fareeda Hassan: A Biography

Early Life

مرحلة مبكرة من الحياة

Fareeda Hassan was born in Alexandria in 1994. As a child, Fareeda helped her mom buy her elder neighbors' shopping.



استمع واقرأ

وسب لريدة حسن في برسكندرية عام ١٩٩٤.عندما كانت طفقة، ساعدت فريدة والدنها في شرء مشتريات جيرانها الأكبر سناً.

Volunteering at School

العمل التطوعي في المسرسة

Fareeda started preparatory school in 2006. Here, she participated in her first volunteer event. She and a team of volunteers did a beach clean-up. In 2010, she organized her first charity event delivering food boxes to families in the community.

اسات فريدة الدراسة المرحلة الإعدادية في عام ٢٠٠٦، وشاركت وقتها في أول حدث تطوعي لها. قامت هي وقريق من الم<mark>تطوعين بتنظيف</mark> الشاطئ. في عام ١٠- ٢، نظمت أول حدث خبري لها لتوصيل صاديق الطعام للعائلات في المجتمع،

The University Years

سنوات الجامعة

In 2012, Fareeda went to university to study social sciences. Here, she organized a fundraising event to raise money for a new playground.

إلى عام ١٠٠٪، ذهبت فريدة إلى الجامعة لدراسة العلوم الاجتماعية، وقتها قامت بقنظيم حدث لجمع الترعات من أجل ملعب جديد،

Working in Charities

العبل في الجمعيات الخيرية

In 2017, Fareeda started her first job as a community volunteer leader in Cairo. Since then, she has helped many people. In 2020, she led a "Youth Give Back" project in six cities in Egypt. It was so successful that she won the "2020 Community Worker" award. Today, she runs a charity for children.

في عام ٢٠١١، بدأت فريدة وطبعتها الأولى كذائدة مجتمعية متصوعة في الفاهرة. ومنذ ذلك الحين، ساعدت الكثير هن الماس، وفي عام

. ٢٠٠٠، فادت مشروع "الشباب يرد الحميل" في ست مدن في مصر، لقد كان بجفا جدًا للرجة أنها فازت بجائزة "العامل المجتمعي لعام

- ٢٠٢٠, واليوم بنبر مؤسسة خورية للأطفال.

Read the biography again and answer the questions:

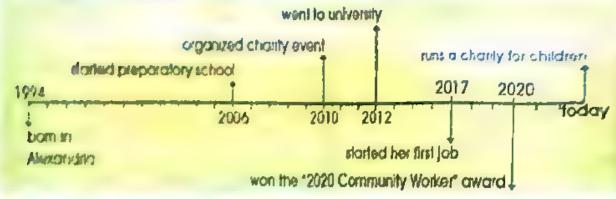
- How did Fareeda help her neighbors when she was a child? 1.
- What was her first volunteer event at preparatory school? 2.
- 3. What did she study at university?
- 4. What award did she win? -



When writing a biography, it helps to make a timeline of events, starting from the date of birth. Add important events and their dates to the timeline. This helps you organize the information in the correct order.

عبد كتافه سبرة بالدة من المفيد أن تعمل حدول زمن للأحداث، يساعن دويج المبلاد حنف الاحداث المهمة ودوا فا ها أن الحدوا رُمِيَّ . وهذا يساعدك على تنظيم المعلومات بالترتيب الصحيح

Read the biography again. Notice the timeline.



- Plan a biography for 'Fares Shawky". Create a timeline using the information blow.
- 4556 born in Cairo

- 2008 started preparatory school
- 2008 volunteered in charity car wash 2014 went to university
- ** first job as a charity fundraiser.
- Fryday runs a children's charity in Luxor

A Biography Fares Shawky Early life

Volunteering

The University Years:

Working in charities :



Read the leaflet. How can you reduce waste?

Ways to Be a Good Citizen

There are lots of ways you can relunteer to help you can



Respect Others: Be polite and kind to your neighbors. Help people who are old or sick. Call your neighbors to ask how you can help. You can offer to do their shopping or do jobs for Lets all be good chizens and them at home.

معتراء الأموس: كن مهدّنا وتطبقًا مع حيرامك. ساعد وسألهم كيف يمكنك المساعدة. يمكنك أن تعرض عنيهه انقيام بالتسوق أو القيام بأعمال لهم في المنزل. Protect the Environment:

Reduce waste, and help the environment. Don't use plastic bags or plastic comes. If you have plastic bottles at home. recycle them.

make the world a petter place!

كناس بالاستكناء وارحاجات بالسبكنة كالانبيت الأشحاص المستين أو المرضيء الصل بجيرائك



Help the Community: Volunteer at a local charity event or help out on a community project. Volunteering isn't boring. It's interesting. You'll be surprised how much you enjoy it.

سائدة المجتمع: تطرع في حدث خيري محلى أو سائد في مشروع محتمق، العمل التطوعي ليس ممالاً، له شيق سوف تناهش بعدي استعتاعك بهر





Read again and answer.

- What could you do for your neighbors?
- What ways could you volunteer in your community?
- What could you do to help the environment?

(1	>	Listen and ci	rcle the correct a	nsw	er froma,b,	C, O	rd.
1.	Fa	reeda started	**** ** ** ** *************************		1 1 1000 1 ver		school in 2006
			b) preparatory				-
2.	Sh	e participated	l in her first volunte	er			*** ** *******************************
•	a)	hint	b) tent	c)	event	d)	competition
3.	Sh	e did a beach	n cleana : K. A. A. A	i i Mirio ana r	**************************************		
	a)	down ;	b) on the property	c)	at ,	d)	up
4,	ln	2010, she or	ganized her first	1 + 1+ 1+	1 114	* *	event
	a)	helping	b) calling	`c)	charity	d)	planting
		Choose the	correct answer fro	ma	b,c,ord.		
1,	В	e polite and		14167 .	441	to y	our neighbors.
	a)	cruel	b) bad	(kind	d)	hard
2.		* ** *** * '** **********	* ** 1) ** *** *** ****	V	vaste and help	the	e environment.
			b) Reduce			_	
3.	Vo	olunteering isr	The same and the s		1	••	** **** * * *** ****** *
	a)	good	b) interesting	C) boring	d)	better
4,	Le	et's all be goo	j	and	d make the wo	orld	a better place.
	a) _	players	b) citizens	(engineers	_ d)	divers
	3)	Read and co	mplete the text w	vith '	the words in	the	box.
		Succes	sful - led - starte	d - h	elped - comn	านท	ity
اما	- d		eda started her firs		•		
			ce then, she has 2) Give Back" project				
		,	Give Back" project won the "2020 Corr			•	

runs a charity for children.



Read the following text then answer the questions.

We all live together in a community. We should be good citizens. There are lots of ways, we can volunteer to help our community. We can volunteer at a local charity event or help out on a community project. Volunteering is interesting. We must be polite and kind to our neighbors. We could call neighbors and offer to do their shopping. We must respect the environment. We could reduce waste and recycle plastic bottles. Let's

all	be good citizens	and make the w	ond a better place.					
A) (Choose the corre	ect answer from	a,b,c ord.					
1.	. The main idea of the text is about being							
	a) community	b) good citize	ns c) neighbors	d)	recycle			
2.	The word 'interest	esting" is the opp	osite of	4 4 4 4 5 1 ++	h4+44b441+++18Pb14 *++4+1b	r 0 r 1		
	a) exciting	b) bored	c) boring	d)	amazing			
3.	The underlined	word "their" refer	rs to	*** *****	,			
	a) neighbors	b) citizens	c) community	/ d)	charities	-		
B) /	Answer the follo	wing questions.			4			
4. V	Vhat could we do	to help the envi	ronment?		***************************************			
5. [low should you d	ieai with neighbo	rs?	*** *****	*****************			

- 5) Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.
- started She 2007 preparatory in school .
- environment the What help to do you cou d ?
- Punctuate the following.
 - help people who are old or sick



Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

Guiding elements: Respect others. Ways to be a good citizen

Help the community.

Writing Corner

Volunteering

Volunteering is a very good way to help our community. It's interesting At school, we started a project called "Community Help". We had to choose something we could do to support other people or things in our community. Some people planted a vegetable garden in the school to grow fresh fruit and vegetables. Other people volunteered to help clean trash from the river so that animals' habitats are safer.

A wildlife project \

We're doing a wildlife project at school, and my teacher installed two nature cameras in the forest. We're using them to film wildlife. He put one on the ground to film animals at night. He put the other in a tree to film birds during the day. Then we record how many animals and birds we see, and what they're doing. It's so interesting. We've learned a lot!

Volunteering

You learn many important life skills when you volunteer. You learn how to socialize and talk to people you wouldn't usually meet. Volunteering also gives you confidence. It's amazing to see how teenagers grow in confidence when they start volunteering. Fundraising helps charities get the money they need. It's good to give back to the place where you like.

A blography

Fareeda Hassan was born in Alexandria in 1994. As a child, Fareeda helped her morn buy her elder neighbors' shopping. Fareeda started preparatory school in 2006. Here, she participated in her first volunteer event. She and a team of volunteers did a beach clean-up. In 2010, she organized her first charity event delivering food boxes to families in the community. In 2020, she led a "Youth Give Back" project in Egypt. It was so successful that she won the "2020 Community Worker" award.

Review on Unit (11)

Vocabulary

donate	يترع	participate	بشارك	support	بساملاء يلاعه
volunteer	يتطوع	help out	يساعدق	start up	أسي
jealous	غيور	س multi-grip	مقبص متعدد الأغره	install	برکب / شت
record	يسجل	reward	يكافي: / مكافأة	sparrow	عصفار
kind to	عطوف مع	look after	يعتني <i>ڊ</i>	day center	مرکز رمایه ټرې
confidence	a.;	fundraising	حمع ناوعات	give back	يبرث بعيدين
grabber	أداة النقاط / ماسك	handle	مفنض	film	ه نِصور
socialize	ينواصل اجتماعيا	riature camer	a	ā	كاميرا لتصويرانصيم

Pronunciation _:

	sh / ʃ /	ch	/tʃ/	to	h/tʃ/
shoe	فردة حذاء	rich	غني ـ	watch .	يشاهد .
shop '	محل	chop	يقطع	catch	يعسك
ship	سفينة	chip	رقائة	kitchen	مطبخ

Language to + inf.

- يستخدم (to + inf) لبيان المرض

We wear gloves to protect our hands.

Adverbs.

- An Adverb is a word that describes a verb.

quick ----- quickly

- They walk quickly,

good ----- well - He runs fast.

fast ------ fast

- She plays well.

الحال / الطرف هو كلمة تصف الفعل،

- يتكون الحال «صافة "γا" إلى لصعة،

- هناك يعض الأحوال الشادة.

hard ----- hard

Help your child revise unit (11).

ساعد طعلك أن يراجع الوحدة الحادية عشر.

Al-BAHER - Connect (6) - Second Term



Dietation on Unit (11)

Lesson (1)						
********	يتعلوع	بساند/يدعم				
	بساعد في	بشارك				
	عطوف مع	بيدا ا				
. 20 20 4 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	in in	يعتني پ				
	Lesson (2)	1				
14 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	سيستني دارد السيبي مقبض	مقبض متعدد الأعراض				
	مرکز رعایه تیاری					
1 11 45 55 4	جهار بحکم	ذراع تحكم				
	Lesson (3)					
		. يتواصل احتماعنا				
4. 4. 7. 7. 7. 8. 9. 9. 9. 9.	يرد الحميل	جمع تبرعات				
	سينسب	مِكَافَأَةً				
	٠٠٠٠ ني ٠٠٠٠ ني	عصفور				
	خراف/خروف	يشاهد				
*14 *** * *** ** * * * * * * * * * * * *	<u> </u>	ٔ فردة حداء				
** * *! * ! *! * * * * * * * * * * * *	معلنح	ف س مي أ				
* ** 141 ********** * 10147 *** 7 **	سفية	رقاقة				
4 , , 4 114 T	غذاء	يغسل				
	اطباق	يصل				
·						
Lessons (4 & 5)						
er d black er replie ofte letter letter i	٠	يحترم				
* ***************		يحمي				
+ 3m der ett 21 1115 - 12ekm er 10 16e1 e ne.	يقبل	يساعد يسس				
	ىرىدىن بىلىدىنىسىنىدىد يېچىد ئەۋىر					
		*				

Activities on Unit (11)

نص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.										
1.	I love		q pqqq++pq+qpqqqqqqqqqqq	P19841641448		**************************************	+++ppq .			
	a) singir	ng	b) dancing	c) i	reading	d) d	iving			
2.					in the kindergarten class.					
	a) help o	out	b) cut off	c) I	ook for	d) m	ake out			
3.	I love read	ding			with the younger chi					
	a) magaz	zines	o) articles	c) s	tories	d) le	aflets			
4.	We're star	rting	1.6 (26.4) 24.94 (4.7)	* 4 **	4 4 +		a project.			
	a) up		o) out	c) c	lown .	d) of				
(2	Choose	e the cor	rect answer fr	om a, l	b, c, or d.					
1.	We		to help in the	commu	nity servic	e projed	ct every year.			
	a) · dismi	SS	b) volunteer	c)	press	d)	do			
2.	I help mor	m and lo	ok .		•	my	little brotner.			
	a) before	e .	b) down	c)	after	d)	up			
3.	Children v	who	in a	group a	activity usu	ally hav	e lots of fun!			
	a) partic	ipate	b) look	c)	make	d)	write			
4.	4. If you want to help,					money	to a charity.			
	a) ask		b) donate	c)	paint	d)	draw			
3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.										
painted - being - having - sad - hospital										
	My little	sister wa	s sick last mon	th, and	she was i	n the 1)				
She's better now, but when we visited her, she was 2) because										
			there. I thou			,				
for children who are sick. My friends and I 4) lots of big pictures										
			aches, and tree				-			

Help your child deal with such questions.

سأعد طفلك أن يتعامل مع مثل علم الأسطة.

AI-BAHER - Connect (6) - Second Term (79





Read the following text then answer the questions.

When we do a beach clean-up, we wear gloves to protect our hands. We carry black bags for the trash we collect. And look! We use a grabber to pick up the trash. It's a long metal stick with two fingers at the end. The fingers open and close when you squeeze the handle at the top. You open and close the fingers to pick up the trash, then drop it in the bag. Mom says it's better than picking things up with your hand.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.	
1. When we do a beach clean-up we, wear gloves to our hands	ì.
a) cut b) bleed c) protect d) spoil	
2. We put the trash in bags	
a) brown b) black c) green d) yellow 3. We use a to pick up the trash	
a) nature camera b) grabber c) multi-grip d) radio	
B) Answer the following questions.	
4. Describe the grabber.	
5. What's your mother's opinion about the grabber?	
5 Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.	
1. children - my - in - school - help - to - wanted - I	
2. to - center - 1 - to play - volleyball - went - the sports	
3. grow - wanted - vegetables - to - They - fruit - and	
6 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets	•
They make lemonade to	
7 Punctuate the following.	
- sherif s picture is nice.	
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about "Scooter":	
Guiding elements:	

-What is it?

- What do people use it for?

Al-Azhar Corner

-	
/4	
	1

Read and complete the dialog with words from the box.

•	cha	racter - but	tons - menu -	do - controlle	er) ,
Mom Amira Mom Amira Mom	Your notate That's to What do That's to What a	ew games co the 1) loes this 2) the home bure these 4)	onsole looks g	reat. What is the You use it to you back to the	
				words from ti	
	went -	preparator	y - started - u	niversity - 199	14)
Anas Seif Anas Saif Anas Saif	She wa When o She 3) When o	is born in 1) . did she start 2	2)	description to univ	school? in 2006. ? versity in 2012.
				volunteered	1
2,	What -	4	was		()
3.	flowers	beaches	trees	plants	()
4.	kind	start up	help out	look after	()
5.	headphones		play	radio	()
卷	Read and ci	rcle the odd	one out and	replace it.	
1. 2. 3.	angry angrily sheep	good quietly fish	quickly quickly shoes	bad slow watch	() () ()
4.	lunch	chop	chip news	catch snorkel	()
5.	camera	radio	110113	21 OF VOI	

Unit 12

FICTION READER:

ATEMU AND AMETHUST

أتيمو والحمامة أميثست



TEMPART VARIETY VARIOUS ET ANTOUS ET

The Story

ATEMU AND AMETHYST

Characters





The Story

PICTURE DICTIONARY



Part (I) Regunning



Once upon a time, a long, long, time ago, a boy called Atemu lived in the Nile Delta illis home was in a small village, and he lived with his parents and his big sister, Nedjem. Atemu was twelve, but he didn't go to school. His father worked as a carpenter. He was teaching Atemu how to make things from wood.

Atemu loved animals, especially birds. He liked to watch the birds that came into his yard. Every day, Atemu gave some graph to the birds. He enjoyed watching them eat. Often, his sister's cat came into the yard and watched the birds, too. It sometimes jumped at the birds, but it never caught them. It was a very slow cat.

كان معاقل مدرس ميد سال صبي بدعى عبم في دئا سال كال مدرلة في قربة صعيره، وكان ميش مع والدية وأحته الكبرى بيجم. كان تيموفي بتانية مشرد من سيرد، حدام بدهب إلى سدرسة كان و بده يعمل بحارا وكان يعلم أشموكيتية صبح الأشياء من الحشب، كان تيمو يُحب الحيوانات، وخاصة الطيور كان بحب مشاهدة الطيور إلى تأتي الى فناء منزلة كان يوم، كان أتيمو بعطي بعض الحيوب المصور كان سيمنع بمساهديم وهم بالثول في كثير من الأحيان، كانت قطة أحدة تأتي إلى الفناء وبراقب الطيور أيضا، وكانت أحيانًا تقفز على الصيور، لذبها مع تصلك بهم أنب القد كانت قطة بطيئة حدًا،





One day in October, Atemu was in the yard when he heard a strange noise. He looked up and saw something amazing. A huge flock of birds were flying over his village. They were coming down to a field nearby.

"Mom! Mom!" shouted Atemu. "There are so many birds! Can I go and see them?" His Mom came out of the house and looked. "Wow!" she said. "Yes, you can go."

She filled a bowl with grain. "Here you are," she said kindly. "You can take this for them."

في أحد أيام شهر أكتوبر، كان أتيمو في الفناء عندما سمع ضجيجًا غربيًا. نظر للأعلى ورأى شيئاً مذهلاً. كان سرب ضخم من الطيور يحلق فوق قربته. كانوا ينزلون إلى حقل قربب. 🔻

صاح أتيمو: "أمي! أمي! هناك الكثير من الطيور! هل يمكنني الذهاب ورؤيتهم؟" خرجت والدنه من المنزل ونطرت وقالت "واوا نعم، يمكنك الذهاب."

ملأت وعاءُ بالحبوب وقالت بلطف: "تفضل، يمكنك أن تأخذ هذا لهم."





When Atemu got to the fields, he couldn't believe his eyes. There were thousands of birds. Every one of them was light gray, with shiny green feathers on its neck and purple feathers on its chest. They were beautiful! They called to each other with a long "whoo" sounds.

Atemu threw the grain to the birds. They ate it bungrily. Then, suddenly.

Atemu threw the grain to the birds. They ate it hungrily. Then, suddenly, they flew into the sky again. Atemu watched them go.

عندما وصل أتيمو إلى الحقول، لم يصدق عينيه. كان هناك الآلاف من الطيور. كان لون كل واحد منهم رمادي فانح، ونه ريش أحضر لامع على رقبته وريش أرجواني على صدره. كانت طيورًا جميلة ا كانوا ينادون بعضهم البعض بأصوات "whao" الطويلة، ألقى أتيمو الحبوب للطيور، أكلوها بِنَهَم (بشراعة). ثم فجأة طاروا إلى السماء مرة أخرى، شاهدهم أتيمو وهم يذهبون.



Then he noticed a bird at his feet. It was looking at him. "Coo, coo, coo, coo." it went.

"I don't have any grain for you, bird," said Atemu.

"Coo, coo, coo," went the bird.

The noise was different from the other birds. It looked different too. First, it was bigger. The other birds had yellow beaks, but this bird's beak was dark gray. This bird also had stripes on its wings. Atemu could see something strange on its leg, too.

Just then, Atemu heard his mother calling him.

Atemu started walking quickly, but he could hear the bird behind him. It was following him!

"Why don't you fly with your friends?" said Atemu, but the bird just cooed.

ثم لاحظ طانزا عند قدميه. كان ينظر إليه، وكان يصبح باستمرار "كو، كو، كو، كو"

قال أتيمو: "ليس لدي أي حيوب لك أيها الطائر". 😱

صاح الطائر "كو، كو، كو، كو،

كان الصوت مختلفًا عن الطيور الأخرى. بدا الطائر مختلفًا أيضًا. أولًا، كان أكبر حجمًا. كانت الطيور الأخرى منافيرها صفراء، أما مثقار هذا الطائر فكان لونه رمادي داك. وكان لهذا الطائر أيضًا خطوط على جناحيه. استصاع أتيمو أن يرى شيئًا غرببًا على ساقه أيضًا.

وعندئذ سمع أتيمو والدته تناديه.

بدأ أتيمو بالمشي بسرعة، لكنه كان يسمع الطائر خلفه. لقد كان يتبعه! قال أتيمو "لماذا لا تطير مع أصدقائك؟" ولكن كان الطائر فقط يهدل.



ı	(1	Read and write T (True) or F (False).
1	1.	Atemu lived in a big town.
	2.	Nedjem was Atemu's older sister.
l	3.	Atemu was ten years old.
ı).	Atemu went to school.
ı	j.	Atemu's father made things from wood.
Ì		Atemu had a cat.
ľ	i.	
7		The birds called to each other with a short "whoo" sound.
V	2	Read and complete the following.
ĺ		Atemu's father worked as a
2		Atemu gave some to the birds.
3.		A hugeof birds were flying over his village.
4.		All the birds were light . , with shiny green on their necks.
5,	•	Atemu lived in the
6	•	Atemu's father was teaching him to make things from
7	_	Atemu's mother filled a bowl with
	3	Answer the following questions.
1		What is the story mainly about?
2		When and where did the story happen?
3		Where did Atemu live?
4		How old was Atemu?
5	.	How did the birds call each other?
6	.	What did Atemu throw to the birds?
7		What did the bird have on its wings?

How was the cat?..

Part (2)

The Middle



When Atemu got to his yard, the bird came in after him. He watched it while he cleaned vegetables for dinner.

.Then he saw Nedjem's cat. It was watching the bird, too.

Suddenly, the cat jumped on the bird! But the bird didn't fly away.

Nedjem ran and picked up the cat.

"You should catch rats and snakes, not birds!" she said.

"What's wrong with that bird? It can't fly," said their mother. "Is it hurt?"

"Maybe!" said Atemu. "It didn't fly with the other birds." Atemu walked to the bird.

When he touched its left wing, it made a quiet sound.

"I think its wing is hurt," said Atemu.

عندما وصل أتيمو إلى فناء منزله، دخل الطائر بعده. كان يشاهده بينما كان ينظف الخضار لتناول العشاء.

ثم رأى قطة نبيجم. وكانت تراقب الطائر أيضاً.

وفجأة قفزت القطة على الطائر! لكن الطائر لم يطر بعيدًا.

ركضت نيجم والتقطت القطة.

قالت "يجب أن تصطاد الفئران والثعابين، وليس الطيور؛".

قالت والدتهم: "ما مشكلة هذا الطائر؟ لا يمكنه الطيران. هل هو مُصاب؟".

قال أتيمو "ربما! لم يطر مع الطيور الأخرى." مشي أتيمو نحو الطائر.

عندما لمس جناحه الأيسر، أصدر صوتًا هادنًا.

قال أتيمو: "أعتقد أن جناحه مُصاب".





When Atemu's father came home, Atemu showed him the bird. "It has a hurt wing, and there is something on its leg."

"Poor bird!" said his father. "What is that?" He took the object from the bird's leg.

It was a very small wooden box. Atemu's father opened it. A piece of papyrus paper was inside.

"It's a message!" said Atemu's father. "This bird is a carrier pigeon."
"What's a carrier pigeon?" asked Atemu.

عندما عاد والد أنيمو إلى المنزل، أراه أتيمو الطائر وقال «إن له جناحًا مُصابًا وهناك شيّ ما على ساقه".

قال والله "طائر مسكين!" "ما هذا؟" و أخذ الشيء من ساق الطائر.

لقد كان صندوقًا خشبيًا صغيرًا جدًا. فتحه والد أتيمو. وكانت هناك قطعة من ورق البردي بداخله.

قال والد أتيمو "إنها رسالة!" "هذا الطائر هو حمامة زاحلة."

سأل أنيمو "ما هو الحمام الزاجل؟"



"It's a bird which carries messages," said his father. "Important people in the city keep pigeons. The pigeons learn where they live. Then people take the pigeons to new places. When there is news from that place, they attach the message to the pigeon. It flies home and carries the message. That's why they're called carrier pigeons." "That's very clever!" said Atemu. "So, what does this message say?" "I don't know," said his father. "I'll take it to my friend, the scribe."

قال والده: "إنه طائر يحمل الرسائل الأشخاص المهمون في المدينة يربون الحمام. يتعلم الحمام أين بعيشون. ثم يأخذ الناس الحمام إلى أماكن جديدة. عندما يكون هناك أخبار من ذلك المكان، يعلقون الرسالة على الحمامة. وتطير إلى المنزل وتحمل الرسالة. ولهذا السبب يطلق عليهم الحمام الزاجل."

قَالَ أَتَيْمُو "هَذَا ذَكِي جِذَا! إِذْنُ مَاذَا نَقُولَ هَذْهِ الرِّسَالَةَ؟"

قال والده: "لا أعرف سأخذها إلى صنيقي الكاتب."

ATEMU AND AMETHYST



Atemu looked after the pigeon. He made it a high table which the cat couldn't jump onto. He gave it water and grain and talked to it. The pigeon cooed back happily. Atemu's father went to the city. Three days later he came home. "Did you speak to the scribe?" said Atemu.

"Yes," said his father. "The message was for a jewelry merchant in the City, Mr Akhon. I took him the message, and he was very happy! It was an order for a lot of gold jewelry from the capital city. It was very important for him."

"Mr Akhon also wants his pigeon. We'll take it to him next week." "Yes, father," Atemu said quietly. For the next week, Atemu looked after the pigeon. The pigeon started to fly again. Every morning, it flew to the roof where Atemu slept and cooed to him. Atemu was very happy to have a new pigeon friend. "I don't want you to go home," he said to it quietly.

اعتنى أتيمو بالحمامة. لقد صنع لها طاولة عانية لا تستطيع القطة القفز عليها.

وأعطاها الماء والحبوب وتحدث معها. وكانت الحمامة تهدل له بسعادة.

ذهب والد أتيمو إلى المدينة. وبعد ثلاثة أيام عاد إلى المنزل.

قال أتيمو "هل محدثت مع الكائب؟" . قال والده: "نعم. كانت الرسالة موجهة إلى تاجر مجوهرات في المدينة، السيد آخون. أخذت له الرسالة وكان سعيدًا جدًا! لقد كان طلبًا للكثير من المجوهرات الذهبية من العاصمة. لقد كان الأمر مهمًا للغاية بالنسبة له. يربد السيد آخون أبضًا حمامته. سنأخذها إليه الأسبوع المقبل."

قال أتيمو بهدوء: "نعم يا أبي." وعلى مدار الأسبوع التالي، اعتنى أتيمو بالحمامة. بدأت الحمامة تطير مرة أخرى. و كل صباح كانت تطير إلى السطح حيث ينام أتيمو وتهدل له. كان أتيمو سعيدًا للغاية بوجود الحمامة صديقته الجديدة. قال لها بهدوء: "لا أريدك أن تعودي إلى المنزل".





The next Sunday, Atemu and his father got into their boat to go to the city. The pigeon sat on Atemu's shoulder.

Atemu was excited because it was his first trip to the city, but he was also sad. It was his last day with the pigeon.

But he forgot about that when he saw the houses of the city. There were so many and some of the houses were very big! Some houses had white domes with many small holes in the yard or on the roof. "What are they?" asked Atemu.

"Those are dovecotes." said Atemu's father. "Dovecotes are special houses for pigeons."

وفي يوم الأحد التالي، ركب أتيمو ووالده قاربهم للذهاب إلى المدينة. جلست الحمامة على كنف أتيمو. كان أتيمو متحمشا لأنها كانت رحلته الأولى إلى المدينة، لكنه كان حزينًا أيضًا. كان بومه الأخير مع الحمامة. لكنه نسى ذلك عندما رأى بيوت المدينة. كان هناك الكثير وكانت بعض المنازل كبيرة جدًا! وكان لبعض المنازل قباب بيضاء بها العديد من الثقوب الصغيرة في الفناء أو على السطح.

سأل أتيمو "ما هذا؟"

قال والد أتيمو "تلك هي أبراح الحمام. أبراج الحمام هي بيوت خاصة لنحمام."



Activities

(1	Read and write T (True) or F (False).
1.	Atemu watched the pigeon while he cleaned fruits.
2.	Nedjem ran and picked up the cat.
3.	The p geon had a hurt leg.
4.	There was a very small box in the pigeon's leg.
5.	The bird was a carrier falcon.
6.	Atemu's father took the message to the scribe.
7.	Dovecotes are special houses for pigeons.
2	Read and complete the following.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Important people in the city keep
5	
1. 2.	Why did Atemu's father take the message to the scribe?
3.	Why was the message important for Mr Akhon?
4.	Why would Atemu and his father take the pigeon to Mr Akhon?
5.	Why couldn't the bird fly?
6.	What did the bird have on its leg?
7.	What kind of bird was it?
IR.	Who was Mr Akhon?

Part (3)

The End



Finally, they arrived at a large house. "We're here!" Atemu's father said.

A smiling man came to meet them. He was wearing a lot of jewelry.

Atemu knew it was the merchant.

"Welcome to my home!" Mr Akhon said. "Thank you so much for finding my message. It was from my most important customer. And thanks for looking after my pigeon. Her name is Amethyst – because her feathers are the same color as these purple stones. She is my best bird!"

"She was hurt," said Atemu.

"I see," said the merchant. Can she fly now?"

"Yes," said Atemu. "She's much better."

"Come with me then. I'll show you where she lives."

وأخيرا وصلوا إلى منزل كبير. قال والد أتيمو "ها قد وصلنا!" .

جاء رجل مبتسم لمقايلتهم. كان يرتدي الكثير من المجوهرات. عرف أتيمو أنه التجر.

قال السيد آخون "أهلًا وسهلًا بكم في منزلي! شكراجزيلاً لك على العثور على رسالتي. غنا كانت الرسالة عن أهم عميل لدي. وشكرًا على رعايتك لحمامتي، اسمها أميشنت - لأن ريشها من نفس لون هذه الحجارة الأرجوالية. إله -أفضل الطيور لدى!"

قال أتيمو: "لقد كانت مُصابة".

قَالَ التَّاجِرِ: "أَفْهِم ذَلك. هل يمكنها الطيران الآن؟"

قال أتيمو: "نعم. إنها أفضل بكثير."

"تعالوا معي إذن. ساريكم أين تعيش ".

ATEMU AND AMETHYST



Atemu and his father followed Mr Akhon into his yard. At one side, there were three tall dovecotes. "My birds will come home soon," the merchant said.

"How many do you have?" said Atemu.

"Oh, a lot." said Mr Akhon.

"They have a lot of babies, so I don't know exactly."

Atemu looked into a dovecote. He could see some baby birds. "They're so cute!" Atemu said.

"It's time to go, son," said Atemu's father. "Say goodbye to the bird."

تبع أتيمو ووالده السيد ،خون إلى فناء منزله. على أحد الجوانب، كان هناك ثلاثة أبراج حمام طويلة.

قال الناجر: "ستعود طيوري إلى المنزل قريبًا".

قال أتيمو "كم لديك؟".

قال السيد آخون "أوه، الكثير."

"لديهم الكثير من الصغار، لذلك لا أعرف بالضبط."

نظر أتبمو إلى أحد أبراج الحمام. واستطاع رؤية بعض الطيور الصغيرة. قال أتيمو "إنها لطيفة جدًّا!".

قال والله أنيمو: "حان وقت الرحيل يا بني قل وداعًا للطائر."



"Goodbye Amethyst," said Atemu, softly. He touched her purple feathers, and she cooed. He was very sad, but he tried to smile. The merchant was a kind man. He spoke to Atemu.

"You say Amethyst got well again, but she didn't fly home."

"Yes" said Atemu. "Well, I think she'll be happy to stay with you now."

"Oh wow!" said Atemu. "Thank you so much." He looked at Amethyst, and she jumped onto his shoulder.

"She'll need a small house," said Mr Akhon.

"I can make one!" said Atemu. "I'm learning to be a carpenter." "I'll help you," said his dad.

قال أتيمو بهدوء: "وداعًا يا أميثست". لمس ريشها الأرجواني، فهدلت. كان حزينًا جدًا، لكنه حاول أن يبتسم. وكان التاجّر رجلاً طيباً. و تحدث إلى أتيمو. "أنت تقول أن أمينست تحسنت مرة أخرى، لكنها لم تعد إلى المنزل." قال أتيمو "نعم".

قال السيد آخون "حسنًا، أعتقد أنها ستكون سعيدة بالبقاء معك الآن."

قال أتيمو "أوه واوا شكراً جزيلاً." نظر إلى أميثست، وقفزت على كتفه.

قال السيد آخون: "ستحتاج إلى منزل صغير".

قال أتيمو "استطيع أن أصنع واحدًا! أنا أتعلم أن أكون نجارًا."

قال والده: "سوف أساعدك".





On the boat home, Atemu's father said, "Mr Akhon is a very good man. He gave you his best bird!"

Atemu said, "Yes. How can I thank him?"

"You could ask the scribe to write a thank you letter for you," said his father.

"Good idea!" said Atemu"And Amethyst can take it to him!"

قال والد أنيمو وهما على متن القارب عاندين إلى المنزل. "السيد آخون رجل طيب للغاية. لقد أعطاك أفضل طائر لديه!"

قال أتيمو. "نعم. كيف يمكنني أنْ أشكره؟"

قال والده: "يمكنك أن تطلب من الكاتب أن بكتب لك رسالة شكر".

قال أتيمو "فكره جيدة! ويمكن لأميثست أن تأخذها إليها"





	Read and write I (True) or F (False).	
1.	Atemu and his father went to the city by car.	
2.	Atemu was sad because it was the last day with the pigeon.	
3.	Some of the nouses were very small.	
4.	Dovecotes are special houses for pigeons.	
5.	Mr Akhon dídn't thank Atemu.	
6.	The message was from an important customer.	
7.	Atemu was happy to take the pigeon home.	
(2	Read and complete the following.	
1.	Mr Akhon was wearing a lot of	
2.	The pigeon's name was because she had purple	
3.	Mr Akhon's pigeons had a lot of cute	
	Mr Akhon told Atemu to make a for the	
4.		
5.	The baby birds were so	
6.	The merchant was a	
7.	The pigeon jumped on Atemu's	,,
₹3	Answer the following questions.	
1.	Why did Mr Akhon say thank you to Atemu?	,,,,
2.	Why did Mr Akhon give Atemu the pigeon?	
3.	Why did Atemu's father say Mr Akhon was a good man?	
4.	What was Mr Akhon wearing?	
5.	What's the pigeon's name?	
6.	What did Mr Akhon show Atemu and his father?	
7.	What would Atemu make for the pigeon?	

How could Atemu thank Mr Akhon?....

General Activities

(1	Put the story events in the correct order.	
1.	Atemu had never been to the city.	
2.	Atemu fed the huge flock of birds some grain.	
3.	Atemu gave the bird and message to Mr Akhon	. '
4.	The bird had a box on its leg. It was a carrier pi	geon.
5.	One bird had a gray beak. Its wing was hurt.	
6.	Atemu made a table for the bird.	
7.	Mr. Akhon gave Amethyst to Atemu.	
(2	Complete the sentences with the words.	
	home - leg - news - orders - pige	ons
1.	Important people in Ancient Egypt often kept car	rier
2.	Carrier pigeons can learn where their	is.
3.	Carrier pigeons often carried from one	place to another city.
4.	People used carrier pigeons to send	
5.	People attached their messages to the pigeon's	
(Who says this in the story? Read and write	the names.
	Atemu - Atemu's father - Atemu's mothe	r - Nedjem
1.	"I think its wing is hurt,"	(
2.	"You should catch rats and snakes, not birds!"	(
3.	"It can't fly,"	()
4.	"That's very clever!"	(
5.	"I'll take it to my friend, the scribe."	()



Complete the paragraph with the past simple form of the verbs.

Atemu loved birds. Every day, birds (come) into his yard
and Atemu (give) them grain. His sister's cat watched the birds
too, but it never (catch) them. One day, Atemu (hear) a
strange noise in the sky. A lot of birds were flying into a field near his home
Atemu went to the field and (throw) grain to the birds. The birds
(eat) the grain and then (fly) away. But one bird was
different. It stayed on the ground

(5)

Complete the paragraph. Check your answers in the story.

All of the	birds were lig	ght gray, with green feathers	
on their	and	feathers on their chests.	 s
But one bird w	as a little diffe	erent. It was than	
the other birds	. They had	beaks, but its beak	9
was	It also sound	ded different. The	
the other birds	made was a l	long "whoo", but it went	
"coo coo". It ha	ad,	on its wings, but they didn't.	.>

(6)

Complete the sentences with the words.

Amethyst - carpenter - domes - jewelry - order - pigeons - yard

- My uncle keeps on his roof. They're his favorite birds.
- 2. Our house has a big where we have barbeques in nice weather.
- 3. That makes excellent wooden furniture.
- 4. was a very popular stone with Pharaohs in Ancient Egypt.
- 5. If the restaurant loses your , you won't get any food.
- 6. People often wear when they want to look good.
- 7. What's that building with big glass

on the roof?

Activities on Review (4)

بص الاستماع في نهاية الكناب

(Listen and cir	cle t	he correct a	ทรพ	er from a, b	, c , oı	r d.
1.	Λe	xt month, Nac	lia is	going on a				- 1+ 3 × 31+ 1 +1197+ - 41q
	a)	journey	b)	trip	c)	tour	d)	voyage
2.	Sh	e's going to se	ee the	e birds and a	anim	als which live	nea	r the
	a)	hill	b)	water	c)	mountain	d)	cliff
3.	Th	ey'll travel alo	ng th	e river in sm	all		777	
	a)	ships	b)	buses	c)	planes	d)	boats
4.	Th	ey mustn't sw	m be	cause there	mig	ht be		,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	(a)	fish	b)	crabs	c)	crocodiles	d)	snakes
₹ii	2	Choose the co	orrec	t answer fro	om a	ı, b, c, or d.		
4		no Angelia de la la					44	747 1 A - · · · · · · · ·
١.	_							itional tourism.
3		simple	•		-		-	sustainable
۷.	_	nimals need sa			_		_	
3	_	food y neighbor has			C)	sugar		
٥.		unkind		•	ري.			s. We like him.
4			-				-	wildlife.
ľ	a							
1		panie	4)	aru ii	~/	Siren		111111
1		Bond and con	an Las	a tha taut wi	e la el			
8	3	Read and con	plet	e the text wi	itht			DX.
	3						hebo	
	3	must - I	abita	ats - well - n	nust	he words in t	heb orism	
Wa		must - I	vaca	ats - well - n	nust ink 1	he words in t	nebo rism	1
	y t	must - It love going on travel. We l	vaca earne	ats - well - nation, but I the	nust ink 1 n ge	he words in to	rism a mo	ore sustainable
ех	y to	must - It love going on travel. We lined it really 2	vaca earne	ats - well - nation, but I the about it is	nust ink 1 n ge exam	he words in to n't - eco-tou)s eography toda nple, you 3)	rism a mo	ore sustainable nd our teacher

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

Once upon a time there was a little red hen who really liked to work. Every day she planted seeds in her beautiful garden, and waited for her plants to grow. She had three great friends: a mouse, a cat, and a dog, but all three of them were very lazy! One day, the little red hen was really tired, so she asked the mouse, the cat, and the dog to help her plant some wheat. They all said "No!" She decided to bake a big chocolate cake. No one wanted to help her bake the cake, but they wanted to eat it with the hen! "Can we help you eat the cake, please, Hen?" but the hen said, "As you plant, you shall collect."

A) Choose the co	rrect answer from	n a, b, c or d.	
1. The hen liked	to		
a) play	b) elega	ol work	d

a)	play	b) sleep	c) work	d) sing
100		B 84 B 44		

- a) active b) lazy c) clever d) smart
- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What do w_ learn from the story?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1. family 7.y 1 with visiting this place love .
- 2. distances Migrating long fly very birds .
- 3. charity children's We decided start up to a local .

6. Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.

- 1. If she (feel) thirsty, she will drink some water.
- 2. I went to the sports center yesterday to (played) volleyball.
- 7. Punctuate the following.
 - why do the old people use a multi-grip
- 8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about "A habitat":

Guiding elements:

- What is a habitat? - How many types of habitats are there in Egypt?

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Listen and read.

استمع وامرأ

Ramses II was a great Egyptian King. When he was very young, his father Sethi became the Pharaoh of Egypt. Later on, when he was around 10, young Ramses helped his father rule the country.

By the time he was 20 years old, Ramses was a great soldier. In 1290 BCE, he became Pharaoh and leader of the Egyptian



armies. He won many battles and every time he won, Ancient Egypt got more land and became bigger and more powerful.

One of the most famous battles was the Battle of Kadesh in 1279 BCE. Ramses won and became a hero. However, sixteen years later, Ramses made peace with his Hittite neighbors. He was the first ruler ever to sign a written peace treaty.

Ramses liked building splendid monuments. His most famous temple is the one at Abu Simbel, where you can see four enormous statues of him at the entrance.

Ramses II lived to be about 90 years old. When he died around 1233 BCE, he was first buried in the Valley of the Kings, but today Ramses's Mummy is in the National Museum of Egyptian Civilization.

كان رمسيس الثاني ملكًا مصربًا عظيما، عندماكان صغيرَ جدًا، أصبح والدوسيلي فرعون مصر، لاحقا، عندماكان عمره حوالي ١٠ سنوات، ساعد رمسيس الشاب والده في حكم البلد. وقبل بلوغه سن العشرين «كان رمسيس جنديًا رائفًا. في ١٣٩٠ قبل الميلاد، أصبح فرعون وقا<mark>لد</mark> الجيوش المصرية. لقد فاز بالمديد من المعارك، وفي كل مرة بفور بها ، كانت مصر القديمة تحصل على المزيد من الأراضي وأصبحت أكبر وأكثر قوة، واحدة من المعارك الأكثر شهرة كانت معركة فادش في ١٢٧٩ قبل العيلاد فاز رمسيس وأصمح بطلاً. ومع ذلك ، بعد سنة عشر عامًا، أقام رمسيس السلام مع جيرانه الحيثيين. كان أول حاكم على الإطلاق يوقع على معاهدة سلام مكتوبة، أحب رمسيس بناء الأثار الرائمة، معبده الأكثر شهرة هو معبد أبوسميل ، حيث يمكنك رؤية ربعة تماثيل هائمة له عند المدخل. عاش رمسيس الثاني تقريبًا لسن ، ٩ عا<mark>مًا.</mark> عندما توفي حوالي عام ١٣٣٢ قبل الميلاد ، تم دفته لأول مرة في وادي الملوك ، لكن مومياء رمسيس اليوم موجودة في المتحف القومي للحضارة المصرية.

Listening Texts

Unit (7)

Lesson (1)

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

We have a hot, dry climate here in Egypt, so artifacts aren't damaged by cold and wet weather. This helps to preserve them. The Ancient Egyptians also knew that certain materials could last a long time. That's why they built the Pyramids with granite, a very hard and durable stone.

Lesson (2)

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Today, cats are still popular pets in Egypt. Other animals that people keep today include turtles, fish. and birds, which are much smaller and easier to look after than baboons and procediles. I adore cats.

Lesson (3)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d,

One of the most beautiful artifacts from Ancient his tomb. The mask is gold, with blue lines between gold lines. Under his chin is a thin beard. There is also a snake on the top of his head.

Lessons (4&5)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d,

The Ancient Egyptians used iron for small items. like jewelry. Copper and bronze were common metals for tools because they were easier to find But later on, iron agricultural tools and weapons began to appear. This was the result of the Ancient Egyptians getting more iron through trade with other countries.

Activities on Unit (7)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

The Ancient Egyptians traded with other countries, and metal was one thing they traded They first found metal in rocks. Metal was harder than rocks. They could melt it into different shapes. They used metal to make tools and weapons.

Unit (8)

Lesson (1)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Fares and Yaseen are cousins. They visited their grandma on the weekend. They found a box of old toys at grandma's house. There was an action figure and a train set. Fares loved playing with a train set when he was younger. Yassen didn't have a train set, but his sister had a doles house. They both played with it.

Lesson (2)

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

When Amina was little, she really liked garnes that used a lot of imagination. She was very good at making up stories. She had a doll's house, some cuddly toys and some action figures

Lesson(3)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

All was shopping with his parents at the market. Egypt is Tutankhamun's mask, which was found in He saw a stall that sold toys. A man showed him how a train moved. All thought, the toys were amazing. Air's dad came to see the toys, too. He liked the train, so he bought it. He said Ali could play with it.

Lessons (4 & 5)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

My favorite games are video games, I don't play them very often, though. I play for about an hour on the weekend. It's fun! My favorite games are ches where you build cities. 've made a really big city using different bricks. It has animals and plants in it, too. Hike these games because you can be creative and make something new

Activities on Unit (8)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

When I was younger I had a box of toys. There was an action figure. I loved playing with it, I made up lots of games for my action figures. I also had rollerblades. I had a go on them. My sister had a doll's house. She liked playing with it. I played board games with my brother, but he usually beat

Listening Texts

Unit (9)

Lesson (1)

I'm writing a review of one of Goha's stories. The one about a man who goes to the market with his son and a donkey. The setting is the countryside, many years ago. Two of the characters — the man and his son — take turns riding the donkey because it's a long journey.

Lesson (2)

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

My name's Tom. I'm 11 years old and I'm from the USA. My favorite things are space animals, and the color blue. What are your favorite things? Please email back to tell me! My email address is tom@beachnet.usa

Lesson (3)

· Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Once upon a time there was once a boy who looked after some sheep. The boy was bored. One day, he played a trick on the villagers. He shouted "Wolf"! The villagers came up the hil to save the sheep. When they went to the sheep, there was no wolf. It was a joke

Lessons (425)

- Listen and circle the correct from a, b, c or d.

My name is Hugo and I ive in Biarritz, France I live on the coast and I love sailing my boat. Last week, I was sailing when I saw something in the water — your message in a bottle! This means it traveled over 6,000 kilometers.

Activities on Unit (9)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a. h. c.or d.

Yesterday, I was on the beach near my house. It was morning and it was sunny. I was walking with my friend when we saw a big whale. We were scared.

Activities on Review (3)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, cor d.

Playing is good for us in lots of different ways. When we play, we feel happy. We also learn about the world and ourselves. When we play, we learn to solve problems and make friends.

Unit (10)

Lesson (1)

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, cor d

"The early bird catches the worm." This proverb has more than one meaning. It tells us that a bird that is early, or the first to try to catch a worm, usually catches it. So, it also means that to be successful, you need to be the first to do something.

Lesson(2)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, cor d.

Hi, I'm Adam. I love visiting the desert with my family. We went last year, and in the evenings, we saw lots of wildlife when the sun went down. More animals live on the sand than you might think. This year we'll stay outside and cook meals under the stars, so we must bring a tent. Then we'll walk in small groups to see the wildlife around us.

Lesson (3)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a b, c or d

Some birds fly very long distances, making the same journey year after year. Even young birds that migrate for the first time seem to know how to get to the place they need to be. How do these birds know where to go? They might use the sun, the stars, or the things they can see on the way. Scientists have spent a long time trying to find out how they do this!

Lessons (4 & 5)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, cor d.

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinai Peninsula is famous for its sea life, warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here.

Activities on Unit (10)

-Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, cor d.

We can all think about things we can do to protect habitats. For example, we mustn't waste water or drop litter. We can recycle paper, so people don't cut down trees. We can also plant flowers and plants, because these are great for birds and insects.

Unit (ff)

Lesson (1)

-Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d,

My neighbor has always been kind to us. She used to help my mom look after me when I was younger. Now she's getting a bit older, and it's sometimes difficult for her to go shopping. So I ask her what she needs, then I go to the stores and get it. I like to help her.

Lesson (2)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

We're doing a wildlife project at school, and my teacher installed two nature cameras in the forest. We're using them to film wildlife. He put one on the ground to film animals at night. He put the other in a tree to film birds during the day. Then we recorded how many animals and birds we see, and what they're doing.

Lesson (3 A)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Rawan first started volunteering when she was ten years old. She helps out in the summer group by helping children learn reading. She likes helping children because they are very important to our tuture. Her advice for teeriagers is be patient and try to improve their skills.

Lesson (3 B)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

The older brother planted the seed, and soon a thick, tall plant grew up and up to the moon. The brother climbed up the plant to look for his reward. But when he reached the moon, the plant disappeared. He was alone, and he couldn't go back.

Lessons (4 & 5)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Fareeda started preparatory school in 2006
Here, she participated in her first volunteer event.
She and a team of volunteers did a beach clean-up. In 2010, she organized her first charity event delivering food boxes to families in the community.

Activities on Unit (11)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Hove reading so I decided to help out in the kindergarten class on a Thursday by reading to the children. I love reading stories with the younger children, and they like it too. We're starting up a project where they think of their own stories next week. I'm looking forward to that.

Activities on Review (4)

- Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Hi, I'm Nadra. Next month, we're going on a tour to see the birds and animals which live near the water. We'll travel along the river in small boats, and camp in tents at night. We'll bring our cameras, because we'll see some amazing things. We hope to see lizards and turtles, as well as lots of interesting plants. However, we mustn't swim because there might be crocodiles!

AL-BAHER

CONNECT Final Revision

Second Term الصف السا<mark>دس الابتدائي</mark>



Student Book Audio Scripts

Unit (7) Lesson (9) WE FAL IN ANICHENT EGYPH



Listen to Injy's and Dalia's class presentation.

Egypt. I'm Injy, and this is Dalia. The Ancient
Egyptians bought from and sold many things to
different countries. This is called trading, Dalia,
can you tell us what kinds of things the Ancient
Egyptians traded?





عرّضنا التقديمي يدور حول التحرة في مصر القديمة أن إنجي وهذه داليد اشترى المصريون القدماء من بلدان مختلفة وباعوا أشياء كثيرة. وهذا ما يسمى التجارة، داليا، هن يمكنك أن تخبرت ما هي أنواع الأشياء التي تاجر بها المصريون القدماء؟

Dalia: Thanks, Injy. Well, one of the most interesting things they traded with other countries was metal! The Ancient Egyptians first found metal in rocks around 7,000 years ago. They heated the rocks and took out the metal parts. They learned that metal was harder than stone, and that they could melt and make different shapes with it.

شكرا ، إنجي، حسنا ، كان المعدن هو أحد أكثر الأشياء التي تاجرواً بها مع الدول الأحرى إثارة للاهتمام. وحد المصربون القدماء المعدن لأول مرة في الصحور مند حوالي ٢٠٠٠ عام . قاموا بتسخين الصخور واخراح الأجزاء المعدنية. عسوا أن المعدن كان أقوى من الحجر، وأنهم كانوا يستطيعون إدابته وصنع أشكال محتلفة منه.

Injy: That's fascinating, Dalia, thank you. What did they use the metal for?

Dalia: They used it to make tools and weapons, so that they could hunt on the land, and grow things like food more easily. Gold was a popular metal for making jewelry and decorations. Silver was also used, but it was rarer. As art and culture were very important to the Ancient Egyptians, many of their craftsmen used different types of metal to make statues and sculptures to sell.

استخدموه لصنع الأدوات والأسلحة، حتى يتمكنوا من الصيد على الأرض، ورراعة أشباء مثل الطعام يسهولة أكبر كان اللهب معدنا شائعا لصنع المجوهرات والربية. ثم استخدام العضة أيضا، لكنها كانت تادرة، نظرا لأن الفن والثقافة كاما مهمين جدا للمصربين القدماء، فقد استخدم تعديد من الحرفيين أنواعا مختلفة من المعمن لصنع التماثيل والمنحوثات

Audio Scripts

Injy: That's right. But they didn't just sell metal to other countries. They also bought some metals like silver, which they got through trade with countries. And as they traded more, this helped the Ancient Egyptians develop their economy, until Ancient Egypt was one of the strongest economies in the world.

هذا صحيح، لكنهم ثم يبيعوا المعدن فقط إلى دول أحرى، بل اشتروا بعص لمعادن، مثل لفصة، والتي حصلو غليها من خلال التجارة مع سلدان. ومع ازدياد التجارة، ساعد هذا المصريين القدماء على تطوير فتصادهم ، حتى كانت مصر لقديمة واجدة من أقوى الاقتصادات في العالم.

Dalia: Yes, you only need to look at the Ancient Egyptian artifacts in museums today to see that this is true.

تعم، ما عليك سوى إلقاء نظرة على القطع الأثرية المصرية الفديمة في المتاحف اليوم بترَّى أن هذا صحيح.

Injy: Well, that's the end of our presentation. Does anyone have any questions, please? إلى المسلة من فضلكم التقديمي. هل لدى أي شحص أي أسئلة من فضلكم التقديمي. هل لدى أي شحص أي أسئلة من فضلكم التقديمي.



WE LOVED PLAYING WITH OUR TRAIN SET



Listen to the story. Who bought a toy?

The beginning:

Ali was tired. His parents were shopping at the market. It was a hot day. Ali's feet hurt, and he really wanted to go home.



"Are you OK, Ali?" asked Mom. "We've almost finished. We need tomatoes from this stall. Wait here, then I'll get you some lemonade."

كان على متعبا. كان والداه يتسوقان في السوق. كان يوما حارا. كانت قدما على تؤلمه ، وأراد حقا العودة إلى المنزل. سألته الأم «هل أنت بخير، يا على؟». «لقد انتهينا تقريب نحتاج إلى الطماطم من هذا الكشك. انتظر هنا، ثم سأحضر لك بعض عصير الليمون».

"Thanks. Mom," said Ali. He waited, and then he saw a stall with toys made from wood and metal. There were boats, trains, and animals. Ali's parents were choosing vegetables, so Ali asked if he could look at the toys.

"OK," said Dad. "But we aren't buying toys today!"

"That's OK," said Ali. "I enjoy looking".

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An old man was sitting behind the stall, making a small cat out of wood. He saw Ali looking at the toys and smiled. The man picked up a train. "Look at this," he said. He pushed a button under the train, and the wheels turned. When he put it down on the stall, it started to move.

"Do you like trains?" he asked.

"I stopped playing with my train set a few years ago." Ali replied. "But this is brilliant".

Ali looked at the train again. It was small, but very beautiful. The other toys on the stall were amazing, too. There was an elephant which moved its trunk. There was a boat with beautiful cloth sails.

Ali's dad came to see. "Wow! My brother and I had a train like this when I was a child!" he said. "We loved playing with our train set." He picked up the train, smiling. "I'll take it!" said Dad.

Ali laughed. "I thought you said we weren't buying toys today, Dad!" Dad laughed. You can play with it too!"

Unit (9) Lesson (3) 🎏





Listen to the story. What is the moral of the story?

Once, there was a boy called Peter who lived in a village. He worked alone as a shepherd looking after sheep.

Every day, he took the sheep up the hill and rested while the sheep ate the delicious grass.



كان هناك صبي اسمه بيتر يعيش في إحدى القرى. كان يعمل بمفرده راعيا يعتني بالأغنام، كان يأخذ الخراف كل يوم إلى أعلى التل ويسترسح بينما ثأكل الخراف العشب اللليذ .

One day, Peter was lying on the grass watching his sheep. He felt lonely and bored and decided to have some fun. First, he shouted, "Wolf! There's a wolf!" to the villagers in the field below: Next, he lay down and waited. The villagers were busy working, but they were worried about Peter's sheep, so they put down their tools and ran to save them.

في أحد الثيام، كان بيتر مستلقيا على العشب يراقب خرافه لقد شعر بالوحدة والمثل وقرر الاستمتاع ببعض المرح، أولاً، صرح قائلًا: «فلس»؛ إلى القروبين في الحقل بالأسفل: بعد ذلك استلقى وانتظر، كان القروبون منشغلين بالعمل، لكنهم كانوا قلقين بشأن خراف بيتر، لذا تركوا أدواتهم وركضوا لإنقاذهم.

They reached the top of the hill, hot and tired. They saw Peter. He was lying under a tree and he was laughing. There is no wolf! It was a joke!" he said. The villagers were very angry and said, "Peter, you must tell the truth! After that, they left Peter and went back to work.

وصلوا إلى قمة التل وهم يشعرون بالحر والتعب. لقد رأوا بيتر مستلقيًا تحت شجرة وكان يضحك قائلًا «لا يوجد ذلب القد كانت مرحة». فقضت انقروبون بشدة وقالوا: «بيتر، يجب أن تقول الحقيقة، وبعد ذلك تركوا بيتر وعادوا إلى العمل.

Then. Peter did the same thing again later that week. The villagers were very angry, "Peter, you mustn't waste our time! We're very busy!" they said. فم فعل بيتر نفس الشيء مرة أخرى في وقت لأحق من ذلك الأسبع. كان القرويون غاضبين للفاية، قالوا: «بيتر، لا يجب أن تضيع وقتنا نحن مشعولون للغاية، قالوا: «بيتر، لا يجب أن تضيع وقتنا

Finally, on the last day of the week, Peter was with his sheep at the top of the hill when suddenly a real wolf appeared. Peter was very scared and climbed, a tree. He called and called for someone to help him, but no one arrived. The wolf killed and ate the sheep.

Peter understood why no one came, and he was very sorry.

وأخيزا، في اليوم الأخير من الأسبوع، كان بيتر مع أغنامه على قمة الثل عندما ظهر فجأة ذلب حقيقي كان بيتر خانفا جدا وتسلق شجرة. أخذ ينادي أحدًا لمساعدته لكن لم يصل أحد. فقتل الذنب الخراف وأكلها. فهم بيتر لماذا لم يأت أحد، وكان يشعر بالأسف الشديف

Review (3)



LESSON 2



Nadia went to the shops with her friends. They bought some clothes, some jewelry, and some snacks. Then, they passed a toy shop. In the window of the toy shop was a cuddly toy: "Oh, look!" said Nadia, "Last time I came here,



I was with my sister. She loved this cuddly toy. I'm going to buy it for her". ذهبت نادية إلى المتاجر مع صديقاتها. اشترو بعض الملابس وبعض المجوهرات وبعض الوجبات الخفيفة، ثم مرواً يُفتَجَرُ لُعَبُ وكان في فاتريئة المرض دمية محشوة داود. انظروا. قالت تادية آخر مرة أتبت فيها إلى هنا ءكنت مع أختى. لقد أحبّت هذه اللحبة. أنا شوف اشتريها لها،

Last summer, I moved to a big, busy city. I really missed the countryside. Then, one afternoon, I was walking through the middle of the city when I found a beautiful park. I spent the rest of the day there, among the trees and the flowers. I still miss the countryside sometimes, but I go to the park every day.



قى الصبيف الماضي، انتقلت إلى مدينة كبيرة مؤدحمة، لقد اشتقت إلى الريف حقاء ثم بعد ظهر أحد الذيام ، كنت أسير في وسط العدينة عندما وجدت حديقة جميلة، قصيت بقية اليوم هناك، بين الأشجار والرهور. ما زلت أفتقد الريف أحيانًا ، لكني أنهب إلى الحديقة كل يوم، إنه مكاني المفضل في المدينة بأكملها

One day, a little monkey was feeling bored. He climbed to the top of the tallest tree and looked around. Nearby, some other little monkeys were playing a game. "Come and play with us!" they shouted. But the little monkey felt shy. Slowly, he went closer. And slowly, he felt braver. Before long, the little monkey felt happy. It was good to have fun!

في أحد الرَّبَام، كان قرد صغير يشعر بالملل. صعد إلى قمة أطول شجرة ونظر حوله، في مكان قريب، كانت بعض القرود الصغيرة الأخرى تلعب لعبة. صاحب القرود «تعال والعب مصاء. لكن الفرد الصغير شعر بالخجل. اقترب بيطء، وبيطء شعر بشجاعة، قبل فترة طويقة، شعر القرد الصغير بالسعادة، كأنَّ من الجيد أن يحظى ببعض المنعة،

When I was a boy, I liked to go to the beach with my grandfather. We used his metal detector to find interesting things in the sand. One time, we found a small, metal box. "Treasure!" I said. My grandfather laughed. "Go on, then," he said. "What's inside?" lopened the box. Inside, there was a very special kind of treasure. It was a letter. A very old letter ...

عندماكنت صبياءكنت أحب الذهاب إلى الشاطءمع جديء استخدمناكاشف المعادن الخاص به للعثور على أشياء مثيرة للاهتمام في الرماك ذعت مرة وجلنا صندوقًا معدنيًا صغيرًا. قلتُ «كنزا». ضعك جدي. قال: «استمر، إذن»، «مانا يوجد بداخله؟» فتحت الصندوق. في الداخل، كان هنأك نوع خاص جِدًا مِن الكنز . لقد كانت رسالة . رسالة قديمة جداً...

Unit (10) Lesson (3)



THE BENEFITS OF ECO-TOURISM



Listen to Lina's presentation about eco-tourism.

My presentation today is about eco-tourism and why it is a good idea. Egypt is a very beautiful country, so we must look after it. However, lots of people want to visit Egypt because it is a very interesting place.



عرض اليوم يشور حول السياحة البيئية وسبب كونها فكرة جيدة. مصر بلد جميل جدا، لذا يجب أن تعتني به، ومع ذلك، يرغب الكثير من الناس في زيارة مصر لأنها مكان مثير للاهتمام للفاية ،

It is good if we have lots of visitors, but tourism can sometimes mean too many big hotels and too much traffic. This can cause problems. Eco-tourism is good because people can visit and enjoy the environment but not in a way that damages the environment. These are my ideas about why I think eco-tourism is a good idea: من الجيد أن يكون لدينا عددكبير من الزوار، لكن السياحة قد تعني في بعض الأحيان وجود عددكبير جدا من الفنادق الكبيرة وحركة مرور كبيرة جدا. هذا يمكن أن يسبب مشاكل. السياحة البيئية جيدة لأن الناس يمكنهم زبارة البيئة والاستمتاع بهاولكن ليس بطريقة تضر بالبيئة، هذه هي أفكاري حول سبب اعتقادي أن السياحة البيلية لكرة جيدة:

If people learn more about the environment, they will want to protect it. If tourists take care of the places they visit, they will cause less damage to the environment. If tourists stay in simple, eco-friendly accommodation, there won't be so many big hotels. If eco-tourism is successful, it will create new jobs for the local people. Thank you for listening. Are there any questions?

إذا تعلم الناس المزيد عن البيئة، فسوف يرغبون في حمايتها، إذا اهتم السائحون بالأماكن التي يزورونها، فإنهم سيتسببون في شرر أقل للبيئة، إذا أقام السائحون في أماكن إقامة بسيطة وصديقة للبيئة، فلن يكون هناك الكثير من الفنادق الكبيرة، إذا نجحت السياحة البيئية، فإنها ستخلق فرص عمل جديدة للسكان المحليين. شكرا على استماعكم، هل هناك أية أسئلة؟

Unit (11) Lesson (3)



T'S GOOD TO GIVE BACK TO THE COMMUNITY



isten to the interview with Rawan Ibrahim:

Presenter: Today we are talking about volunteering in the community, and here is a community volunteer leader. Rawan Ibrahim, Rawan, welcome! Can you tell us how you started volunteering?



سلتحدث اليوم عن الممل التطوعي في المجتمع ومعنا هنا قائدة مجتمَّعيَّة مَتطُوعة. روان ابراهيم، روان، مرحبًا هل يمكنك أن تخبرينا كيف بدأتِ العمل التطوعي ؟

Rawan

I first started volunteering when I was 13 at an after-school volunteer group. I began by helping the younger children with their reading and writing. I loved working with them, and I've volunteered ever since.

بغات العمل النطوعي لأول مرة عنيما كان عمري ١٣ عاما في محموعة تطوعية بعد المدرسة، بنأت بمساعدة الأطفال الصفار في القراءة والكتابة "حيث العمل معهم، وتطوعت منذ ذيك الحين.

Presenter .:

Since then, 16-year-old Rawan has participated in many school and community projects. Now she volunteers in the Summer Schools Activity Group every summer. In the group, Rawan helps out with the children's activities, like sports events and trips to parks and museums. She also organizes the volunteers for fundraising activities. Rawan, how do you find time to do all these things?

ومنك ذلك الحين، شاركت روب البالعة من لعمر ١٦ عاما في العديد من المشاريع المدرسية والمجتمعية، وهي الان تتطوع في مجموعة أنشطة المرارس بصيفية كل صيف، وفي المجموعة، تساعد روان في أنشطة الأطفال. مثل الأحداث الرياضية والرحلات بي الحداث والمناحف، كمّا أنها لنظم المتطوعين لأتشطة جمع التبرعات. ووان، كيف تجدين الوقت للقيام بكل هذه الأشياء ؟

Rawan

: It was hard at first, but I wrote a timetable to help me and then it was easy. And this year, I started volunteering with Food Box, a charity that delivers healthy mealboxes to families who need help. I became interested in Food Box because my mom volunteers there.

كان الأمر صعبا في النداية، لكس كنت حدولا رسيا لمساعدتي، وبعد ذلك أصبح الأمر سهلاء وهذا العام، بدأت العمل التطوعي مع فود بوكس، وهي مؤسسة خبرية تقدم عبوات وجبات صحبة للعائلات التي تحتاج إلى المساعدة، لقد أصبحت مهتما بلود بوكس ، لأن والدتي متطوعة أهناك.

Presenter :

يبدو هذا عملا صعبا ولكنه عمل محزر . That sounds like difficult but tewarding work.

Rawan

: Volunteering isn't like work. It's so much fun! At Food Box, I'm learning a lot about healthy food and what makes a healthy diet. I love delivering the food boxes and helping the children to be good citizens. Helping children makes me happy.

العمل النطوعي ليس مجرد عمل إنه مُمتع لنفايه أفي فود توكس، أا أتعلم الكثير عن الطعام الصحي وما الذي يجعل النطام الغذائي صحيا. أحب توصيل صاديق الطعم ومساعدة الاصتال على أن يكونوا مواطنين صالحين، مساعدة الأطفال تجعلني أشعر بالسعادا.

Presenter:

You learn many important life skills when you volunteer. You learn how to socialize and talk to people you wouldn't usually meet. Volunteering also gives you confidence. It's amazing to see how teenagers grow in confidence when they start volunteering. Fundraising helps charities get the money they need. It's good to give back to the place where you live. My advice to teenagers is "Volunteer and help if you can. You'll enjoy it!"

أنت تتعلم العديد من المهارات الحيائية المهمة عندما نتطوع، تتعلم كيفية التواصل الاجتماعي والتحدث مع الأشخاص الذين لا تقابلهم عادة، كما يمنحك العمل النطوعي الثقة إنه لأمر مدهش أن نرى كيف نتمو ثقة المراهقين عندما يبدأون العمل النطوعي، جمع التبرعات يساعد المؤسسات الخبرية في الحصول على الأموال التي تحتاجها، من الجيد أن ترد الجميل للمكان الذي تميش فيه، تصبحتي للمراهقين هي «تطوع وساعد إذا

استطعت سوف تستعتم بذلكاه

Language Focus

The Past Simple Tense

التكوين Form The second form of the verb. التصريف الثاق للفعل. الاستغنام Usage - We use the Past Simple Tense to express finished actions in the past. تستخدم زمن الماض البسيط للتعبير عن أحداث انتهت في الماض. 1 Regular verbs 🔾 نضيف (d, ed, led) إلى الغمل المنتظم. visit -- visited need --- needed إذا كان الغمل يئتهى بـ (a) يُضاف (b) فقط. love --> loved like --- liked إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بـ (γ) ويسبقه حرف ساكن نحذف (γ) لم نضيف (led). → tried . study --> studied 🗘 إذا كان الفعل بنتهى بـ (y) ويسبقه حرف متحوك يتم إضافة (ed) للفعل. إذا انتهى الفعل بعوف ساكن مسبوقًا بحرف متحوك واحد تُضاعف الحوف الرُّخير. drop -- dropped stop -- stopped 🦪 أنمال غير منتظمة Irregular verbs 🦸 → became ... become keep —► kept الكليات التالة Keywords الس lasf (year /) yesterday (العام / بسر) الماض in the past ago Once in 2015 کاٹ موا في عام (٢٠١٥) أي تاريخ ماضي

e.g. I visited my grandmother yesterday.

Ali played with his cousin last Saturday.

، Negative النبي

(مَصْدَرُ القَعَلُ) + didn't +-inf. (القَاعَلُ)

e.g. Rats didn't eat the grain. - I didn't grow up in Cairo.

السؤال Question

(Yes / No) question:

السؤال بـ "هل":

? (مصدر الفعل) + inf. (الفاعل) ?

e.g. Did the Ancient Egyptians only keep cats as pets?

- Yes, they did.

- No, they didn't.

Wh-question:

السؤال بـ "كلمة استفهام":

Q.W + did + subject (القاعل) +.inf. (مصدر القعل) ?

e.g. What did they feed their cats?

Where did he grow up?

Verb to "be" in the past.

التكوين Form

(اسم مغرد / He / She / It / + was) + was

e.g. I was at school yesterday.

(You / We / They اسم جمح) + were

e.g. They were at school yesterday.

Negative 🛺

باقي العملة + (wasn't / weren't) + باقي

e.g. I wasn't a student at the local school.

They weren't popular pets.

(Yes / No) question:

السؤال بـ "هل":

(Was / Were) + subject + باقي الحيلة ?

e.g. Were there a lot of mummies?

- Yes, there were.

- No, there weren't.

Wh-question:

السؤالُ بـ "كلمة استفهام":

Q.W + (was / were) + subject + باقى الجملة ?

e.g. Which was their favorite animal?

(10) Final Revision - Language

Prepositions of place

حروف الجر الخصة بالمكان

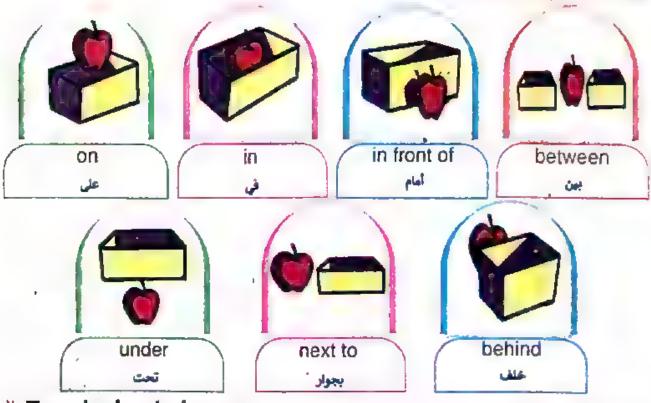
تستخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالمكان لنخبر عن مكان الأشياء:

e.g. The Ancient Egyptians first found metal in the rocks.

They could hunt and grow things on the land.

* Here are some common prepositions of place:

إليك بعض حروف جر المكان الشائعة:



* To ask about places:

للسؤال عن الأماكن:

e.g. Where is the cat?

- It's on the box.



Where?

- e.g. Where is the cat?
 - It's in front of the box.



- e.g. Where is the cat?
 - It's between the boxes.



(آين)

Activities

1. Did yoù a nice we	
. Did you	
a) have b) has a) had d) havin	1/1
a) have b) has c) had d) havin	•
2. I to Al-Azhar Park with my friends ye	
a) go b) went c) goes d) going	3
3. What you do las	t week?
a) does b) do c) doing d) did	
4. Wea picnic las	st week.
a) have b) has c) had d) havin	ıg
5. I at the zoo ye	sterday.
a) am b) have c) was d) is	
6. The Ancient Egyptians the	eir pets.
a) love b) loved c) loves d) loving	g ·
7. Where did you	up?
a) grow b) grows c) grown d) grew	
8. He maths at university two year	ars ago.
a) studies b) study c) studied d) is stu	dying
9. Rats didn't th	e grain.
a) ate b) eat c) eats d) eating	g
10. The chair is in of t	the box.
a) next b) near c) front d) behin	ıd
	kitchen.
a) Where b) Why c) What d) How	
12. The girl isthe	curtain.
a) on b) in c) behind d) next	

Final	in	4.1	
rınaı	Hev	/181	ОП

2 Read and write the correct form of the word (s) between brackets.

1.	They	(didn't) popular pets.
2.	Did they	(kept) cats as pets?
'3.	Where did she	(grew) up?
4.	1	
5 .	The apple is	
6.	She didn't	(arrived) on time.
7.	They	(ouy) a new car last month.
8.	She	(isn't) at school last week.
9.	The teacher's desk is	(under) the board and the plant.
10.	They	(find) silver in the tomb last year.

3 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1. did find they silver Where ?
- 2. you the Did understand exercise ?
- 3. She week wasn't school last at .
- 4. board is The under clock the .
- 5. Midas helped goat King the .
- What there do you did ?
- 7. represented The wisdom ibis falcons and .
- 8. went a boat We ride on .

Language

Intensifiers,

/ المقويات - المعرزات .

- We use intensifiers to give a stronger meaning to adjectives and verbs. (1)

لستخدم المقوبات لأعطاء معق أقوى للصفات والأفعال.

- 🕡 لتقوية الصفة نستخدم (really , very و so) قبل الصفة.
- e.g. I was really / very good at hiding. Some skipping games are so difficult.
- لتقوية الفعل نستخدم (really) قبل الفعل.
- e.g. I really liked playing hopscotch.
 - أستخدم (at all) مع الجمل المنفية وتأتى في نهاية الجملة.
- e.g. He didn't like skipping at all!
- أستخدم (quite) لجعل الصفة أقل قوة.
- e.g. She was quite good at football.

verb + (verb + ing)

Some verbs are followed by verb + ing:

بعض الأفعال يتبعها (فعل + ing):

like	يمب	continue	يستمر في	love	وحب
finish .	يتهي	enjoy	يستملع د	imagine	يتخيل
hate	يكره	stop	يتولف عن	prefer	يفضل

e.g. | enjoy looking at the market stalls.

i stopped playing with my train set a few years ago.

Activities Intersifiers

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

	a) really	b) very	c) much	d) solvey imp
2.	This book is not	funny		
	a) really	b) so	c) at all yeary la	d)equite
3.	Omar is	go	ood at football. He	always beats me.
	a) quite	b) very	c) at all	d) never
4.	Some skipping	games are	difficult.	I can't play them.
	a) so	b) many	c) at all	d) lot វិក្សាភា es with my friends.
5.	******* ******* /* ** *****	enjoy	red playing marble	es with my friends.
		b) so		
6.	l don't like playi	ng tennis		dh-odommidmannangassymperiassym od å
		b) at all		
7.	Sarah imagined	1	4 448-4111-194-77711-7744-7744- 444	in a plane.
	a) fly	b) flies	c) to fly	d) flying
8.	I prefer		**** * 47174**** **410813**	with my new toys.
	a) playing	b) to play	c) play	d) played
9.	My sister enjoys	s	a	t the market stalls.
	a) look	b) looks	c) looking	d) to look
10.	Did you finish			your homework?
	a) do	b) doing	c) to do	d) did
11.	You should stop	0	>->	at your sister.
	a) shout	b) shouted	c) shouting	d) to shout
12	. I like		>>COCCEDENT	up stories.
	a) making	b) makes	c) made	d) to make

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets. They finished (paint) the posters and tidied up. the continuous in storier ; say what was 2. Nour likes (play) outside. 3. Adamilmagined (ity) in a rocket. 4. . 25th and the state of the grown of the contract of (very) liked playing hopscotch. Sarah prefers (draw) flowers. 6. I love (read) adventure stories. 7. People should stop (throw) rubbish in the street. 8. I was (all) good at football. 9. He didn't like running (very). Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. board - I - really - playing - like - games - . 2. didn't - Asser - train - at all - sets - like - . T | | 3. quite - Skateboarding - good - is -, Amina - doing - What - like - did - ? 4. # TORPACION APPARENT PARENTERS OF THE POSSESSES APPARENT PROPERTY OF THE POSSESSES APPARENT A

was - good - I - very - making up - at - stories - .

he - reading - Does - enjoy - books - adventure - ?

5.

6.

The Past Continuous Tense,

read and write the correct in the consecution of

Usage الإستجدام الإستجدام

I ney linished

- We use the past continuous in stories to say what was happening at a particular time in the past.

ستخدم الماصي المستمر في القصص لنقول ما كان يحدث في وقت ممين في الماصي.

- eg. Yesterday afternoon, John was walking his dog.
- We can also use the past continuous with when and the past,
 simple to show when one action interrupted another in the past;

يمكننا أيضًا استخدام العاهي المستمر مع الرابط when والماطي البسيط لبيان أن حدث ما قطع حدث آخر في الماضي:

eg. I was reading a book when my dad came.

Sarah prefers.

التكوين Form

-140! I

ا + was + (v + ing). You / We / They / اسم مفرد + were

- I was doing my homework yesterday evening.
- We were playing computer games.

النني Negative

الم مفرد / He / She / It + اسم مفرد + wasn't + (v + ing).
You / We / They / اسم جمع + weren't

- He was not watching TV.

- They weren't riding their bikes.

لاحظ الاختصارات الآتية:

was not ----- wasn't

were not ---- weren't

السوال Question

Yes/No question

Was + (I/he/she/it/اسم مفرد) + (v + ing)?
Were + (you/we/they/اسم جمع)

- Was Ali swimming?
- Yes, he was.
- No, he wasn't.

- Were they surfing?
- Yes, they were.
- No, they weren't.

Wh- question

end insurer trous a b c. ord.

Q.W + was + (I/he/she/it/اسم مفرد + (v + ing)? QE 37 | Q.W + were + (you / we / they / اسم جمع)

- What was she doing?
- She was eating.
- What were they doing?
- They were playing on the beach.

Keywords الكلمات الدالة

at (5) yesterday

yesterday evening في الساعة (تخامسة) أمس

بساء أمس

yesterday morning

when صباح اس

عيدما

ساخى مستمر , ماضى بسيط. + When

- When we saw a little house, we were walking along the path.

I was watching TV when you called me.

Sequencing adverbs

ضروف لتسلسل

We use sequencing adverbs to say when things happen. They help us to understand the order of events. This makes the text easier to follow.

فستخدم ظروف التسلسل ليقول من تحدث الأشيء. فهي تساعدنا في فهم ترتيب الأحداث. وهذا يجعل البص أسهل للمتابعة.

اخرًا/ ق النهاية Finally بعد دلك After that ثم Then أولا Next اولا First

- Notes to help you to write a story using sequencing adverbs.
- First, plan your story, and decide what it will be about.

أولاً، خطط لقصتك، وقرر ما الذي ستتناوله.

'- Next, write a first draft of your story.

بعد ذلكء اكتب المسودة الأولى لقصتك

- After that, check and correct your spelling and grammar.

بعد ذلك، قم بالتدفيق والتصحيح الإملالي و لتحوي.

Finally, share it with friends and enjoy!

وأخيرا، قم بمشاركتها مع الأصدقاء وستمتع أ

Activities

1		hoose the co	rros	t ancwor fr	2122	h c ord	U	OI	18904
U		Choose the co	HE	.tanswei III	ាវែត	4, D, L, U L.	ibw +		11 1
1.	Din	a	, i i t	her home	ewç	irk when she	got a	te	ext message.
	a)	is doing	b)	was doing	c)	will do	di do)	does
		ey were playin							
	a)	find	b)	finds	c)	found	_ , d)	have found
3.	l	sheferaa e ardhiraherelekiitil		******	a	book when	my da	ad	came home.
	a)	am reading	b)	read	c)	was readin	g d)	reads "
4.	Wh	nat were you	******	01001[4010]000400000004,44		144 144 144 14	**********		?
	a)	do	b)	does	c)	doing	d)	did
		ey							4 .
	a)	were playing	b)	play	c)	are playing	d)	will play
6.	He	was playing th	ne p	iano when hi	s m	om			home.
	a)	arrive	b)	arrived	c)	arrives	d)	arriving
7.	The	ey	> 1741	v142724 22747444111411120	*****	to music wh	en the	n	nan shouted.
	a)	are listening	b)	will listen	c)	were listen	ing d)	listen
8.	We	ere you		for your e	xar	n when the	car sto	p	ped outside?
	a)	study	b)	studying	c)	studied	d)	studies
9.	We			,********************	in	the park wh	en we	h	eard a bang.
	a)	were playing	b)	are playing	c)	play	d)	will play
10.	Ауг	man		»: hq: »: «\«+«: «: «! » : « : 1 : «+ † b		the bike w	hen th	ne	phone rang.
	a)	is riding	b)	rides	c)	was riding	ď)	rode
11.	Ha	zem was watcl	ning	a match wh	en l	nis dad		• • • • •	him.
	a)	phone	b)	phoned	c)	was phonic	ng d)	phones
12.	Da	d was reading	the	newspaper		aniabin massallingan ber	***********		Lina came.
		when							

	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.
1.	Yesterday afternoon, John (walk) his dog.
2. `	Hazem (watch) a football match when his team scored a goal.
3.	Dad was reading a newspaper when Lina (come).
4.	I(am) reading a story when my mom came home.
5.	Ahmed was riding a bike when the phone (ring).
6	(Are) you looking at your phone when I saw you in the street?
7,	I wasn't (watch) TV when you called me.
8.	We (walk) along the path when we saw a little house.
9.	We(travel) to the city when Grandma phoned us.
10.	I was going home from school when I (see) Ali.
(3)	> Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
100	Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. playing - park - in - We - the - were -
1.	
1.	playing - park - in - We - the - were to - listening - Were - music - they - ? What - doing - wereyou - ?
1.	playing - park - in - We - the - were to - listening - Were - music - they - ? What - doing - were - you - ? was - games - playing - computer - Ghada
1.	playing - park - in - We - the - were to - listening - Were - music - they - ? What - doing - were - you - ? was - games - playing - computer - Ghada John - dog - walking - was - his - the park - in
12. 34	playing - park - in - We - the - were to - listening - Were - music - they - ? What - doing - were - you - ? was - games - playing - computer - Ghada John - dog - walking - was - his - the park - in watching - match - was - football - Hatem - a
1. 2. 3. 4. · · 5.	playing - park - in - We - the - were to - listening - Were - music - they - ? What - doing - were - you - ? was - games - playing - computer - Ghada John - dog - walking - was - his - the park - in

Final Revision

(must / mustn't)

Form التكوين

Subject + must / mustn't + inf. (أمصدر الفعل)

e.g. We must respect nature.

We mustn't leave trash in the desert.



يجب الما الجب الا

Usage الاستخدام

- "We use "must" when we talk about something that we have to do or that is important to do. مند الحديث عن شيء يجب أن نقوم به أو من المهم أن نقوم به. "must" عند الحديث عن شيء يجب أن نقوم به أو من المهم أن نقوم به.
- e.g. We must bring a tent.
- " We use "mustn't" when we are not allowed to do something. تستخدم "mustn't" عندما یکون غیر مسموح لنا القیام بشء ما.
- e.g. We mustn't swim because there might be crocodiles!

(If) First Conditional

"إِذَا / لو" الحالة الشرطية الأولى

التكوين Form

e.g. If people learn more about the environment, they will want to protect it.

Subject + will + inf. + if + subject + present simple

e.g. | will buy a car if | have a lot of money.

Usage الاستخدام

- We use the first conditional to talk about things that are likely to happen in the future. نستخدم الحالة الشرطية الأولى للتحدث عن أشياء محتمل حدوثها في المستقبل.
- e.g. If tourists stay in simple accommodation, there won't be so many big hotels.



will = 11

will not = won't

e.g. If | am hungry, | ill eat a snack.

If he doesn't leave now, he won't catch the bus.

Activities

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

1.	You	******	., ,,	respect nature.
	a) must	b) mustn't	c) don't have to	d) shouldn't
2,	You	ndentsthussen erenereresenungs	scare	e birds or animals.
	a) must	b) should	c) have to	d) mustn't
3.	You	to	Jun Jeave to	rash in the desert.
	a) must	b) mustn't	c) have to	d) should
4.	If I have an impo	rtant exam, I		study for it.
	a) would	b) could	c) will	d) might
5.	If you	to bed late toni	ght, you won't get u	p early tomorrow.
	a) go	b) goes	c) went	d) was going
6.	If you learn to ba	ke, уош	sa	ve a lot of money.
	a) won't	b) shouldn't	c) will	d) mustn't
7.	You	walk to school	ol today because th	ere are no buses.
	a) shouldn't	b) mustn't	c) don't have to	d) must
8.	You		walk in the de	sert when it's hot.
	a) must	b) mustn't	c) should	d) have to
9.	If I am hungry, I	I n 李林 Jul or I that that the total that the Potence this total that the I t	**************************************	a snack.
	a) will eat	b) could eat	c) would eat	d) might eat
10.	When we go cam	ping, we	ta	ike a tent with us.
			c) shouldn't	•
11.	You mustn't	######################################	# A Bul del d pro de conserve compres ma m m p p 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	in the lake.
	a) swims	-	•	d) swimming
12.	If it	F1444444 A A A B + F B 114744	sunny, we'l	I go to the beach.
	a) is	b) be	c) will be	d) was

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.

- 1. You (must) leave trash in the desert.
- 2. You must (bringing) a tent.
- 3. You (must) scare the birds or animals.
- 4. You...... (mustn't) be careful in the natural environment.
- 5. If he (didn't) leave now, he won't catch the bus.
- 6. If she feels thirsty, she (would) drink some water.
- 7. If we (went) to El Agami beach, we will swim in the sea.
- 8. If you go to bed late, you (don't) get up early tomorrow.
- 9. You mustn't (walking) in the desert when it's hot.
- 10. You (must) swim here because there might be crocodiles.

3 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1. mustn't birds animals You or scare .
- 2. in trash You desert leave the mustn't .
- 3. If hungry, eat he will a snack he is .
- 4. thirsty she water, drink is If she some will .
- 5. If he now, he catch doesn't the bus leave won't .
- 6. mustn't hot it's walk You the in desert when .
- 7. a bring must We tent .
- 8. mustn't your forget You homework .

Infinitives of purpose

(التعبير عن الغرض) (to + inf.)

تستخدم " المصدر + to " ثبيان الفرض من القيام بالأشياء.

e.g. We wear gloves to protect our hands.

تستخدم أيضًا " المصدر + to " لكي نجيب عن الأسئلة التي تبدأ بـ " Why ".

e.g. Why do you wear gloves on a beach clean-up? To protect my hands.

Adverbs

الأحوال / الظُّروفُ

An Adverb is a word that describes a verb.

(الحال / الظرف) هو كلمة تصف القعل.

e.g. He waited patiently

- They walked quickly

@ Form

يتكون (الحال / الظرف) بإضافة " fy " إلى معظم الصفات.

slow → slowly quick → quickly

العيفات التي تنتغي بساكن وبعده "٧" نحول "٧" إلى "١١٧".

happy → happily angry → angrily

Adjecti	ve	Adverb	_	Adjec	tive	Adve	rb
beautiful	جميل	beautifully	بجمال	angry	غطبهان	angrily	بغضب
quiet	هادئ	quietly	يهدوه	happy	سعيك	happily	بسعادة
kind	عطوف	kindly	بعطف	patient	صبور	patiently	يصبن

Adverb normally comes after the verb.

الحال يأتي بعد الفعل.

e.g. He shouted angrily

· O Adverbs can come before or after a verb and its object. The adverb can't come between the verb and its object. يمكن أن تأتي الأحوال قبل أو بعد فعل ومفعوله. ولا يمكن أن تأتي بين الفعل ومفعوله.

e.g. She quickly learned the rules. (*) - She learned quickly the rules. (*) بعض الأحوال غير منتظمة.

Some adverbs are irregular.

<u>.</u>	Adjective		Adverb	-
good	چيد	well	•	بطرطة جيدة
fast	سريع	fast		بسرعة
hard	صعب/شاق	hard		, پجد
e.g.	He is a fast runner. He runs f	ast _.		•

Activities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

		*		
1.	Hoda isn't very	*******************************	***********************	at basketball.
			. c) quickly	

			st: c) good	
3.		-	-	
				a) wentbA
4.				picked up the cat.
		b) bad		d) slow
5.				in the park for an hour.
			c) sad	
6.		*	+	her friend.
				d) called
7.	_	-		meet her friends.
		b) on		d) at
8.	_	-	_	with.
				d) writing
9.	_	-	-	know what's going on.
			c) at	
10.	•	-	•	
	a) learning	b) learn	c) learnt	d) learns
(2	Read and wr	ite the correct f	orm of the word	(s) between brackets.
1	F .			• .
1.				(understood)-
2.				(slow)-
3.				(gentle) to her guests.
4.	They went to	the library		(for) borrow books.

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-Lang	IUau	I ÷

- 5. He runs (quick).
- 6. I slept early to (getting) up early.
- 7. She speaks(loud).
- 9. We speak(quiet).
- 10. I study hard (for) succeed.

2 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1. to a picture Lama the exhibition painted put in .
- 2. lemonade to They the market sell make in .
- by bus her cousins see Farah to traveled .
- 4. some candy bought the movie to We during eat .
- 5. choose something to We support had to our community .
- 6. his quickly Adam meal ate friends with his .
- 7. our charity money to Their donated kindly cousins .
- 8. shouting angrily heard I two people today the street in .
- 9. quickly rules She learned the .
- 10. came first because she race in the Dalia ran fast .

Unit (7)

Amazing artifacts

	Vocabul	агу	
artifacts	قطع أثرية / مصنوعات يدوية	trade	تجارة / يناجر
preserve	يحلظ	metal	معدن
durable	üela ,	weapon	: - سلام
fascinating	رائع / جلاب / مذهل	economy	اقتصاد
granite	جرانبت	trip over	يطأعلى / يدوس على
glass	زجاج	hug jar,	يحتمن ١٠٠٠ و ١٠٠١ ا
clay	صلصال / طين / فخار	tears	دموع
gold	گھپ	stone · i · ·	حجر
baboon	قرد البابون	iron	حنيد ا
monkey	قرد	meteorite .	حجر نيزكي
rat	فار - جرز	dagger	خنجر
crocodile	تمساح	precious	كمين
hippo	قرس النهو	mine	منجم / پستخرج معادن
falcon	صقر	copper	ثحاس
ibis	طائر أبو منجل	bronze	معدن البرونز
snake	العبان ١٠٠	craftsmen	حرفيين
grain	حبوب	mummify	يحتط
adore	يُحِب بِشِنَة / يعشق	statue	. تمتال
wisdom	حكمة	melt	يذوب / يتصهر
	Pronunc	iation	
; bear	share لَبُ	pair أيطارك	زوج من
pear	rare کشری	hair نادر	شعو
tear	ತ್ರುಷ there	air	هواء
wear	پرتدی	,	
	Preposition	s of place	
in		between	, åe
on	behind على	next to	بجوار
in front of	ألمام	,	



The Past Simple Tense رُمَن الماضي السِيطِ ،

Form النكوس

The second form of the verb.

يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل. [بإضافة d, ed, led للفعل المنتظم والفعل غير المنتظم يحفط). e.g. He dropped the glass. - She became a teacher.

Negative 🔑

(مصدر القعل) + didn't + inf. (القاعل)

e.g. Rats didn't eat the grain. - I didn't grow up in Cairo.

Question Julia

? (مصدر الفعل) + inf. (الفاعل) ؟ (Yes / No) question:

e.g. Did the Ancient Egyptians only keep cats as pets? Yes, they did. - No, they didn't.

Wh-question: Q.W + did + subject (الفاعل) + inf. (مصدر الفعل) ؟

e.g. What did they feed their cats?

Verb to be in the past

Form -القي الجيلة + (was / were) + ياقي الجيلة

e.g. There was a cat here.

Negative Jul باني المبلة + (wasn't / weren't) +

There weren't popular pets.

Question ا

(Was / Were) + subject + باللي الجللة ? (Yes / No) question:

e.g. Were there a lot of mummies?

Yes, there were.

No, there weren't.

Wn-question:

Q.W + (was / were) + subject + باقى الجملة ?

Which was their favorite animal?

Activities on Unit (7)

-						
(1	>.	Listen and ci	rcle the correct a	nswer from a	, b, c, o	rd.
1.	The	e Ancient Egy	ptians loved birds	especially	43422-114	*****************
	a)	hens	b) ducks	c) falcons	d) turi	keys
2.	Fal	cons and the	ibis represented			APPRAISE BANAGARAY RYBING &
	a)	money	b) wisdom (c) happiness	d) sad	iness
3.				_		
			b) hundreds	•		
4.		•	also important in			
1			b) before life			
(#	2	Listen and ci	rcle the correct a	nswer from a	, b, c, o	Ed.
1.	On	e of the most	beautiful artifacts	is Tutankham	un's	
	a)	mask	b) shoes	c) head	d)	leg
2.			de of			
			b) bronze		_	
3.			s a			
			b) thin			
4.			. 4			
_			b) cat	-		monkey
(2		Choose the c	orrect answer fro	om a, b, c, or o	d.	
1.	Th	e Ancient Eg	yptians made the p	pyramids from		
	a)	granite	b) glass	c) wood	d)	cotton
2.	G	old is valuable	and	4 84478704777777777 80 4 40 0		
	a)	weak	b) easy	c) durable	d)	cold
3.			imate helps to			
			b) preserve			
4.			yptians			-
_			b) disliked			
5.			eans seeds from			
	a)	Grain	b) Wood	c) Glass	d)	Copper

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<u>ti</u>	6. A .	is an object made	of stone to look like	a person or animal.
	a) grain	b) statue	c) mummy	d) wisdom
	She cried.	Her		fell on her cheeks.
	a) hair	b) wears	c) tears	d) pears
	The Ancier	nt Egyptians		with other countries.
	a) traded	b) studied	c) hated	d) disliked
	The Ancier	nt Egyptians used m	netal to make tools a	and
	a) glass	b) paper	c) cotton	d) weapons
	10. I have a ne	ew w		of black shoes.
		* -	c) bear	•
	11. Gold is a	, b , c 3r d.	Bitton 13meron mo	metal.
	a) preciou	ıs b) ugly	c) dirty	d) useless
	12. They		ir	ron from the ground.
		b) mined	c) teared	d) grew
		the man with a		A 41924024044 g
		b) water	c) dagger	d) air
	3 Read an	d complete the tex	t with the words in	the box.
		after - pets - pes	sts - before - adore	ed
	The Ancie	ent Egyptians loved	animals. They kept	many as 1)
				almost every house.
	The Ancient Eg	yptians believed tha	at cats looked 3)	them and kept
		y were also good pe	-	
	and kept the ho	uses free of 4)	like rats a	nd snakes.
	Read an	d complete the text		
	(weapons - harder	- hunt - Metal - wa	ater
	The Ancie	ent Egyptians traded	with other countrie	s. 1) was
		raded. Metal was 2)		
		into different shape		-
		o that they could 4).		
S. Barrell	(30) Final Revision			
-				



Read the text and answer the questions.

The Ancient Egyptians started using iron more than 5,000 years ago. Before iron, they worked with copper and bronze. Amazingly, some of their early iron was from meteorites. Ancient Egyptian craftsmen made a famous dagger for Tutankhamun's tomb from a meteorite. They also mined iron from the ground. But they found it quite difficult to use because it needs a very hot fire to melt, which often wasn't possible. They thought iron was special because they believed it came from the sky (because of the meteorites). They called it "the metal of heaven". For them, iron was more precious than gold because it was rarer.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. The Ancient Egyptians started using iron more thanyears ago.
 - a) 500
- b) 5,000
- c) 50
- d) 50,000
- 2. Ancient Egyptian craftsmen made a famous for Tutankhamun's tomb.
 - a) hammer
- b) fork
- c) dagger
- d) spoon
- 3. Iron needs a very fire to melt.
 - a) cold
- b) cool
- c) hot
- d) warm

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What metals did the Ancient Egyptians use before iron?
- 5. Why did the Ancient Egyptians think iron was special?



Read the text and answer the questions.

Coffee was discovered in Ethiopia in the eleventh century. At first, the leaves of the coffee plant were boiled in water. The drink was used as medicine. Coffee wasn't planted outside Ethiopia until the fourteenth century. For 300 years, the original recipe from Ethiopia was used. Later, coffee became popular in many places. The coffee beans were cooked over a fire and made into a powder. This was mixed with water and cooked slowly on a fire ashes. This recipe was taken all over the world.

– Unit (7) A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. Coffee was first planted in b) Ethiopia c) London d) China a) Egypt The underlined word "recipe" means a way ofsomething. a) keeping b) sweeping c) cooking d) cleaning 3. The underlined word "drink" refers to c) tea b) soap a) coffee d) water B) Answer the following questions. 4. What's the main idea of the text? 5. How was coffee used at first? and the first of the second of 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. 1. you - to - What - like - would - know -? 2. animals - loved - The - Egyptians - Ancient - . Did - a - weekend - have - nice - you - ? 4. went - Park - with - I - Al-Azhar - my - to - family - . 41 +475 / +677 1375 184711 / h())112714[P]111114[DDP44474 [1]1491177 11491 (1168741417911417911 19414141417) 174017411791794444141741111

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in - up - grew - Alexandria - He - .

5. on - ride - We - boat - went - a - .

fell - and - mv - over - I - hurt - arm - .

_		_	
Fin			
	-		
	a: :	70.0	

(Read and write	the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.
1.	The Ancient Egy	ptians (love) their pets.
2.		(study) math last year.
3.	I didn't	(grew) up in Cairo.
4.	Did you	(had) a nice weekend?
5. 6.	The book is	go) to the park with my family yesterday. enotine following questions. (near) to the ruler.
7.	The pen is in	(behind) of the box
8.		(did) in the park?
9.		(am) at the cinema last week
10.	/1/4441011/1111111111111111111111111111	(Did) there a lot of mummies'
(1)	Punctuate the	following.
	 The Ancient eq 	gyptians loved birds
	did you grow in	n Alexandria
8	Write a text of	FIFTY (50) words about:
Guld	ding elements:	Animals in Ancient Egypt
Guit	ang elemente.	(pets - cats - looked after - pests)
*** #****	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	* * ***********************************
• •	61,1446B1 B1684111411646911111166498	4 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 > 6 >
Guid	ding elements:	Iron in Ancient Egypt
		(iron - mined - difficult to use - sky)
411115-00	4	propertions of the result of the results of the res
		}}\$

Unit (8)

3 6 2

Toys and games

Vocabulary

marbles	doll's house البئي	لوح التزلج skateboard بيت اللمبة
cuddly toy	rollerblades لعبة محشوة	طوب bricks حثاه التزلج (زلاحات)
skipping	images = graphic نظ الحيل	حدیث modern صور-رسومات
train set	games console لعبة القطار	مغامرة adventure وحدة تحكم العاب
market	although - though - سوق	مبدع - إبداعي
posters	hide and seek ملصقات	كشك - دكانة stall الاستعماية
description	video games وصف	الوالدان parents ألعاب الفيليو
outside	b www.laction figure	لعبة لوحية board game شخصية حركية
machine.	at hopscotch	مذهل amazing لمية المربعات (الحجلة)

Pronunciation

"gh" sounds like /f/

تنطق "اي" مثل صوت /١/.

تكون "معظم الكلمات.

draughts	لعبة الداما	laughter	الضحك	tough	متين - قاس
cough	كعة / يكح	laugh	يضحث	enough	كافي

"gh" is silent in most words.

bought	ر اشتری	drought	جفاف	high	مرتفع - عالِ
thought	اعتقد / فكّر	eight	رقم ثمانية	daughter	ابنة
night .	لينة	brought	أحضر		

Language

- 1) Intensifiers:(really / very / so + adj.) (really + verb) (Negative عني + at all)
- e.g. I was really / very good at hiding.

I didn't like skipping at all. - I really enjoy video games.

2) Verbs followed by (verb + -ing):

(continue - finish - hate - imagine - like - prefer - stop)

e.g. I enjoy playing football.

I prefer making up stories.

Activities on Unit (8)

نصوص الاستماع في بهاية الكتاب.

1) Li	isten and cir	cle the cor	rect ans	WE	er from a,	b, c,	OF (d.
1.	My 1	lavorite toy w	as my	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4*1140				
	a)	cuddly toy	b) skatel	ooard c) t	rain set	d) b	ike	
2.	I pla	yed in the						wî	th my friends.
	a)	school	b) club	C) 1	oark	d) s	tree	et
3.	_								stickers on it.
							-		ge and yellow
4.									. and pads.
100		shoe							
· **	k) L	isten and cir	cle the cor	rect ans	We	er from a,	b, c	, or	d.
1.		_							last week.
									grandmother
2.		uld go really							
2		skateboard	_						
3.		big							
4		sister had a				+			
	_	cuddly toy							1
1	*	hoose the co	· ·						
1	N. A.S.								
1.									the weekend.
0		in							by playing with it.
۷.		player							
3			_					_	was younger.
	a)	car	b) train		c)	ship		d)	bus
4.									1
		_ ,							hopscotch
5.	Му	little sister a	lways take	s her fav	orit	te	".an	lavi	toy to bed.
	a)	train	b) cuddly		c)	action	13(7)	d).	doll

			_			unit (8)
6.	At school, we u	ise chalk to make	a	** * * * *		game.
	a) beard	b) hopscotch	·; c)	skipping	d)	football
7.	There are some	e wooden toys on	the t	oy .	-	
	a) stall	b) still	c)	sail	d)	ship
8	My brother is re	eally good at				and seek.
		b) hide				
9.	Video games a	re great when the	ey're .		** **	
	a) bad	b) difficult	c)	creative	d)	old
10.	A		· ·	is when there	e isn	't enough rain.
	a) drought	b) draught	c)	flood	d)	desert
41,	Α			is used to	make	e a boat move.
	a) sale	b) stall	c)	sail	d)	snail
12.	The elephant h	as a long		77 7 7 8 34 338		*******************************
	a) head	b) trunk	(c)	button	d)	sail
13.	i like			l'm v	ery g	good at hiding.
	a) running	b) hide and see	ek c)	climbing	d)	skipping
14.	<u> </u>			" mean	s to	try something.
45-	a) Have a go	b) Have a look	c)	Make up	d)	Beat
Read and complete the text with the words in the box.						
hopscotch - interesting - toys - plays - seek						
	I started a pro	ject on the week	end. It	was about 1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9444mph.com.com.com.com.ga.ga.ga.ga.exem.
an		lly 2)				
wa	s fun. I also liked	14)	l was	quiet good at	it, b	ut I preferred
ski	pping. My sister	practiced a lot. W	e ofte	n play togeth	er.	
Read and complete the text with the words in the box.						
house - making - home - really - imagination						
	When Sara w	as little, she 1)	+10+17 Make 41	iiiniiiiniiiniiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	ked	games that
US	ed a lot of 2)	She	was	very good at	3)	***************************************
		a doll's 4)			toys	, and some
act	ion figures. She	enjoyed playing w	ith th	em.		



Read the text and answer the questions.

My favorite games are video games. I don't play them very often, though. I play for about an hour on the weekend. It's fun! My favorite games are ones where you build cities. I've made a really big city using different bricks. It has animals and plants in it, too. I like these games because you can be creative and make something new. Some of the images in modern video games are amazing. I've got a new games console, which I share with my sister. She enjoys playing adventure games, where you can go to different places to find something important or solve a problem. They can be difficult but I think they can be fun, too, because they're so exciting.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. I play video games for on the weekend.
 - a) 30 hours b) 60 minutes c) four hours d) 2 hours
- 2. The word "images" means
- a) stickers b) games c) graphics d) dolls
- - a) cartoon b) adventure c) puzzle d) funny
- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What are your favorite games?
- 5. What do you think of adventure games?



Read the text and answer the questions.

One day, Fares and Ramy were playing hopscotch in the school yard. They were drawing squares using different colored chalk when their friend Magdy came to talk to them. "What are you playing?" asked Magdy. "It's hopscotch!" said Fares. "Do you want to play?" "How do you play it?" asked Magdy. "It's very easy," said Ramy.", First, you throw this rock onto the squares. Next, you see which square it is in. Then you hop to the end of the squares and back, but you have to jump over the square with your rock." "Great! I'd love to have a go!" said Magdy.

Unit	(8)
------	-----

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1: The children used colored								
								uares.
	a), pens			_				
40.00	"Have a go" me							ething.
	a) play			_			leave	
	Playing hopsed							at all.
	a) easy	_			difficult	d)	good	
8)/	Answer the follo	niwo	g questio	ns.				
4. V	What's the main	idea	of the tex	t?				
							***********	**********
5. <u>y</u>	Vhere were the	child	ren playin	g?				
444 - 14 philip		******			*******	;},,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**4**** *****	,
(5	Put the wor	ds in	the corre	ect o	rder to mal	ce sentence	s.	
1	loved - with - I	- nl:	avino - act	tion .	- my - figure	e -		
•	iorea with	þi	aying - aci	11011	my ngure			
2	didn't - board -	We	- names -	ven	v - nlav - oft	on -		***********
	,,,,				y play of			
3.	marbles - Nadi			v - s	ome - has -			,
	- 170 7 100 1 40 40000	_ '	-					
4.	did - enjoy - W							4
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, <u>.</u>			**** * -***	
5.	was - good - I	- mal	king up - v	/erv	- at - stories	i		
5. was - good - I - making up - very - at - stories								
6.	laugh - when -	We -	play - we	e - d	raughts			
						4+ 1+4 +10 401747017	,, ,,,,,,,, 411.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
7.	is - favorite - W	/hat -	your - ga	ame	- ?			
	_		,		**** * ** ** ** ** ***	<i>(</i>),,,,,), <i>a,</i>		
8.	stopped - with	my -	I - playing) - SI	et - train			
		•	- ' '					

	Final Revision		
6	Read and write	the correct form of the wor	d(s) between brackets.
1.	I	(Ve	ery) liked pláýing fóðtball.
2.	This toy is not into	eresting	(quité).
3.			
4.			
5.	•	-noite(quite	2 4 4 15
6.		(be	,
7.		r love	
8.	_	ng to music	
9.		29492940049791917744	
10.	I think tennis is	(so)	good, but I prefer football.
7	> Punctuate the	following.	
	what's your fav	vorite toy	
	 sarah wasn't g 	ood at running	
8	Write a text of	FIFTY (50) words about:	
Guid	ding elements:	Your favorite toy	
		(skateboard - sticker	s)
********	** ************************************	,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	~~ ~, *********************************
Guid	ding elements:	Different games	
.,,,,,,,,		(skipping - hopscoto	:h)
10040444		#4####################################	7411455-0 <i>44614</i> 1818518111154-15844584460AP44444414414444

Unit (9)

What's the story?

. trong vocabulary

setting moral	المكان والزمان (أ) مغزى - الدرس المس	message surf	رَسَالِهُ الْمُواجِ بركبَ الْأَمُواجِ	reply	يرد / الرد قصة
narrator	راوي	grandparents	الأجداد	bottle	زجاجة
ending	خاتمة -ربهاية	sheep	أغنام	weekend	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع
beginning about	CO STANS	shepherd	راعي	villager .	ڤروي
characters 15	الشخصيات	coast	ساحل	boat -	قارب 🚊
events	احداث 🕟	sailing	الإبحار	excited -	متحمس
review	مقال نقدي	favorite	مقضل	laterati	فيما بعد - لاحقًا
man	رجل	things	أشياء	plane	طائرة
journey	رحلة	work	يعمل	travel	يساقر

Pronunciation

	/w/ sound	
water	« walk	يمشى
wolf	whisper ، نب	يهمس
Wave	white موجة	أبيض
west	whale غرب	حوت

Language

The Past Continuous Tense

زمن الماضي المستمر

- تستخدم الماضي المستمر ليدل على شئ كان يحدث في وقت معين في الماصي.

eg. Yesterday afternoon, John was walking his dog.

م يمكننا أيضًا استخدام الماشي المستمر لبيان أن حدثًا ما قطع حدثًا آخر،

ماضي يسيط + when + ماضي مستمر

eg. I was reading a book when my dad came home.

Sequencing adverbs

ظروف التبلسل

First 14

Next ಪಟ್

ئم Then

سد ذلك After that

Finally [

40 Final Revision - Units

Activities on Unit (9)

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب.

(1	Listen and ci	rcle the correct	answer from a, b,	c, or d.
1.	Ali and I were pl	aying in the	"System" The Care	· Softias
	a) forest	b) street	c) river d	lake
2.	It was a			afternoon.
	a) bad	b) terrible	c) cold d	lovely
3.	We were hoping	to see some int	teresting animals an	d
	a) stones	b) boys	c) crocodiles d	birds (1777) iggs
4.				
	a) cave	b) house	c) huta d	cell straya
一樣	Listen and ci	rcle the correct	answer from a, b,	c, ord.
1.	Tom's grandpare	ents lived by the	***************************************	
	a) river	b) sky	c) sea	d) ocean
2.	The beach near	their house was		and beautiful.
	a) quiet	b) noisy	c) crowded	d) dirty
3.	They swam, sur	fed and played	games on the	***************************************
	a) mud	b) dirt	c) dust	d) sand
4.			*************************************	
_			c) spoon	q) cnb
	Choose the c		from a, b, c, or d.	
1.	The	******* * }477+3-\$19484411	of the story is "kindr	ness is everything".
			c) setting	
2.	The main	*************************	was a bit boring	- I didn't like him.
	a) moral	b) setting	c) place	d) character
3.	The	***************************************	is the person who	tells you the story.
	a) setting	b) moral	c) narrator	d) listener
4.			, we find out why	
			c) character	•
5.			******************************	
	a) sitting	b) setting	c) moral	d) character

			Unit (9)			
6. Let's write a	Destail 1	of one	of Goha's stories.			
a) view	b) interview	c) review	d) color			
700The landing	\$ ####################################	************	ate the sheep.			
ອາ∿a) cat	b) rat	c) mouse	d) wolf			
8⊜ My uncle is a		He has a farm wit	th a lot of animals.			
a) villager	b) carpenter	c) baker	d) teacher			
9. Can you work		•	your own?			
🎺 a) with 🚬	b),at	c) in	d) on			
10. The setting is in	the	where there are a	nimals and plants.			
🚎 a) city	b) town	c) countryside	d) space			
11. The story is	*** * * * * * *		. All people like it.			
a) popular	b) boring	c) bad	d) terrible			
12. We go to the	The state of the s		to buy vegetables.			
a) baker's	b) library	c) market	d) aquarium			
13. He sent a		114 *** 1 4 6	to my message.			
a) replay	b) reply	c) apply	d) email			
14. My favorite	**************************************		is blue.			
a) subject	b) day	c) color	d) sport			
3 Read and con	nplete the text wi	th the words in th	ie box.			
charac	ters - market - jou	ırney - flight - se	tting			
I'm writing a re	eview of one of Gob	na's stories. The o	ne about a man			
who goes to the 1).						
is the countryside, n	nany years ago. Tw	o of the 3)	the man and			
his son - take turns	riding the donkey b	pecause it's a long	4)			
Read and con	mplete the text wi	th the words in th	ne box.			
(moral - popular - example - bad - different						
I loved reading Goha's stories. His stories are 1)						
over the world. But he's known by 2)						
in Sudan, he's Jawha. In Algeria, he's Jeha, and in Morocco, he's Jha. All						
	he's known by 2)	names, f	For 3)			
	he's known by 2) ia. In Algeria, he's .	names. F Jeha, and in Moro	cco, he's Jha. All			



Read the text and answer the questions.

is sinn sin. weiv in

A boy named John was once taking care of some sheep not far from a forest. Nearby was a village. One day, he thought he would have some fun, and he cried out, "The wolf is coming! The wolf is coming!" The men came running to save the boy from the wolf. As they saw nothing, they went home again and left John laughing. John cried out again the next day, "The wolf! The wolf!" The men came again. Again, they saw no wolf, so they shook their heads and went back. On the third day, the wolf came! John cried, "Help! Help! The wolf! The wolf!" Not a single man came to help him. The wolf broke into the flock and ate the sheep. John felt very sorry that he had deceived his friends and neighbors.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. People shook their heads because they foundwolf.
 - a) no
- b) one
- c) two

- d) a lot of
- 2. The boy felt that he had deceived his friends.
 - b) glad a) happy
- c) sorry
- 3. The wolf came and the sheep.

- a) ate
- b) played
- c) laughed
- d) smiled

B) Answer the following questions.

- 4. What was the boy taking care of?
- 5. Why did the men come running?



Read the text and answer the questions.

I'm Kareem. I have got two brothers and three sisters. My father is an old farmer. My mother is a housewife. She spends all her time cooking and cleaning the house. My father and mother work day and night to help us live happily. They bring us up to love our country Egypt. We live in a nice house on the farm. My father grows a lot of vegetables. He also keeps some animals and birds. In my school, I have got a lot of friends. My school day begins at eight o'clock in the morning. After school, I usually help my father. Hove looking after animals and birds. Hike to study farming because I want to grow the main crops on our farm,

A).C	hoose the con	ect answer fr	om a,	b, c or d.	50 40 70 70
					d) playing music
				bank	
				animals	d) his parents
B) /	Inswer the folio	wing questio	ns.		
4, H	low many perso	ns are there in	Kare	em's family?	
5. V	Vhy do you think			_	
5	> Put the wor	ds in the corre	ect ord	ler to make sen	tences.
1.	by - sea - Tom'	s - lived - the	- gran	dparents	
			*** -		
2.	Let's - the bottle	e - the - put - i	in – tra	ish	
			,,,,,,,,,,		v. 614 11114144447156444465118498448
3.	was - like - the	- What - weat	her - '	?	
			************		v 191111 v 01111101010111111111111111111
4.	is - character -	the - main - M	/ho - '	?	and the second
	** *****	11-1144 4 - 4 4 4 4 4-41		********* *** ** *** **** *** * *	> ++1110 + +>6+0+0+011
5.	What - story - t	he - is - moral	_ the	- of - ?	
	* 1 * ***** to 4 ** 4	* 4 4 * * * 4 * 1 1		4 79 4 1 2 1 4 14 114414 21	**** \$7**(* * \$ 5**************************
6.				He - arrived - wa	
		1 1 -10 1 (077)174)11111	hrs - +4+		
7.	house - grandp	arents' - went	- Tom	- to - his	
					44+61124>4>424+112444114224 4214244
8.	your - games -	are - What - f	avorite	e - ?	
	141818 4549k ht 11111111111 1 x x	* ***************	**** ** * *	,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Final Revision -

6	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
4	1. Pre-Word flamming months to the second of
1.	She
2.	We were playing computer games when Ali
3.	Yesterday afternoon, Adam (is walking) his/dog.
4.	They(play) in the park when they found a note.
5.	I was reading a book when my dad (comes) home.
6.	Were you(look) at your phone when I saw you?
7.	I wasn't watching TV when you (call) me.
8.	Dad(read) a newspaper when Lina came.
9.	Ayman (ride) a bike when his phone rang.
10.	Hazem(watch) a football match when Egypt scored a goal.
(7)	Punctuate the following.
	fatima was doing her homework
	where does Ahmed live
8	Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:
V	·
Guir	How to make Salatet Zabadee
Guit	(First - cucmber - yogurt)
	(I list - cacinoei - yoguit)
484411411	
	1
	(A beginning of a story)
Guld	ding elements:
	(forest - animals - house - distance)
1,,,11,41	CELEBRATICATICATERENTATION AND ACCORDING OF PERSONS ACCORDING TO SECURITION OF PROPERTY OF PROPERTY AND ACCORDING TO SECURITION ACCORDING TO SECURITION AND ACCORDING TO SECURITION ACCORDING TO SECURITION ACCORDING TO SECURITION ACCORDING TO SECURITION AC

Unit (10)

Free as a bird

Vocabulary

a situla it i a si i a			
successful		camp	يخيم - يعسكر
similar	متشابه	coral reefs	الشعاب المرجانية
real	حليلي	protected area	منطقة محمية
sensible	عاقل / حكيم - معلول	tourists	السياح
eco-tourism	السياحة البيئية	damage	يثلف / يضر
sustainable	مستفام (ملائم للبينة)	pelican	بجمة
ideal	مثالي ير	kingfisher	طائر الرفراف
respect	يعترم	swift	طالر السنونو/ السمامة
simple	بسيط	eagle	أفسن
accommodation	أماكن إقامة / سكن	migrate	يهاجر
scuba dive	يغوص تحت الماء	close to	قریب من
wildlife	الحياة البرية	desert	صحراء
mountains	الجبال	forest	عابة
habitat	موطن - بيئة	space	مساحة فارغة

Activities

hiking	التنزه سيزاعلى الزقدام	visiting beaches	زيارة الشواطئ
snorkeling	القطس بأثنوت التنفس	cooking outdoors	الطهي بالخارج
watching movies	مشاهدة الزقلام	traveling on a river	التنقل عير النهو
taking photos	التقاط الصور	taking photos underwater	التقاط الصور تحت الماء
going to restaurants	اللهاب للبطاعم	wildlife-watching	مشلعدة الحياة البرية



e.g. You must protect the environment.

تستخدم لنتميير عن عدم السماح بعمل شيء ما

e.g. You mustn't smoke here.

(If) First Conditional

Form (التكوين)

e.g. If people learn more about the environment, they will want to protect it.

الاستخدام Usage

- We use the first conditional to talk about things that are likely to happen in the future.
 نستخدم نحانة الشرطية الأولى التحدث عن أشياء محتمل حدولها في المستقبل.
- e.g. If tourists stay in simple accommodation, there won't be so many big hotels.

_1	. 1	listen and c	ircle t	the correct a	ทรพ	er from a	, b,	C, 01	rd.	1
				National Par						
	a)	Red	b)	Black	c)	Dead	d)	Wh	ite	
2.	Thi	s area is on	the S	Black inai		. 1			4,4844,484	
				Ocean						
3.	Pe	ople come fr	om al	over the wo	rld to	snorkel a	ind :	scut	oa	
	a)	fly	b)	dive	c)	ride	d)	driv	/e	
				***********						of fish.
				flats						
- 20 m	1	Listen and c	ircle t	the correct à	nsw	er from a	,b,	c, or	d.	
1.	Fai	res is going t	o see	some beauti	ful .				.) (- 1 - 4 - 1 - 4 - 1 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	
				caves						
2.				ches on a sm				-		
	a)	car	b)	bike	c)	boat		d)	bus	
3.				s very				_		,
	a)	popular	b)	dirty	c)	dusty		d)	ugly	
4.	It w	/ill be a		*****************	****		•••••		v,1 = 1 + + + 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + +	day.
,	a)	calm	b)	quiet	c)	busy		d)	free	
(2		Choose the c	orrec	t answer fro	ım a	, b, c, or d	•			
1.	″ If s	something is		, it is a 🤉	3000	I idea that	son	neor	ne has t	thought
	ab	out carefully.								
	_			ensible	-					
2.										
2				rong						
ა.				pers		*				
4			-	ıad		crazy				
٧.				arious						
5.								_		
0,				uccessful					_	does ii.
_	-/		2)		٠,		_	4/		

(AP) Forth man one " " "

		Final Hevis	ЮП					
6.	W	nen people		the e	nvir	onment, they	wa	nt to protect it.
	a)	respect '	6)	destroy	c)	damage	d)	harm
7.	If y	ou go bird-v	vatc	hing, you mustn't	t ge	t too		to the birds.
•	a)	far .	b)	wide	c)	close	d)	top
8.				etha	n va	acations whic	h do	on't care about
	_	environmer		eustainable	اه	0001/	41	annd
			-	sustainable	-			
9.								
40	_		_	Study The parky bird				
10.				The early bird				
44	_		_	catches				
14.	_			as Mohammed to				
42	_			dive				
14.						*		
12				Respect				
13.				is living in a place				
4.4			_	Accommodation			_	
14.	_							
/				making	-	_	-	_
3		Read and co	mpl	ete the text with	hth	e words in th	e bo	DK.
		safari - sı	nor	keling - eco-tou	risn	n - flying - hi	sto	rical
	E	gypt is an ar	nazi	ing country. There	e ar	e many 1)		places to visit,
as w				ets, and museum				
				t 3), c				
				- but 4)				
**		and the same of the same				,		
TO SERVICE SER	/.	read and wi	mpt	ete the text with	1 CA	e words in th	e oc	ж.
1		(L	ake	- market - flock	(5 -	Nile - Coast	s)	
	N	lany water b	pirds	migrate to Egyp	t. Y	ou can often	see	large
I) <u>.</u> [of birds	s su	ch as pelicans ne	ear	water, along	the	Red Sea and
vled	liter	ranean 2)		as well as o	- 41	0.3)	The	se birds often
at f	dais			many do Holl da O	n th	G 3)	11104	DO DITUE CITOR
	1211	or plants tha	at liv	e in rivers, lakes ood place to see	, oa	ases, <i>à</i> nd sea	is. 4)

11

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

in the early morning today, two young men were fishing in a small beat when the weather suddenly changed. The sky turned grey and it became very windy. During the bad storm, the two men fell into the water. A man, Mr Hamdi was walking by the sea at that time. He was very brave. He jumped into the sea and rescued the two men. Mr Hamdi has lived in that area for 30 years. He said that he hadn't seen such a bad storm since he was a little boy.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. Two young men were fishing in a.....
 - a) big boat b) small boat
- c) big ship
- d) small ship

Mr Hamdi lived in that area for

..... years.

- a) fifty
- b) forty
- c) thirty
- d) twenty
- The two young men were fishing in the .

 - a) morning b) afternoon
- c) evening d) night

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What happened during the bad storm?
- 5. What was Mr Hamdi doing during the bad storm?



Read the text and answer the questions.

Our exams finished a week ago. My friend Ayman asked me to recommend a library to go to together. I recommended the Public Library in our city. I recommended it because it is very big and quiet. Moreover, it is near our houses, so, we would go on foot. The most important reason that made me recommend this library is that we can find all the books we need. Ayman and I like reading in our free time. When we went there, we found our teacher of English. He was happy when he saw us and offered to help us. Really, it was a nice day.

		Final Rev	/lsiq	n —					
A)	Cho	oose the c	orre	ect answer fro	m a	, b, c or d.			
1.	W	nen they w	ent i	to the library, t	hey	found the te	acher of	11594	
				English				naths	
2.	Th	eir teache	offe	ered to	ar 101 td-			************	them.
	a)	borrow	b)	speak	c)	'cali '	d) i	nelp	3, 4
3.	Ex	ams finish	ed a	, 				***********	ago.
				week	_		_	/ear	,
B).	Ans	wer the fe	ollo	vina questior	15.				* *
4. \	Wha	at place di	d the	speaker reco	mm	end?			
			******	speaker reco		2050-11	וני ומויפנו	5 6 200	don.
				eaker and Аул		r		-	
		1 p y 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	,,,,,,,,,		******	9		4411-444141414	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	P. A.	Dut thou	ord	s in the corre	rt or	dar to mal	a contone	00	±
1	1.	Put tile w	VI U	s in the corre	LLUI	uer to mar	re Sentent	E3.	
1.	ca	tches - wo	orm ·	the - early -	The	- bird		7 **	
	**	41.001.00114444444							.,,
2.	Bi	rds - toget	her	- flock - a - fe	athe	er - of			
			********		.,		44 429 x = 45==4=4=		
3.	ne	sts - don'i	- Si	inging - build	- bir	ds		4 A.,	
	** * * * * *	, 1 6 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	*14+1++41				.,4.14.14.14.94.94.944.944.944	fe -	
4.	an	- country	- an	nazing - is - E					
	14141			_			· 4 · · · 4 · · · 4 · · · · · · · · · ·		
5.	Pe	ople - Se	a - ir	n - go - Red -	can	- sporkelin	a - the		
	-	<u> </u>		_					, i i.
6.	to	- turtles -	hon	e - and - see					
	10	เนานอง	nop	6 - BIN - 366	(IZ)	aid3 <u>110</u> -	•		
7.		oro – musi	en 14	hirdo the	Vois	** ****************	*************	7	<u> </u>
•	5C			birds - the -					
0	*****							*********	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
8.	to	- Egypt - a	and	- birds - from	- <u>M</u>	any - migra	ate		

	6	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.
1	r.	You (mustn't) respect nature.
2	27.	You (must) scare birds or animals.
	3.	If I am hungry, I (eat) a snack;
	4.	If Omar(play) football for two hours, he will be tired.
	5.	When we go camping, we (mustn't) take a tent with us.
(6.	If you learn to bake, you (save) a lot of money.
-	7.	You mustn't (leaves) trash on the beach.
1	8.	If she feels thirsty, she (would) drink some water.
	9.	You mustn't (walking) in the desert when it is hot.
	10.	You (mustn't) be careful in the natural environment.
<	7	Punctuate the following.
		We re going on a tour
		you must study hard for exams
<	8	Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:
		Eco-tourism in Egypt
G	auic	ding elements:
		(historical - museums - sustainable - wildlife)
	4 6 7 6 7	
***	*******	**************************************
		Bird migration
(Guid	ding elements:
		(migrate - winter - warmer - eagle)
٠		***************************************
,,		***************************************

52 Final Revision - Units

Unit (11)

socialize

How can I help?

		- vocal	bulary —		
donate	تينج	participate	يشارك	support	يسائد - يدعم
volunteer	يطوع	help out	ً يساعد في	start up	يبنا
jealous	غيور	multi-grip	مقبض متعدد الأغراض	install	يركب / يثبت
record	يسجل	reward	يكانيء / مكافأة	sparrow	عصفور
kind to	عطوف مع	look after	يعتني پ	day center	مركز رعاية نهارية
confidence	نقة	fundraising	جمع تبزعات	give back	يرد الجميل
grabber	أردة التقاط	handle	مقيض	film	يُضور /

		FI	onuncial	.1011 _		
:	sh / ʃ/	1	ch/tf/	. ,	tch/tʃ/	
shoe	فردة حداء	rich		غني	watch	إيشاهد
shop	محل	chop		يقطع	catch	يمسك
ship	سفيتة	chip		رقاقة	kitchen	مطبخ

Dronunciation

nature camera

Language



- لستخدم (to + Inf) لبيان الغرض.

We wear gloves to protect our hands.

يتواصل اجتماعيا

Adverbs cognal.

- An Adverb is a word that describes a verb.

quick ---- quickly

- They walk quickly.

good ----- well

fast ----- fast

He runs fast.
 She plays well.

(الحال / الظرف) هو كلمة تصف القمل،

- يتكون الحال بإضافة "١٧" أَلَى الصفة.

- هناك بعض الأحوال غير المنتظمة،

hard ----- hard

1	Listen and cir	cle the correct a	nswer from a,	b, c, or d.
				King.
		b) French		
2,			•	is called Sethi.
	a) father	b) uncle	c) brother	d) son
3.	His father becam	e the	***************************************	of Egypt.
		b) merchant		-
4.	His brother died	when he was		years old.
		b) 14		
3/4	Listen and cir	cle the correct a	nswer from <mark>a</mark> ,	b, c, or d.
1.1	volunteer at a		101 4 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	. for old people.
а) hospital	b) library	c) day cente	er d) school
				glass bottles and jars.
		b) may		
				aren't strong enough.
		b) eyes		•
				to take off the tops.
٠.		a b) grabber		
2		rrect answer fro		
				to help other people!
	•		*	r d) support
				ople in a friendly way.
	_	_	_	d) socialize
				nd food, and look after
	their bables,	b) schools	() habitata	Carlos Anna a s
Л	a) nouses	D) SCHOOLS	c) nabitats	a) trees
		b) to		younger children.
6	a) up	U) LO	c) ui	u) out
	My brother some	times helps		at a day center.

	Final Revision .	_				
6.	It's very important to	o lo	ok			your pets.
	a) to 11 - 4 *	b)	of '	c) on	d)	after
7.	Last year, we decid	ed t	o	1444 (11 - 24 - 1) 7 4147117(1 147	up a	a free art club.
	a) begin	b)	end	c) start	d)	look
8.	How can you	,,,,	. (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	back to	you	ir community?
	a) give	b)	take	c) lend	d)	borrow
9.	We could					
	a) volunteer	b)	participate	c) donate	d)	talk
10.	1					
	a) give up					
11.	Children who					
	a) donate	-		-	_	
12.	We t			-	_	
	a) run	b)	volunteer	c) donate	d) ,	close ,
13.	A is some					
	a) sparrow	-		•		
14.	" " means feeli	_				_
. * *	a) Jealous	b)	Confidence	c) Happiness	d)	Hatred
3	Read and compl	ete	the text witl	the words in th	ie bi	ox.
	participating	ng -	nervous - d	onate - skills - s	oq	rts
	I decided that I wa	ante	ed to help chi	dren in my scho	ol. I	love
1)	so st	arte	d an after-s	chool club to t	eacl	h the younger
chile	dren football 2)	1141115414	I was a	ı bit 3)		at first, but lots
of c	hildren joined in and	l the	ir parents we	ere very happy. It	wa	s great to have
SO I	many children 4)	r > p m d q q d q	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			
《举	Read and compl	ete	the text witl	the words in the	ie b	ox.
	picture	s - I	painted - pla	nted - sick - be	ng	
	My little sister was	sic	k last month,	and she was in	the	hospital. She's
bett	er now, but when w	e v	isited her, sh	e was sad beca	use	she didn't like
1)	there, I th	oug	ht it would b	e nice to do som	neth	ing for children
who	are 2) N	ly fr	iends and 13)lots	of bi	g '4)
	owers, animals, bea					

4 | Read the text and answer the questions.

Hi, I'm Tamer At school, we started a project called Community Help. We all had to choose something we could do to support other people or things in our community. There were lots of ideas. For example, some people wanted to start a vegetable garden in the school to grow fresh fruit and vegetables. That was really popular wither people volunteered to help clean trash from the over, so that animals habitats are safer,

A) Chance the correct answer from a b

1		started		or answer a	ca	illed Community Help
	a)	lecture	b)	project	c) test	d) quiz
2.	We	want to	heip	people or thi	ngs in our .	
	a)	school	b)	club	c) community	d) library
3.	The	ere were	lots (of .	Antritade medindsyq	·==a21440;1404444=44444444444
	a)	ideas	b)	sugar	c) flour	d) candies

- a) ideas b) sugar B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. What does the underlined word "support" mean?
- 5. Why did people volunteer to help clean the trash?

Read the text and answer the questions.

Have you ever had an idea for a new video game? Video games are not just for fun. They are big business. Creating one isn't simple. It can take years. It takes plenty of people, too! Some people work on programming the game. They build the game in a computer program, Others are artists They draw the pictures for the game. But they don't use paper and pencil. They use a computer program. And there are people who work of the sounds you hear. It takes lots of teamwork.

- A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.
- 1. The passage is about
 - a) teamwork b) programming c) computer program d) video games

Final Revision ---

Some people build the

in a computer program.

- a) game
- b) room
- c) box
- d) container

- 3. Video games are not just for
 - a) gun
- b) bun
- c) fun
- d) sun

- B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. How long does it take to create a game?
- 5. What do the artists use to draw the pictures for a game?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- charity children's a local start up We to decided -
- grow to want people some did What ? 2.
- 3. football get at better I seeing like the children -
- animals important kind to think | it's to be . 4.
- clean-up a beach a grabber on use does Anas Why -? 5.
- by bus her cousins see Farah to traveled . 6.
- some candy bought the movie to We during eat .
- lemonade to the market in They sell make .

6 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.
1. I bought a card to (sent) to my grandma.
2. Nesma wears sunglasses (for) protect her eyes.
3. My uncle went to Cairo to
4. Mom is using an app to
5. Rahma listens to music (for) help her relax.
6. I went to the sports center to (played) tennis.
7. She turned on the radio (for) listen to some songs.
8. He picked up the phone to (calling) his friend.
9. They open the fridge to (drank) cold water.
10. We wear gloves
7 Punctuate the following.
what are these buttons for
you use this to swim under water
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:
Ways to be a good citizen
Guiding elements:
(Respect others - protect the environment)

A biography of a volunteer
- Fareada Hason
- Bornia 1994.
- went to university in 2012.

Exam (1)

1	Listen and cir	cle the correct ans	worfrom a b c		i.
7					
1.	Amina liked				
	a) games	b) sports	c) films	d)	plays
2.	She loved games	that used a lot of .			***************
	- +	b) generation			
3.	She had a doll's	######################################	-annanceann-lenguarann-doll#42-re-44	+-+++	
	a) house	b) home	c) flat		yard
4.	She had some	4			figures.
	a) act	b) active	c) activity	d)	action
15	Choose the co	rrect answer fron	a b c ord		, the state of
1					
1.	The				
		b) moral			
2.	"The early bird ca	atches the	14.04.000 - 14.000 -		
	a) turtle	b) worm	c) snake	_ d)	warm .
3.	To take part in so	mething means to	A		
	a) donate	b) participate	c) support	ď	volunteer
4.	They used a lot of	of	in Tu	tani	khamun's tomb
	a) iron	b) silver	c) bronze	ď	gold
(3	Read and con	nplete the text wi	ith the words in	th	e box.
	path -	interesting - num	ber - lovely - play	/ing	
and	My friend Ali and and and and and and and and afternood we were hoping lking along the 4)	to see some 3)	shining. We wer animals ar	e ni	ear my home, irds. We were

distance. "Let's go and look at the house," said Ali. I was a bit scared and

didn't want to go, but I followed him.



The Ancient Egyptians loved animals and kept many as pets. They particularly adored cats, and there was a cat in almost every house. The Ancient Egyptians believed that cats looked after them and kept them safe. They were also good pets because they cleaned themselves and kept the houses free of pests like rats and snakes. This was particularly important for farmers, who produced a lot of grain. The rats didn't eat the grain because the cats ate the rats!

pe	cause the cats at	te the rats!					
A) Choose the correct answer.							
1.		ptians loved					
		b) crocodiles					
2.		word " <u>adored</u> " m					
	a) loved	b) hated	c) disliked	d) kept			
3.					use.		
	•	b) tiger	•	d) cat			
		owing questions					
4.	What's the main i	idea of the passa	ge?				
_		ts eat the grain?					
	Put the wor	ds in the correct	order to make c	orrect sentence	s.		
1.	air - fresh - the -	in - I - walking -	like - ,				
		my - for - I - gan					
		illagers - characte					
(Read and w	rite the correct f	orm of the word(s) between brac	kets.		
1.	They were swim	nming when Tom		(see) a glass bo	ttle.		
2.	You		(mus	stn't) respect nat	ure.		
/		the following.	,	, -1			
1							
	• i love visitin	ng siwa	* (1 - # 11015)//- 1 10/2 10/ 0/1				
	Write a text	of FIFTY (50) we	ords about:				
G.	ulding elements	A blog ab	out habitats				
21	mound enclineilre	•	-				

- What do animals need to live?

- What is a habitat?

60) Final Revision - Exams

Exam (2)

Q)	Listen and c	ircle	the correct ans	wer from a, b,	۲, ۵۲	d.	
1.	Pr	overbs have r	nore	than one			***	
					c) beginning			
2.					4 * ****** # 5 ***** #*#+ 444*			
					c) bird			
3.	Yo	u need to be	the _		d.0001449185849947/2 48-444 ,	to	do something.	
	a)	second	b)	fourth	c) tenth	d)	first	
4.	If	you want to be	a	P-119814	, you r	need	to be the first.	
	a)	known	b)	successful	c) loser	_		
(2	>	Choose the	orre	ect answer fron	na.b.c.ord.		2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
					his roof. They'r	e bir	s favorito birdo	
1.								
2			*		c) tigers simple			
۷.					n _{C)} meanings			
2					oup activity usua			
J.					c) donate			
4			-		important thing			
4.		see		hurt	c) protect		look	
/5	a)				-,	,		
6	7	Read and co	mpi	ete the text wi	ith the words i	n the	e box.	
		cult	ure -	statues - text	artifacts - muse	eum)	
Last summer, we went to a 1) in the city. There were so many interesting 2) to see. My brother and I were walking around								
ma wh	ny i	interesting 2)	om t	to see. My	brother and I w	ere v	valking around	
Egy	∌n ∖ /pti	ans made lots	on t	nat nau lots of a animal statues. I	inimal 3) because animals	wer	e very	
imp	ort	ant in their 4)	101111111	First, w	e saw different s	statu		
silv	silver. Then we saw some in clay, stone, and granite, too.							

Hi, I'm Lara. We're going to have the chance to do some underwater photography on our vacation! We'll set off on a tour from the beach in small boats, and sail out to places where we can see many different kinds of fish. There are beautiful, bright-colored fish there, as well as coral reefs. The tour is only on Monday and Wednesday because this is a protected area, so there mustn't be too many trips.

h =-
5
,3
-

(damage - sustainable - accommodation)

Guiding elements:

Exam (3)

(1	Listen and	circle the correct an	swer from a, b, o	c, or	d.		
1.	The Ancient Eg	gyptians kept animals	as	14994			
		b) pets			, -		
2.	The Ancient Eg	gyptians adored					
	a) frogs	b) lizards	c) rats	d)	cats		
3.	They believed	that cats kept them		++ .			
	a) angry	b) dangerous	c) safe	d)	sad		
4.	The cats kept t	he houses free of	v 41~0~~0114	****	rared report of the first of th		
	a) lions	b) pests	c) pets	d)	tigers		
(2	Choose the	correct answer from	n a, b, c, or d.				
1.	There are some	e wooden toys on the	toy		9		
		b) ship					
2.	The	of	the story is kind	nes	s is everything.		
	a) narrator	b) setting	c) moral	d)	characters		
3.	If something is		it ha	appe	ens and is true.		
	a) false	b) careless	c) sensible	d)	real		
4.	н	m	eans collecting r	non	ey for a charity.		
_	a) Snorkeling	b) Fundraising	c) Socialize	d)	Confidence		
(3	Read and co	omplete the text wi	th the words in	the	box.		
	teenage	ers - socialize - Volu	nteering - sky - c	hari	ties)		
	You learn many important life skills when you volunteer. You learn						
hov	now to 1) and talk to people you wouldn't usually meet.						
2)	2)also gives you confidence. It's amazing to see how						
-	_	n confidence when t	_	erin	g. Fundraising		
help	nelps 4)get the money they need.						



My grandfather is my hero. He was born in a village to a poor family in January 1952. But he worked hard at school and he went to the university. He was always interested in helping people and he became a doctor. I admire him because he has stopped working as a doctor, but he hasn't stopped helping people. He teaches in the village school. He has taught many children who are now at the university. When he was a doctor he helped poor patients for free. Furthermore he gave them medicine without any money. He is really a great man.

Furthermore ne gave them medicine without any money. He is really a great man.
A) Choose the correct answer. 1. The underlined pronoun "he" refers to
a) uncle b) brother c) grandfather d) father
The writer's grandfather worked as a a) doctor b) pilot c) mechanic d) farmer
3. The underlined word "admire" means the same as
a) hate b) love c) order d) live
B) Answer the following questions.
4. Give a suitable title for the passage.
5. What was the writer's grandfather interested in?
5 Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.
1 by bus _ her cousins _ see _ to _ Farah _ traveled
2. country an amazing Egypt is
3. imagined a flying - Amal - plane in
Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.
1. Ghada and I(play) computer games when Dad arrived home.
2. You(mustn't) respect nature.
7 Punctuate the following.
we're going on a tour
8 Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

Guiding elements:

Iron in Ancient Egypt)

(meteorite - mined - melt)

Exam (4)

		uitte tile toijett al		•
1.	Hugo lives in			
	a) England	b) Germany	c) France	d) Spain
2.				
	a) mountain	b) hill	c) desert	d) coast
3.	Hugo loves sai	ling his ······	**************************************	.,
	a) ship	b) boat	c) plane	d) car
4.				··· kilometers.
	a) 60	p) e ·	c) 6,000	g) 600
(Choose the	correct answer fro	ma, b, c, or d.	•
1.	The Ancient Eg	yptians	cats. They love	ed them very much.
	a) hated	b) adored	c) disliked	d) lost
2.	My brother is re	eally good at		and seek.
	a) go	b) dive	c) hide	d) swim
3.	Many birds	v, -//	···· to find warme	er 🗟 . her in winter.
	a) migrate	b) swim	c) dive	d) sink
4.	The	4-47-4444444444444444444444444444444444	is the person wh	o tells you the story.
_	a) ending	b) narrator	c) setting	d) beginning
(3	Read and co	omplete the text w	rith the words i	n the box.
	fa	mous - snorkel - fly	- tourists - fanta:	stic
	The Ras Moha	mmed National Park	on the Red Sea	a is a 1)
are	a for locals and	2)	to visit. 7 7 is b	neautiful area on 🧳
the	Sinai Peninsula	a is 3)	for its sea life,	warm water, and
am	azing weather.	People come from a	all over the world	to 4)
and	d scuba dive her	re.		



The Ancient Egyptians loved animals and kept many as pets. They particularly adored cats, and there was a cat in almost every house. The Ancient Egyptians believed that cats looked after them and kept them safe. They were also good pets because they cleaned themselves and kept the houses free of pests like rats and snakes. This was particularly important for farmers, who produced a lot of grain. The rats didn't eat the grain because the cats ate the rats!

bec	ause the cats ate	the rats!			
	hoose the corre				
	The Ancient Egy _l			***************************************	
	a) cats	•		d) insects	
	Cats kept the ho				
	i) dogs		c) birds	d) lions	
	The Ancient Egy			* 1 4011 1001004114004401010414	
		b) insects	•	d) pets	
B) A	inswer the follo	wing questions			
4. W	hy were cats go	ood pets?	***********************	1 Tan Till PIPIIAAA)	
5. W	hy didn't the rat	s eat the grain?	Prédistrépay pada passis se re a	, -,	
(5)	Put the word	ls in the correct	t order to make	correct sentences	•
1. 1	flowers - and - ca	an - We - plants	- grow	h do d p ex ndbudertre	******
2. 1	What - mean - th	nis - proverb - do	es - ?	PPTIPEOG & A P HEATH ANGLOSEI	
-				- 1 - 1-4 -4110-1419-1513-17-11-14	
(J.)	sile - diliversity	Study - Villat -	at did :	* 1 * 144 *****************************	,
6	Read and wr	ite the correct f	orm of the wor	d(s) bet <mark>ween brac</mark> l	kets.
1.		(Do) you have a nic	e weekend last we	ek?
2.	If you learn to be		· •	d) save a lot of mo	
(7		he following.	,	,	Í
1					
	• you mustn't	leave trash on b	eaches	1 1 + 110740100064076504A41T4	
8	Write a text	of FIFTY (50) w	ords about:		
Gui	dina elements:	My fav	orite game		

(games - hopscotch)

Exam (5)

(1	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.						
1.	То	m's	ed = d + p d ; a q)		liv	ed by the sea.
	a)	uncles	b)	grandparents	c) aunts	$r_i^{l})$	cousins
2.	Th	e beach nea	r the	ir house was quid	et and		
	a)	ugly	b)	dirty	c) beautiful	di	terrible
3.	Th	ey swam an	d		retranswer		in the sea.
	a)	surfed	b) served	c) drove	d)	watched
4.	Th	ey played ga	ımes	on the	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
	a)	air	b) smoke	c) mountain	Ø)	sand
(2		Choose the	corre	ect answer from	ıa, b, c, or d.		
1.	"		mea	ns seeds from pl	ants used to ma	ake f	lour and bread.
		Sand		·	c) Grain		
2.	- 1						
	a)	character	b)	setting	c) moral	C*	narrator
3.							make mistakes.
	a)	careless	b)	careful	c) lazy	G	mad
4.	I th	ink it's very	impo	rtant to be kind			animals.
_	a)	to	b)	at	c) on	ď	in
(3		Read and co	omp	lete the text wi	th the words i	n th	e box.
volunteered - support - garden - community - ccean							
We started a project called Community Help. We all had to choose							
son				to 1) oth			
				. For example, so		_	
veg	jeta	ble 3)		in the school to g	row fresh fruit a	nd v	egetables. That
M/OI	e ro	ally consider	Othe	r neople 4)	to help clear	ı tras	sh from the river.



The sun is the most important source of energy. Although we can't live without it, scientists tell us that the sun has advantages and disadvantages. On the one hand, sunshine is good for you as it gives you energy. It is good for plants. Many crops and fruits grow well in Egypt as it is sunny most of the year and it is not usually cold. Tourists like to come to Egypt because of the sunshine. On the other hand, it has some disadvantages as the sunshine can burn your skin. The sun can start fires. If it is very hot, some plants can't grow and it can be difficult to play sports. A) Choose the correct answer.

disadvantanes as t	he eunehine can	hum your skin	The sun can start	firee		
- U						
(A) Choose the cor	rect encuer	Ow and it can be	e difficult to play sp	orts.		
		7 17 4 17	a la			
			nat it has also ··· efi	ects.		
a) good	b) nice	c) bad	d) great			
One disadvanta	age of the sunshi	ne is that it can	· ··· your	skin.		
a) burn	b) benefit	c) kill	d) drive			
The underlined	word "Start" mea	ans · · · · ·				
a) cause	b) play	c) sell	d) buy			
3) Answer the foll						
4. Give a suitable t	title for the text?	***	dr & d b = \$4.040000			
			10 (() 0) 00 101 101 200 00 00			
5 Put the wo	rds in the correc	t order to mak	e correct sentence	es.		
(3)						
1. to would like	er know - What -	you*?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
2. hurt- arm- 1-	over and fell-	my-,				
2. hurt arm !- over and fell my . 3. He - playing in yesterday the forest was morning						
(6) Read and w	vrite the correct	form of the wo	rd(s) between bra	ickets		
9						
 Ghada prefers 		(play) b	pard games to ski	pping.		
2. If we (w	vent) to El Agami	i beach this sum	mer, I'll swim ever	y day.		

7 Punctuate the following.

where did you go yesterday



Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

A visit to the museum

Guiding elements:

(artifacts - statues - gold)



Exam (6)

(1		rcle the correct an		c, ord.
1.	Next	***************************************	, Nadia	a is going on a tour.
		b) week		
2.	They are going t	o see birds and ani	imals which live	near the
	a) trees	b) desert	c) sky	d) water
3 .	They are traveling	ng along the river in	smalf	
	a) cars	b) boats	c) planes	d) trains
4.	They will bring the	neir	*****	out on all almath whi was
	a) clothes	b) umbrellas	c) hats	d) cameras
(2	Choose the c	orrect answer from	ma, b, c, or d.	
1.	A	***************************************	is the long r	nose of an elephant.
	a) button	b) sail	c) trunk	d) stall
2.				u learn from a story.
	a) moral	b) narrator	c) beginning	d) character
3.				r traditional tourism.
	a) dangerous	b) terrible	c) sustainable	le d) horrible
4.	H	" means to spen	nd time with peop	ole in a friendly way.
	a) Reply	b) Socialize	c) Fundraise	r d) Volunteer
(3	Read and con	mplete the text w	ith the words i	n the box.
		help - hurt - shopp	ing - sick - polite	
	There are a lot	of ways you can vo	lunteer to help ye	our community. Be
				ple who are old or
_				can 3)
You	can offer to do th	neir 4)	or do jol	bs for them at home.

Egypt is an amazing country. There are many historical places to visit, as well as stores, markets, and museums. People can go snorkeling in the Red Sea, go on a desert safari, climb mountains, or sail on the Nile. So, tourism is important - but eco-tourism is becoming very popular, too. Eco-tourism is a way of traveling that doesn't damage the environment. It's more sustainable than traditional tourism, and it is designed to protect nature. People stay in simple accommodation, not large hotels, and they

	ways that cause lots	of pollution.	
	correct answer.		_
	•	•	ces to visit in Egypt.
	b) historical		
	_		in the Red Sea.
	b) shopping		
			** *** * ******************************
	n b) dangerous		d) ugly
B) Answer the f	following questions.		
What is the m	nain idea of the text?	40 810114141 01 0101 1414 1911 0104	
5. Why is eco-to	ourism designed?	* * \$401 & 01 1 1 1	1 7700000 0 443330044700071071888948
5 Put the v	words in the correct	order to make co	rrect sentences.
1. want - game	- a - play - Do - you -	to - ?	************************************
2. at - doing - V	We - a wildlife - schoo	l - project - are	***************************************
_			d h h mly - 460 ye menega banyangunnyana
5. Singing - He	515 - GOIT (- DII G5 - DG	IIU = 1	A h A nty . A44 44 ntarge \$4.44.000000000000000000000000000000000
(6) Read and	d write the correct fo	rm of the word(s) between brackets
1. He	1	(watch) T	V when I called him.
			or our action figures.
		ומייטן שף סיסווסט ול	on dan doctor rigarios.
() Punctua	te the following.		
ali didn't	play with me	10 1 1000 C 200000111 1010 10000	***********************
8 Write an	email of FIFTY (50)	words about:	

Guiding elements:

- Your friend's name is Fareeda - Your name is Dalia

Your favorite hobby

Exam (7)

(1	Listen and ci	rcle the correct an	swer from a, b,	Egypsb 10,,
1.	My favorite toy v	vas my	, ^ ()	as well as Alburgh. Red. Sea, 90 glam
	_	b) doll's house		
2.	I loved going to	the	and playi	ng with my friends.
	a) zoo	b) park	c) river	d) sea 519161.
3.	We all wanted to	go so	weel answer	ion and special in the
	a) fast	b) slow	c) bad	d) worse
4.				mentalism stage salimina.
	a) green	b) yellow	c) black	d) blue
(2	•	orrect answer fror		
1.	A is a	an object made of st	tone to look like	a person or animal.
•		b) box		
2	•	•		ng. I didn't like him.
		b) setting		
3.		-		your pets.
-	2 .	b) after		
4.				project every year.
		b) frighten	_	
(3		mplete the text w		
1				
		dom - afterlife - mi		
		gyptians loved bird	_	
		•		sands of 3)
	• •	one. All these pets		
-g	yptians: everyday	life - they were als	io important in tr	1C 4) .,

Many people are starting to visit Egypt for wildlife and bird-watching. There, are lots of interesting birds to see here. Many kinds of birds migrate - they must fly to different countries at certain times of year, to find food, make nests, or have warmer weather. The birds often must fly very long distances, and lots of their journeys go over Egypt, because it is in North Africa and close to Asia and Europe. There are over 450 species of birds in Egypt, and people come from all over the world on vacations to see them. For example, Siwa Oasis is a fantastic place to see many migrating water birds. It is an important habitat and people must protect it.

A	Choose	the	correct	answer.
---	--------	-----	---------	---------

- 1. The underlined pronoun "It" refers to
 - a) Egypt b) North Africa c) Siwa Oasis d) birds
- The text is about ...
 - a) Europe b) Africa c) bird migration d) weather
- 3. There are over species of birds in Egypt. c) 450 d) 400
- a) 300 b) 350 B) Answer the following questions.
- 4. Why do birds migrate to Egypt?.....
- 5. Why must birds often fly very long distances over Egypt?.....

5) Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.

- 2_ games love I kinds playing of all
- 3. Where silver find did they the ?

6) Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between bracket

1. I think hopscotch is (at ali) good

2. If you go to bed late, you(would) not get up early

Punctuate the following.

egypt is in North africa.



Write a text of FIFTY (50) words about:

Cats in Ancient Egypt

Guiding elements:

(adored - safe - pests - grain)

Exam (8)

6	1)	Listen and ci	cle the correct an	5W	er from a, b,	C, OI	rd.
			were very				
			,b) different				
			was the				
	a)	biggest	b) smallest	c)	richest	d)	poorest
3.	Th	ne older brother	always wanted	٠	* 52 5 m		money.
			b) few				
4.	Th	ne younger brot	her wasn't	40704	********	4000	
٠,	a)	rich	b) poor	c)	happy	d)	young
		Choose the co	rrect answer from	ıa,	b, c, or d.		,
1.	We	3	ru bûş wudûdê wed tû te bû jen û bendu lidbê berek û dê t	bal +++ s d-)	**************************************	non	ey to charities.
	a)	borrow	b) donate	c)	damage	d)	kilî
2.	Ħ	*************************	" means using k	nov	vledge to mak	e g	ood decisions.
	a)	Wisdom	b) Statue	c)	Hopscotch	d)	Happiness
à.	W	nen people	the e	nvi	ronment, they	wa	nt to protect it.
			b) close				
4.	То	**************************************	une mount and a Assessment :	P4 * P * * *	is to take	par	t in something.
	a)	donate	b) participate	c)	leave	d)	break
3		Read and com	plete the text wit	th t	he words in	the	box.
		(8	tories - out - too - i	rea	ding - diving	}	
	1	My name is Re	em. I love reading.	l de	ecided to help	1)	***************************************
th	ne l	kindergarten cl	ass on a Thursday	by	2)	to	the children.
٥١ ا	/e r	reading 3)	with the your	nge	r children, and	d th	ey like it
		# + 4 P > + 4 4 4 4 4					

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinai Peninsula is famous for its sea life, warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here. You can see coral reefs and lots of brightly-colored fish, and maybe sharks. There is lots of other wildlife, too, and it is a great place for bird-watching. The National Park is protected, but people are allowed to visit. Because it is so beautiful, lots of visitors come and ride boats, or swim and snorkel in the sea.

A)	Choose the corre	ect a	nswer.					
1.	The Sinai Penins	ula is	s famous for it	Ş				fe.
	a) river	b)	ocean	C)	sky	d)	sea	
2.	You can see cora	al			and	lots	of colored fi	sh.
	a) roofs	b)	reefs	c)	rooms	d)	tops	
3.	It is a great place	e for			,		watchi	ng.
	a) bird	b)	tree	c)	flower	d)	monkey	10
B)	Answer the follo	win	g questions.					
4.	What do people o	lo in	Ras Mohamm	nec	l Park?		** *********	******
5.	What is the main	idea	of the text?			*** ***		*****
(Put the wor	ds ir	the correct o	rd	er to make co	rrec	t sentences	
1.	migrate - weath	er - f	ind - to - Birds	- 1	warmer			
	Ramy - playing			-				
3.	find - the - they -	· IIIE	ssage - now -	ul	u - ?	** ***		
	Read and w	rite	the correct for	m	of, the word(s) be	etween brac	kets
	Were you looking They finished							
1					· (point) in a p		, ,	1
	7) Punctuate	ane i	rottowing.					
	• where did y	ou (go on holiday .		14 14 1975 1474441 041 0091	.,, 4 II		******
(8) Write a text	tof	FIFTY (50) wo	rd	s about:			
			(Éco-to	our	ism ,			

Guiding elements:

(popular - sustainable - protect - accommodation)

Exam (9)

(1		Listen and cir	cle the correct ans	WE	er from a, b, c	, or	d.
1.	Ra	amses II was a	great Egyptian		**************		4 1
٠.			b) King				
2.	His	s father was the			**************************************		of Egypt.
	a)	Pharaoh	b) Engineer	c)	Pilot	d)	Sailor
3.	Yo	ung Rames he	lped his father		ewans toern	7719	the country.
•	a)	fix	b) damage	c)	paint	d)	ruie
4.	Ra	amses became	the leader of the E	gyp	otian	*** ***	
	a)	ships	b) boats	c)	armies	d)	skies
(2		Choose the co	rrect answer from	12,	b, c, or d.		
1.	Yo	u can go quite	fast on			******	/ 6/- /40//// ^6 6* 4
	a)	hopscotch	b) rollerblades	C)	cuddly toy	d)	a goat
2.	Th	e	***************************************		is the	last	part of a story.
	a)	setting	b) beginning	C)	ending	d)	narrator
3.	Wr	nen two things a	re , they might I	ool	the same or	do t	he same things
	a)	real	b) different	C)	various	d)	similar
4.	Th	e older brother	was He \	vai	nted to take h	is b	rother's money
	a)	jealous	b) kind	C,	good	d)	friendly
(3		Read and com	plete the text wi	ith	the words in	th	e box.
		fres	sh - Help - hate - v	eg	etable - suppo	ort	1
n o	l to ur d	choose someth community. The	arted a project calle ing we could do to re were lots of idea garden in	2)	oth	er p son	eople or things ne people



Many birds migrate to and from Egypt, and across it, because of its place in the world. North Africa is hotter than Europe, so in winter, many birds leave northern European countnes and fly to Egypt and other warmer places. This means that lots of interesting birds migrate to Egypt, such as eagles, falcons, and swifts. Many water birds migrate to Egypt, too. You can often see large flocks of birds such as pelicans near water, along the Red Sea and Mediterranean coasts, as well as on the Nile. These birds often eat fish or plants that live in rivers, lakes,

oa	ses, and seas.	Lake Qarun in Fayoun	n is a good plac	e to see flamingos.
A)	Choose the	correct answer.		
4.				than Europe.
		b) freezer		
2.				ts are interesting birds.
		b) cows		
3.	These birds	often eat		or plants.
	a) water	b) fish	c) lions	d) cats
B)	Answer the t	following questions.		
4.	What birds ca	an you see in Lake Qa	arun?	
5.	Why do many	birds migrate to and	from Egypt?	,
(Put the v	words in the correct	order to make	correct sentences.
1.	loved - and -	birds - The - Egyptia	ns - Ancient - a	animals
2.	The - shelve	es - books - on - the -	are	.,,,, .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
3.	snorkeling -	can - People - Red -	the - go - Sea	- in
1	Read and	d write the correct fo	rm of the wor	d(s) between brackets
/				
1.	You		must) walk in t	he desert when it's hot.
2.	My sister sto	opped	(let) me	share her doll's house.
	7 Punctua	te the following.		
	• who did	they play with	ediani.	* { *
(B Write a l	olog of FIFTY (50) wo	rds about:	

Guiding elements:

(habitats - preserve)

Protecting animals)

Exam (10)

(1	Listen and	circle the correct ar	iswer from a, b	, c, or d.
1.	The Ras Moha	mmed National		is on the Red Sea.
	a) River	b) Park	c) Lake	d) Ocean
2.	It is a		area for locals	and tourists to visit.
	a) fantastic	b) bad	c) sad	d) terrible
3.	The Sinal	····· is fa	mous for its sea	life and warm water.
•	a) River	b) Peninsula	c) Lake	d) Sea
4.				and scuba dive.
	a) sleep	b) fly	c) snorkel	d) drive
(Choose the	correct answer fro	om a, b, c, or d.	
1.	H	means to be more	successful than	someone in a game.
	a) Beat	b) Score	c) Make	d) Act
2.	I like making u	p stories for my	*** * ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	figures.
	a) stall	b) action	c) hide	d) seek
3.	A	AND ALESTON A	person tries hard	not to make mistakes.
		b) lazy		
4.				nature.
	a) respect	b) damage	c) destroy	d) kill
(Read and o	complete the text	with the word:	s in the box.
	(di	fficult - stores - after	er - shopping - ye	ounger)
		•		used to help my mom
	-			s's getting a bit older,
an	d it's sometime	s 2) for h	er to go 3)	. So I ask her

what she needs, then I go to the 4) and get it. I like to help her.

4

Read the following text then answer the questions.

Last <u>sùmmer</u>, my cousin Sami came to Cairo for the first time. He's 28 and he lives in London. He's an architect and he was visiting Cairo for his job. We went to the shopping centre and the sports centre. On Saturday, we went to Khan al-Khalili, a big market in the centre of Cairo. Hundreds of people come to the market from all over the city. We went early in the morning because it's quieter then. A lot of tourists visit in the afternoon, so it is busier.

	emoon, so it is i		_			
A)	Choose the co	rrec	t answer.			
1.	My uncle Sami	is				years old.
	a) twenty	b)	twenty-eight	c) eighty-two	d) t	thirty
2.	The underlined	WO	rd "summer" is a			** ********
	a) sport	b)	food	c) subject	d) (season
3.	In the			a lot of tourists v	isit k	Khan al-Khalili f
	a) Saturday	b)	London	c) afternoon	d) (morning
B)		_	ing questions.	,		
4.\	What's the main	ide	a of the text?			4 1 * 15 5555 1445554**
				arly in the morning		
/	Dut the wo	rde	in the correct o	rder to make cor	rect	sentences
/	/ Tar the Mo	143	in the correct o	idel to litare to:		Jenether
1.	playing - park -	we	re -in - We -the	* 1		
2.	Red - go - in - 5	Sea	- We - snorkelin	g -the		
				0 -?		
J.	AALIO - LICID - MI	2111	· lamer - did - i	O 7 :	****	
(6	Read and w	vrite	e the correct for	m of the word(s)	bet	ween brackets
1	Dalia was late.	SO:	she ran to schoo	ol verv		(quick).
າ.	I		V	(watch) a film w	hen	you called me
2				· (water) a min w	HOH	you canca me.
(Z	Punctuate	the	following.			
	what are y	our	favorite things			*************************
(8	Write a tex	t of	FIFTY (50) wor	ds about:		
-			Your favori	to games		• ′
			(Tour lavoil	te gailles)		

Guiding elements:

(video games - creative)

Exam (11)

\mathbf{C}	Lis	iten and circ	cle t	he correct ans	wer f	rom a, b, c	c, or	d.
1.	My fa	vorite artifac	t wa	ıs a small	. 4850+81444	4.14.0104410	,,	•
				monkey				
2.	My br	other liked a	a gol	ld falcon with	*********	~~*****		glass eyes.
	a) gr	een /	b)	blue	c) re	ed	d)	yellow
3.	There	e were lots o	f ca	ts made of brig	htly-c	olored	******	***************************************
	a) m	etai	b)	glass	c) Si	tone	d)	sand
4.	The A	Ancient Egyp	otian	s adored	Plant =+++++	**************	4+-	^^************************************
	a) do	onkeys	b)	horses	c) C	ows	d)	cats
(2) .ct	oose the co	rrec	ct answer fron	na, b	, c, or d .		
1.	To	means to	cove	er in oils and clo	oth to	preserve f	or a	very long time.
	a) a	dore	b)	mummify	c)	succeed	d)	keep
2.	You	can go quite	fast	on				
	a) S	tall	b)	cuddly	c)	action	d)	rollerblades
3.	Му д	randdad is a	a go	od			tells	s us fine stories.
	a) n	arrator	b)	doctor	c)	cook	d)	player
4.	Your	news is alw	ays	***************************************		lt ł	napp	ens and is true.
	a) u	nreal	b)	real	c)	wrong	d)	false
(R	ead and cor	npl	ete the text w	ith th	ne words i	in th	ie box.
		Mod	ern	- protect - cop	per -	Ancient - t	hree	
	Th	ere scarab a	amul	let is from 1)	*****	Egy	pt ar	nd it is more than
2)		thousar	nd y	ears old. It is n	nade	of 3)	. 24 2424 244	
jev	velry v	with the imag	ge o	of a scarab to 4)		then	n and bring them
	od for							



Atemu loved birds. Every day, birds came into his yard, and Atemu gave them grain. His sister's cat watched the birds, too, but it never caught them. One day, Atemu heard a strange noise in the sky. A lot of birds were flying into a field near his home. Atemu went to the field and threw grain to the birds. The birds ate the grain and then flew away. But one bird was different. It stayed on the ground.

A) Choose the correct			
1. Atemu gave the bird			
a) grain b)		c) fruit	
2. The underlined word			
	_	c) close	
His sister's cat caugh	ht	,	
a) a bird b)	two birds	c) all the birds	d) no birds
B) Answer the following	g questions.		
4. Where did the differen	nt bird stay?		
5. What animal did Atem	nu's sister have	9 ? •	
5 Put the words in	n the correct o	rder to make cor	rect sentences.
1. character - a bit - wa	s - boring - Th	ne main	
2. the park - were - in -			
3. hopscotch - really - g			•
5. Hopscolon - really - g	good - IVIY DIO	ilei - al - 15	
6 Read and write	the correct for	m of the word(s)	between brackets
1. I enjoy		(look)	at the market stall
2. He			
		(quich)	did fils nomework.
7 Punctuate the f	ollowing.		
• do you like eco-	-tourism	***	****** ********************************
8 Write a text of F	IFTY (50) wor	ds about:	
Guiding elements:	Your favo	orite toy	

(skateboard - park - fast - helmet)

Exam (12)

	Listenandtir	tte the correct ans	wer trom a, b, c	, or a.
1.	I love going on	TITOING TO SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SE	·····	
	a) holiday	b) vacation	c) schools	d) market
2.	We learned abou	it eco-tourism in	77 h + 154 14444 m m - 57	today.
	a) science	b) history	c) geography	d) English
3.	You		throw	litter on beaches.
	a) must	b) mustn't	c) can ·	d) should
4.	I love watching	5		and other animals.
	a) matches	b) beaches	c)' insects	d) birds
(Choose the co	orrect answer fron	n a, b, c, or d.	
1.	The most importa	ant thing is not to		nature.
	a) see	b) protect	c) like	d) hurt
2.	My sister is really	good at hide and	##	4401144 HALPDADADADADADAD 14424 D4444 B
	a) steak	b) soak	c) seek	d) stall
3.	Some of the Ancie	ent Egyptians' early	iron was from	
	a) meteorites	b) daggers	c) artifacts	d) tombs
4.	Did you	b	on the	e new rollerblades?
	a) throw	b) have a go	c) beat	d) make up
(Read and cor	nplete the text w	ith the words i	n the box.
	P	lant - planet - safe	- babies - protec	ot '
				al habitats. Animals
		places to live, fi		
				, so we must make
su	re that the things	we do don't hurt th	nem.	÷



Many people visit Egypt for wildlife and bird-watching. There are lots of interesting birds to see here. Many kinds of birds migrate - they must fly to different countries at certain times of year, to find food, make nests, or have warmer weather. The birds often must fly very long distances, and lots of their journeys go over Egypt, because it is in North Africa and close to Asia and Europe. There are over 450 species of birds in Egypt, and people come from all over the world on vacations to see them. For example, Siwa Oasis is a fantastic by migrating water hirds. It is an important habitat and neonle

must protect it.	y migrating water o	iius. it is air iiripoitai	it ilabitat allu pe	sopie
() Choose the c	orrect answer.			
	of the word "North			
a) East	b) West	c) Northern	d) South	4
Many birds fly	y to different count	ries for 🕟 🕟 🛶	wea	ather.
a) warmer	b) hotter	c) colder	d) rainy	
3. The word "Pr	otect means not to b) keep		the ha	bitat.
			d) hurt	
	ollowing question			
4. Why do many	people visit Egypt	?	d prid 171514 4-d-8449g-4-p-4-pg	
5. How many spe	ecies of birds are t	here in Egypt?	**************************************	
F Put the w	rords in the corre	ct order to make co	rrect sentence	25.
	_			
	- children - J - alw			
2. you - back - g	give - What - can -	community - to you	r • ? · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(4
3. I - to - sports	- center - the - we	nt - yesterday	1494 ***********************************	
C Bood and	write the correct	form of the word!	N hatronan laum	-leader
6 Read and	write the correct	totili of the motal	s) between bra	ckets
1. We wear glo	ves		(protect) our h	ands.
2. Yesterday af			(walk) his	
	te the following.		, , , , , , , , , , , ,	
V Punctua	re me torrownig.			
• the cat is	s in the box · · · ·			
8 Write a t	ext of FIFTY (50) v	vords about:	•	
O				

Gulding elements:

(fantastic - tourists - snorkel - coral reefs)

A trip to the Red Sea

Exam (13)

خاص بطلاب الأزهر الشريف

1) Read and co	mplete the	dialog w	ith v	words from	n the	box.
	are	- What - Inte	resting -	artif	acts - but		
Mom	: We are	going to the	museum	tomo	rrow.		
Sara		_				can w	e see there?
Mom	•	re a lot of 2)					
Sara	h: That's 3)	! Hov	v 4) .	4-444714 4194 4446474	we	going there?
Mom		oing by 5)					
(2)	Read and ci	rcle the odd	l one out	and	replace it	t.	
1.	glass	book	gold		silver	(. 4 4444 104 446 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104
2.	love	needed	played		liked		
3.	on	under	why		in	. (
4.	character	ending	narrator	t	shoppin	Q 1 51	responsible a
5.	boat	sun	car		bicycle	_	***************************************
4					•		
(3	Choose the	correct ans	mer trom	1 a, 0	, c, or a.		
	The early						hes the worm.
	,	b) bird			fish	d)	lion
	My sister had s				figures	d)	dolls
	a) fingers Children can		iis		_		eir community.
U. 1	a) play	b) volur	iteer	c)	swim	d)	help
	There are som						
	a) stall						
5.	Many birds	4141		in	winter to	find wa	armer weather.
	a) travel				migrate		
6.	Omar	to the second					aying marbles.
	a) really		1 7 8			•	at all the table.
	The cat is a) in				front		
	a) III 						my dad came.
	a) read						

9.	If you			-	ain, you'll relax.		
	,	b) traveled) will travel		
10.	You must a) respect				nature.		
1	,	•			-		
1		lowing passage					
My friend Ali and I were playing in the forest yesterday. It was a lovely afternoon and the sun was shining. We were near my home, and we were hoping to see some interesting animals and birds. We were walking along the path when suddenly we saw a <u>little</u> house in the distance. "Let's go and look at the house," said Ali. I was a bit scared and didn't want to go, but I followed him. A) Answer the following questions. 1. What were you doing yesterday?							
	•	valking?					
	tow ata you teet v Choose the corre	when you saw the ect answer.	nouse?.	444 41 470 0			
4.	The weather was				the afternoon.		
	a) cold	-		y d)			
	a) big	neans b) small					
(5	Reorder the following words to make correct sentences.						
1.	was - like - What	- weather - the -	?				
2.	2. favorite - game - hopscotch - My - is						
3. This - pear - delicious - looks							
4. stopped - with - I - my - playing - train set							
5. made - The picture - papyrus - is - of							
6 Write a paragraph of (5) sentences on:							
	Your visit to the museum						
Guir	ding words:	m a 4 A		**			

(Last week - family - guide - artifacts - fascinating)

Exams

خاص بطلاب الأزهر الشريف فعاص بطلاب الأزهر الشريف

You

a must

a) catches

3. If you get up early, you

(b) should

b) will catch

(1	Nead and c	omplete the	dialog wit	h words fro	m the box.	
	-	part - is- p	lay - When -	controller		
Hu	da: Hi, Mor	na. Is this you	ır new game	s console?	PHOS MARK MY	
Мо	na: Yes, it	1)	pieriori e recinica de		de mainera a .	
Hu					did you get it?)
Ма		ast week.			15	
Hu	_	this 3			for?)
				e it to 5)	the game	
1					in answer the feet	
1						
1.					ard ()	
2.			crocodile			•
3.					To a form of the contraction of	
4.	on First	in before	Next		t (
5.						4
(Choose the	correctans	wer from a	n, c, or a.	14	
- 1	The	n name of	i i	s the persor	who tells the ston	y.
	a teacher	b) narra	tor 🕏	setting	d) ending	
2					ot to make mistake:	s.
					d) careless	
3.					on my skateboard	
				-	'd) watch	
11.	Gold is a	h) color	THE STATE OF THE STATE OF			- :
25	You can volunt	per on a los	1	metai	d) story to hel	ń
0	sea	b) river	al and a second	charity	d) cinema	μ.
6						at
-	al gently	b) gentle	e	quick	picked up the ca	-4.01

c) can

c) catch

leave trash on beaches.

d) mustn't

d) caught

the bus.

				Exams -	
9.	They		footbal	l yesterday moi	rning.
	a) play	b) played	c) were playing		_
10.	I enjoyed			adventure b	ooks.
	a) read	b) reading	c) to read	d) reads	
4	Read the fo	ollowing passa	ige, then answer t	he questions.	
	My little siste	er was sick last m	onth, and she was i	n the hospital. S	She's
			er, she was sad bed		
	-	-	nice to do somethi		
			lots of big pictures		
			donated lots of toys o make the rooms		nese
		lowing question		iook moon.	- m
			month?	es of at de	
	- 4		Control (and the second		
	•	ts of toys?		Vine 2	,
	Choose the co	•	tobig of	100	. 1
		ot of	A STATE OF THE STATE OF	tele.	
		b) pictures	,	d) toys	3
5.	11	make the		look	nicer.
/	a) rooms	b) classes	The Later	d) parks	
(5	Reorder th	e following wo	ords to make correc	t sentences.	4
1.	board games -	like - really - pla	aying - I	+ (5.6)	(decisioner)
-	distance and the second	Miller of second and	0		
3.	My - lived - sea	a - by - grandpar	ents - the	e, kje	
4.	build - nests -	Singing - don't -	birds	"Fisher "	
5.	wear - hands -	gloves - to prote	ect - <u>We</u> - our	SEPHILADA EL U	7
/	A STATE OF THE STA			sia maa	
(6	Write a pai	ragraph of (5) s	sentences on:	ylloen	
		Your f	avorite toy	. 10	94
Gu	iding words:	18	Motera	- Janes	
	(dol	l's house - stor	ies - share - sister	- play)	10

Listening Texts

Unit (7)

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

The Ancient Egyptians loved birds too, especially falcons and the ibis, which represented wisdom. There are thousands of mummified ibises in Saggara alone. These pels were also important in the afterlife. It is therefore common to find mummified pets and statues of animals in the tombs.

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

One of the most beautiful artifacts from Ancient Egypt is Tutankhamun's mask, which was found in his tomb. The mask is gold, with blue lines between gold lines. Under his chin is a thin beard. There is also a snake on the top of his head.

Unit (8)

Listen and circle the correct answer.

When I was younger, my favorite toy was my skateboard. I loved going to the park and playing with my friends. They had a skateboard, too, and it was really good fun. We all wanted to go so fast! My skateboard had black, with orange and yellow stickers on it. I had to wear a helmet and pads. It really hurts if you fall off the skaleboard!

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

Last week, I visited my grandpa. I found a box of my old toys. I loved my rollerblades. I could go really fast on them. I found my sister's doll's house. We both played with it. I enjoyed playing with my skateboard, too.

Unit (9)

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

My friend Ali and I were playing in the forest yesterday. It was a lovely afternoon and the sun was shining. We were near my home, and we were hoping to see some interesting animals and birds. We were walking along the path when suddenly we saw a little house in the distance.

Listen and circle the correct answer.

Tom's grandparents lived by the sea. The beach near their house was quiet and beautiful, and he loved to go there with them. They swam, surfed and played games on the sand.

One day, they were swimming in the sea when Torn saw a glass bottle in the water.'

Unit (10)

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinar Peninsula is lamous for its sea life, warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here. You can see coral reefs and lots of brightly-colored fish and maybe sharks.

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

Next week Fares is going on a tour to see some beautiful birds. He will visit quiet beaches on a small bus, to see how many different kinds of birds. The sea in this area is a very popular place for birds to find food, so it will be a busy day.

Unit (11)

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

Ramses II was a great Egyptian King. When he was about 9 years old, his father Sethi became the Pharaoh of Egypt. Then, when he was around 14, Ramses' older brother died. This meant Ramses would now be the next Pharaoh.

1) Listen and circle the correct answer.

I volunteer at a day center for old people. Some old people can't open glass bottles and jars. Their hands aren't strong enough. So they use a multi-grap to take off the tops. This is how you use it. Hold the jar with one hand and put this on the top. Hold this part with your other hand, and then turn it around. It's really easy to use. I love showing this to the

people at the day center.

Exam (1)

-) Listen and circle the correct answer.

. When Amina was little, she really liked games that used a lot of imagination. She was very good at making up stories. She had a doll's house, some cuddly toys, and some action figures.

Exam (2)

Listen and circle the correct answer.

Proverbs have more than one meaning. The early bird catches the worm. This proverb tells us that a bird that is early, or the first to try to catch a worm, usually catches it. So, it also means that to be successful, you need to be the first to do something.

Exam (3)

The Ancient Egyptians loved animals and kept many as pets. They particularly adored cats, and there was a cat in almost every house. The Ancient Egyptians believed that cats looked after them and kept them safe. They were also good pets because they cleaned themselves and kept the houses free of pests like rats and snakes.

Exam (4)

My name is Hugo and I live in Biarritz, France. I live on the coast and I love sailing my boat. Last week, I was sailing when I saw something in the water – your message in a bottle! This means it traveled over 6,000 kilometers.

Exam (5)

4 Auton and signly and correct entwer

Tom's grandparents lived by the sea. The beach near their house was quiet and beautiful, and he loved to go there with them. They swam, surfed, and played games on the sand.

Extam (6)

I hefen and a sole the correct answer

Hi, I'm Nadia. Next month, we're going on a tour to see the birds and animals which live near the water. We'll travel along the river in small boats, and camp in tents at night. We'll bring our cameras, because we'll see some amazing things.

Exam (7)

Listen and cathe the correct answer

When I was younger, my favorite toy was my skateboard. I loved going to the park and playing with my friends. They had skateboards, too, and it was really good fun. We all wanted to go so fast! My skateboard was black.

Exam(8)

-) Listen and circle the correct answer

Once, there were two brothers who were very different. The older brother was the richest man in the village. He was rich, but he always wanted more money. The younger brother wasn't rich, but he was kind and shared what he had with his friends.

Exam (9)

... In the correct hasber

Ramses II was a great Egyptian King. When he was very young, his father Sethi became the Pharaoh of Egypt. Later on, when he was around 10, young Ramses helped his father rule the country. By the time he was 20 years old, Ramses was a great soldier. In 1290 BCE, he became Pharaoh and leader of the Egyptian armies.

Exam (10)

- Light and cable are correct at silver

The Ras Mohammed National Park on the Red Sea is a fantastic area for locals and tourists to visit. This beautiful area on the Sinai Peninsula is famous for its sea life, warm water, and amazing weather. People come from all over the world to snorkel and scuba dive here.

Exam (11)

realten also provide de correct arisaver.

My favorite artifact was a small snake made of metal. My brother liked a gold falcon with blue glass eyes. There were lots of cats made of brightly colored stone, too. The Ancient Egyptians adored cats. They believed that cats kept them safe.

Exam (12)

Liston and circle the correct answer.

I love going on vacation, but I think eco-tourism is a more sustainable way to travel. We learned about it in geography today and our teacher explained it really well. For example, you mustn't throw litter on beaches because this can make animals sick. I love watching birds and other animals